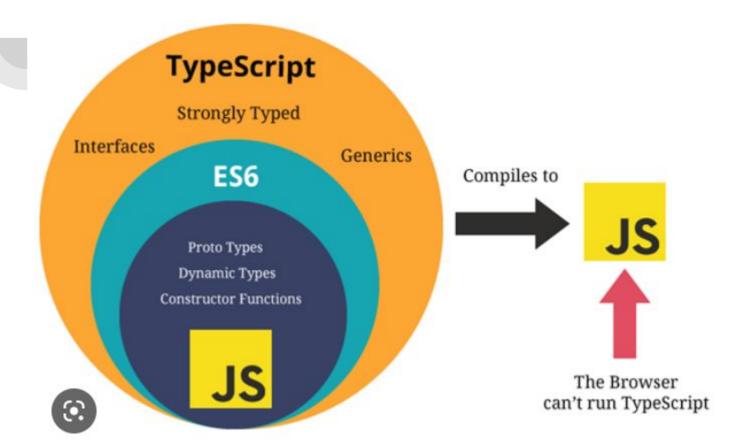
# **Typescript**





# What is TypeScript?

- 1. TypeScript is JavaScript with syntax for types.
- 2. It is a tool to infer the variable's type.
- 3. TS is superset of JS.
- 4. TypeScript adds additional syntax to JavaScript
- 5. TypeScript code converts to JavaScript, which runs anywhere JavaScript runs: In a browser, on Node.js
- 6. Type is data type like numbers, string, null, undefined

# What is TypeScript?

- 6. TS files have .ts extension in the end of filename
- 7. TS compiler first convert ts to js file then run the code.
- 8. This extra step is draw back of TS but its still faster than any other tool.

# **Prerequisites**

- 1. Download node js
- 2. Install TS
- 3. Install VScode
- 4. Check if node js and ts installed
- 5. Tsc -v and node -v

#### **Install TS**

- 1. Npm i -g typescript
- 2. In folder tsc –init
- 3. You have to install **TS** globally to use **tsc** command otherwise you can not.
- 4. Run tsc to compile ts file to js files
- 5. Then node filename to run the code in that file

# **Built In Types**

- 1. String
- 2. Number
- 3. boolean
- 4. Null
- 5. Undefined
- 6. bigInt
- 7. Symbol

# Types used for typecasting

- 1. Any
- 2. Unknown
- 3. Never
- 4. Enum
- 5. Tuple

### Terms in TS

- 1. Annotate let a: string = "Faiza"
- 2. Implicit let a= "Faiza"
- 3. Explicit let a: string = "Faiza"
- 4. Inferred let a = "Faiza"

# **Explicit types**

**Let num : number = 1000**;

Let name: string='faiza';

Let val: boolean=true;

Let response: string | number;

# Implicit types

Let name = "faiza"

TS inferred from the value that it is string type because value is initialized with string

Let num = 10;

TS inferred from the value that it is number type because value is initialized with number

Let bool = true;

TS inferred from the value that it is boolean type because value is initialized with boolean

# **Union types**

Some time a variable can contain two kinds of type depending on certain conditions.

In that case we can give union type to a variable

Let response: string | number;

# Type alias

```
Type aliases give a type a new name
type type_alias = number | string | boolean;
// Variable is declared of the new type created
let variable: type_alias;
variable = 1;
variable = "im a string value";
variable = true;
```