# Team notebook

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### 1 Estructuras

## 1.1 Segment Tree

```
struct node {
   int mn, 1, r;
   node *left, *right;
   node(int 1, int r, int* A) : l(l), r(r) {
      if(1 == r)
        mn = A[1];
      else {
        int mi = (1 + r)/2;
        left = new node(1, mi, A);
        right = new node(r + 1, mi, A);
        mn = min(left->mn, right->mn);
      }
   }
   void upd(int p, int v) {
      if(r
```

```
return;
if(1 == r) {
    mn = v;
    return;
}
left->upd(p, v), right->upd(p, v);
    mn = min(left->mn, right->mn);
}
int qry(int rl, int rr) {
    if(rr < 1 || r < rl)
        return NE;
    if(rl <= 1 && r <= rr)
        return mn;
    return min(left->qry(rl, rr),
        right->qry(rl, rr));
}
};
```

# 1.2 Wavelet Tree

```
struct wnode {
    wnode *left, *right;
    int lo, hi;
    vector<int> c;

wnode(int lo, int hi, int* st, int* en) :
        lo(lo), hi(hi) {
        if(hi == lo || st == en)
            return;
        int mi = (lo + hi)/2;
```

```
auto f = [mi](int x) { return x <= mi;</pre>
           }:
       c.push_back(0);
       for(auto it = st; it != en; ++it)
           c.push_back(c.back() + f(*it));
       auto it = stable_partition(st, en, f);
       left = new wnode(lo, mi, st, it);
       right = new wnode(mi + 1, hi, it, en);
   }
   int kth(int L, int R, int k) {
       if(lo == hi)
           return lo:
       int der = c[R], izq = c[L - 1], tol =
           der - izq;
       if(tol >= k)
           return left->kth(izq + 1, der, k);
       return right->kth(L - izq, R - der, k
           - tol);
   }
};
```

# 2 Flujo

#### 2.1 Dinic

```
const int MAXN = 5000;
const int INF = 1e9;
int dist[MAXN], ptr[MAXN], src, dst;
```

```
struct Edge {
    int to, rev, f, cap;
       Edge(int to, int rev, int f, int cap)
            : to(to), rev(rev), f(f), cap(cap);
};
vector<Edge> G[MAXN];
void addEdge(int u, int v, int cap) {
    G[u].push_back(Edge(v, G[v].size(), 0,
        cap));
    G[v].push_back(Edge(u, G[u].size() - 1, 0,
        0));
}
bool bfs() {
    queue<int> q({src});
   memset(dist, -1, sizeof dist);
    dist[src] = 0;
    while(!q.empty() && dist[dst] == -1) {
       int u = q.front();
       q.pop();
       for(auto e : G[u]) {
           int v = e.to;
           if(dist[v] == -1 && e.f < e.cap) {</pre>
              dist[v] = dist[u] + 1;
              q.push(v);
           }
       }
```

```
return dist[dst] != -1;
}
int dfs(int u, int f)
    if(u == dst || !f)
       return f;
   for(int &i = ptr[u]; i < G[u].size(); i++)</pre>
       Edge &e = G[u][i];
       int v = e.to;
       if(dist[v] != dist[u] + 1)
           continue;
       if(int df = dfs(v, min(f, e.cap -
            e.f))) {
           e.f += df;
           G[v][e.rev].f -= df;
           return df;
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
long long dinic() {
   long long mf = 0;
   while(bfs()) {
       memset(ptr, 0, sizeof ptr);
       while(long long pushed = dfs(src, INF))
           mf += pushed;
   }
   return mf;
```

## 3 Mate

#### 3.1 CRT

```
template<typename T> void euclid(T a, T b, T
    &x, T &y) {
   if(!b) {x = 1, y = 0; return;}
   euclid(b, a % b, x, y);
   T x1 = y, y1 = x - (a/b)*y;
   x = x1, y = y1;
template<typename T> T crt(T x1, T m1, T x2,
    T m2) {
   T d = \_gcd(m1, m2), r, s;
   if(x1 \% d != x2 \% d)
       return -1;
   m1 /= d, m2 /= d;
   T \mod = d*m1*m2, a1 = ((m1*r)\mod*x2)\mod,
        a2 = ((m2*s)\%mod*x1)\%mod;
   T v = (a1 + a2) \% mod;
   if(y < 0)
       y += mod;
   return y;
}
```