## Lab 1 - Creating a Histogram and Explaining its Features

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In this lab, you are going to plot the temperature distribution for Vancouver and Miami.

## Libraries

Load the necessary libraries.

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr
             1.1.3
                                   2.1.4
                       v readr
## v forcats 1.0.0
                       v stringr
                                   1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.4.3
                       v tibble
                                   3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                       v tidyr
                                   1.3.0
              1.0.2
## v purrr
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(gridExtra)
##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      combine
Data
Load the data.
df_t <- read_csv("../data/historical-hourly-weather-data/temperature.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 45253 Columns: 37
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (36): Vancouver, Portland, San Francisco, Seattle, Los Angeles, San Die...
## dttm (1): datetime
```

## i Specify the column types or set `show\_col\_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

## Plot

Fill the cell with the code to make the plots.