

دانشگاه صنعتی امیرگبیر (بلی تکنیک نبران)

آزمایشگاه سیستم های عامل

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آزمایش ۱۰

در این بخش الگوریتم بانکدار را با 5 منبع و 5 مشتری اجرا میکنیم.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#define NUMBER OF RESOURCES 5
#define NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS 5
// Shared data structures
                                                    // Available resources
int available[NUMBER OF RESOURCES];
int maximum[NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS][NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES]; // Maximum demand of
each customer
int allocation[NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS][NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES]; // Allocated resources
pthread_mutex_t lock; // Mutex for synchronization
// Function prototypes
int request resources(int customer num, int request[]);
int release_resources(int customer_num, int request[]);
bool is safe();
void *customer thread(void *arg) {
   int customer num = *((int *)arg);
   int request[NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES];
   while (1) {
       // Generate a random resource request
       pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
       for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++) {</pre>
           request[i] = rand() % (need[customer_num][i] + 1); // Request within
       pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
       // Attempt to request resources
       if (request resources(customer num, request) == 0) {
           printf("Customer %d's request granted\n", customer_num);
           // Simulate resource usage
           sleep(1);
           // Release resources
```

```
release_resources(customer_num, request);
            printf("Customer %d released resources\n", customer_num);
        } else {
            printf("Customer %d's request denied\n", customer_num);
        sleep(1);
    return NULL;
int request_resources(int customer_num, int request[]) {
    pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
    // Check if request exceeds need or available resources
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER OF RESOURCES; i++) {</pre>
        if (request[i] > need[customer_num][i] || request[i] > available[i]) {
            pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
            return -1; // Request denied
    // Tentatively allocate resources
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++) {</pre>
        available[i] -= request[i];
        allocation[customer_num][i] += request[i];
        need[customer_num][i] -= request[i];
    // Check system safety
    if (!is_safe()) {
        // Rollback allocation
        for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER OF RESOURCES; i++) {</pre>
            available[i] += request[i];
            allocation[customer_num][i] -= request[i];
            need[customer_num][i] += request[i];
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
        return -1; // Request denied
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
    return 0; // Request granted
int release_resources(int customer_num, int request[]) {
    pthread mutex lock(&lock);
```

```
// Release resources
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++) {</pre>
        available[i] += request[i];
        allocation[customer_num][i] -= request[i];
        need[customer_num][i] += request[i];
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
    return 0;
bool is_safe() {
    int work[NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES];
    bool finish[NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS] = {false};
    // Initialize work array
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++) {</pre>
        work[i] = available[i];
    // Check safety
    while (true) {
        bool progress = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++) {</pre>
            if (!finish[i]) {
                bool can_allocate = true;
                 for (int j = 0; j < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; j++) {</pre>
                     if (need[i][j] > work[j]) {
                         can_allocate = false;
                         break;
                if (can allocate) {
                     for (int j = 0; j < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; j++) {</pre>
                         work[j] += allocation[i][j];
                     finish[i] = true;
                     progress = true;
                 }
        if (!progress) break;
    // If all customers are finished, the system is safe
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++) {</pre>
        if (!finish[i]) return false;
    return true;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    if (argc != NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES + 1) {
        printf("Usage: %s <resource1> <resource2> ... <resource%d>\n", argv[0],
NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES);
        return EXIT FAILURE;
    // Initialize available resources
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; i++) {</pre>
        available[i] = strtol(argv[i + 1], NULL, 10);
    // Randomly initialize maximum and need arrays
    srand(time(NULL));
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < NUMBER_OF_RESOURCES; j++) {</pre>
            maximum[i][j] = rand() % (available[j] + 1);
            allocation[i][j] = 0;
            need[i][j] = maximum[i][j];
    pthread_mutex_init(&lock, NULL);
    // Create customer threads
    pthread t threads[NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS];
    int customer_ids[NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS];
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++) {</pre>
        customer ids[i] = i;
        pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, customer_thread, &customer_ids[i]);
    // Join threads
    for (int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_CUSTOMERS; i++) {</pre>
        pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
    pthread_mutex_destroy(&lock);
    return 0;
```

این برنامه، الگوریتم بانکداران را برای مدیریت تخصیص منابع در یک سیستم چندنخی پیادهسازی می کند. مشتریان به صورت نخی منابع را درخواست و آزاد می کنند، و قفلهای انحصار متقابل از شرایط مسابقه جلوگیری می کنند. درخواست منابع فقط در صورت باقی ماندن سیستم در حالت ایمن پذیرفته می شود، و در غیر این صورت رد می گردد. الگوریتم ایمنی وضعیت سیستم را بررسی کرده و از وقوع بن بست جلوگیری می کند. مقادیر اولیه منابع از خط فرمان دریافت شده و تخصیص به صورت پویا شبیه سازی می شود.

خروجي: با مقادير 6 8 7 5 10

```
Customer 3's request granted
Customer 1's request granted
Customer 0's request granted
Customer 4's request denied
Customer 1 released resources
Customer 0 released resources
Customer 3's request granted
Customer 2's request denied
Customer 4's request denied
Customer 1's request denied
Customer 0's request denied
Customer 0's request denied
Customer 2's request granted
Customer 4's request denied
Customer 1's request granted
Customer 4's request denied
```