# Performance, Portability, and Productivity for Data-Parallel Computations on Multi- and Many-Core Architectures



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### Generation

Let T and T' be two arbitrary types. A function  $h: T[N_1] \dots [N_d] \to T'$  on d-dimensional arrays is called a Multi-Dimensional Homomorphism (MDH) iff there exist combine  $operators <math>\circledast_1, \dots, \circledast_d: T' \times T' \to T'$ , such that for each  $k \in [1, d]$  and arbitrary, concatenated input MDA  $a \leftrightarrow_k b$ :

$$h(a + +_k b) = h(a) \circledast_k h(b)$$

MDHs can be represented uniformly via our md\_hom parallel pattern:

$$\mathtt{md\_hom}(\ f\ ,\ (\circledast_1,\ldots,\circledast_d)\ )(\ a[N_1]\ldots[N_d]\ ) \ = \ \underset{i_1\in[1,N_1]}{\circledast_1}\ldots \ \underset{i_d\in[1,N_d]}{\circledast_d}\ f(\ a[\ i_1\ ]\ldots[\ i_d\ ]\ )$$

Important computations are MDHs:

#### Linear Algebra (BLAS)

#### **Data Mining**

PRL = md\_hom( weight, (++, max) ) o view(...)

#### **Machine Learning**

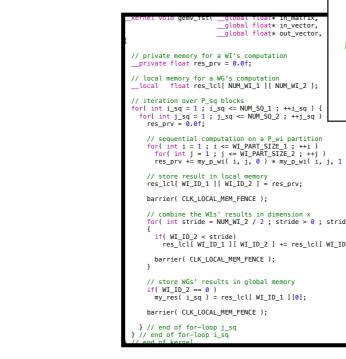
 $TC = md_hom(*, (++,...,++ , +,...,+)) o view(...)$ 

#### **Stencil Computations**

Gaussian\_2D =  $md_hom(G_func, (++,++))$  ) o view(...) Jacobi\_3D =  $md_hom(J_func, (++,++, ++))$  o view(...)

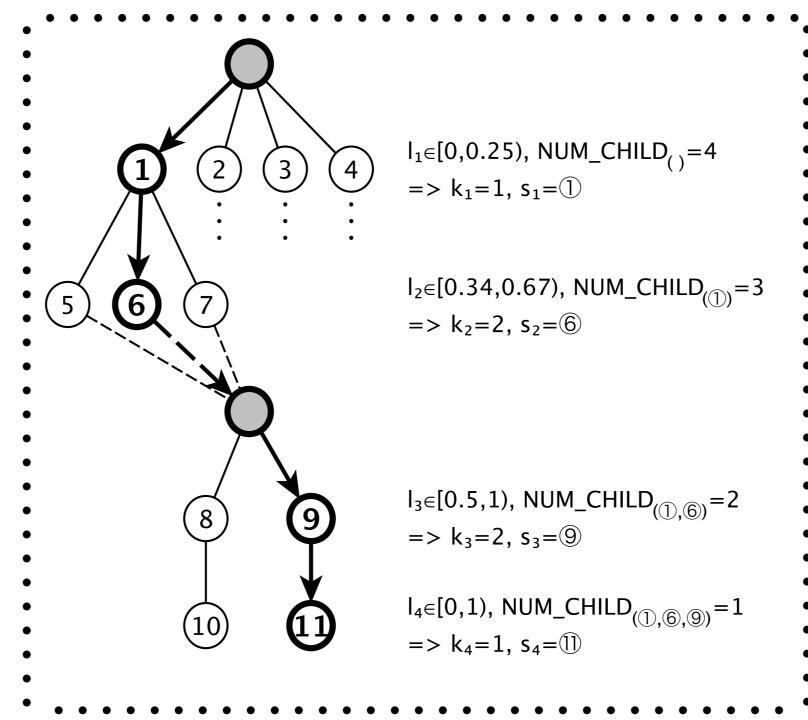
# Generating OpenCL Code

 $\mathtt{md}\mathtt{hom}(f,(\circledast_1,\ldots,\circledast_k))$  (auto-tunable)



## Optimization

Our Auto-Tuning Framework (ATF) is a general-purpose approach that supports auto-tuning of programs written in arbitrary programming languages and that may have interdependent tuning parameters.



We provide a novel

<u>chain-of-trees</u> search space structure
for interdependent tuning parameters.



We extend the traditional definition of *tuning* parameters by a parameter's constraint.

ATF efficiently generates, stores, and explores the spaces of interdependent tuning parameters

2.75x faster than TVIVI

1.37x faster than newest Intel MKL/NVIDIA cuBLAS

Our MDH approach shows often significantly better performance as compared to the currently best-performing performance-portable and hand-optimized approaches.

39x faster than EKR

2x faster than COGENT & Tensor Comprehensions