

# Data Visualization with R

## Ggplot2 tutorial (part 2)

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Theme is used to change the non-data elements of the plot:

Theme	Type	Arguments
axis.title.x	element_text	size, color, family, angle
axis.title.y	element_text	size, color, family, angle
plot.background	element_rect	fill, color, linewidth
panel.background	element_rect	fill, fill, color, line width
panel.grid.major	element_line	color, linetype, linewidth

Type `?theme` to show all possible types of themes, their types and their arguments.

You can add themes to the plot to customize the non-data elements:

```
p1 <- ggplot(dfn, aes(Genre, WorldGross))
p2 <- p1+ geom_bar(aes(fill=LeadStudio),
                  stat="Identity",
                  position="dodge")
p3 <- p2 + theme(axis.title.x=element_text(size=15),
                axis.title.y=element_text(size=15),
                plot.background=element_rect(fill="gray87"),
                panel.background=element_rect(fill="beige"),
                panel.grid.major=element_line(color="Gray",
                                              linetype=1))
```

You can use predefined themes:

```
p2 + theme_bw() + ggtitle("theme_bw()")  
p2 + theme_classic() + ggtitle("theme_classic()")  
p2 + theme_classic() + ggtitle("theme_gray()")  
p2 + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("theme_minimal()")
```

You can also use define your own theme:

```
mytheme <- theme(legend.title=element_blank(),  
  legend.position="bottom",  
  text=element_text(color="Blue"),  
  axis.text=element_text(size=12,  
    color="Red"),  
  axis.title=element_text(size=rel(1.5)))
```

and use it for a single plot:

```
p2 + mytheme + ggtitle("Changed Plot with my theme")
```

or for all the plots by placing it at the beginning of your code:

```
theme_set(my_theme)
```

You can change the color palette.

Type `?scale_fill_brewer` to see all the color palettes available.

```
p4 <- p2 + theme_bw() + ggtitle("theme_bw()")  
p4 + scale_fill_brewer(palette="Spectral")
```