Problem Set 1 Response

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Question 1 (50 points): Education

Find 90% confidence interval for the average student IQ in the school.

94.13283 102.7472 mean(y)[1] 98.44

The hypothesis test with $\alpha = 0.05$.

```
t.test(y,
country_schools_IQ = country_schools_IQ,
mu = 0,
var.equal = FALSE,
alternative = "two.sided",
conf.level = 0.05)
```

One Sample t-test

data: y

t = 37.593, df = 24, p-value < 2.2e-16

alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to ${\tt O}$

5 percent confidence interval: 98.27407 98.60593

sample estimates:mean of x

98.44

1 Question 2 (50 points): Political Economy

The correlation plot between Y, X1, X2 and X3

You can also save figures in R, and place them in your answers that you're writing in your .tex file. First, you need to make sure your path/file name is correct, then you'll save your work when your in R (see code below).

```
pairs (~Y + X1 + X2 + X3, data = expenditure, rowlattop = FALSE, bg = "blue", main = "Correlation between Y, X1, X2 & X3")
```

With our figure saved, we just need to render it in our .tex file, which we can do using the figure environment:

Figure 1: Correlation between Y, X1, X2 and X3.

1000 1500 2000 2500 Y X1 X2 X3

Correlation between Y,X1,X2 & X3

It seems the correlation appears to be much similar when compering the different variables.

100 200 300 400 500

The correlation plot between Y and Region

100 120

On average west region have the highest per capita expenditure on housing assistance.

The correlation plot between Y, X1 and Region

```
ggplot(data = expenditure, aes(x=X1, y=Y)) +
geom_point(aes(color=Region,
shape=as.factor(Region)))
```

Figure 2: correlation plot between Y and Region.

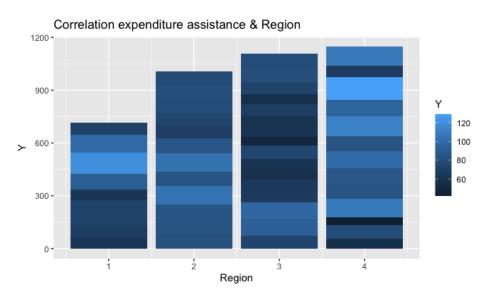


Figure 3: correlation plot between Y and Region.

