

Ejercicio 5.

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Calcular $E[Z_N]$ y $V[Z_N]$

Si definimos $X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N = \text{numero de dardos que cayeron dentro}$

Tomamos una variable llamada Z_N

$$Z_N = 4 \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N}{N}$$

Ahora bien, la esperanza de Z_N es

$$E[Z_N] = 4 \frac{E[X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N]}{N}$$

$$E[Z_N] = 4 \frac{E[X_1] + E[X_2] + \dots + E[X_N]}{N}$$

$$E[Z_N] = 4 \frac{Np}{N} = 4p = 4 * \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$E[Z_N] = \pi$$

Para la varianza tenemos

$$V[Z_N] = \left(\frac{4}{N}\right)^2 V[X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N]$$

$$V[Z_N] = \left(\frac{4}{N}\right)^2 [V[X_1] + V[X_2] + \dots + V[X_N]]$$

$$V[Z_N] = \frac{16}{N^2} Np(1-p) = \frac{16}{N} p(1-p)$$

$$V[Z_N] = \frac{16}{N} p(1-p)$$

¿Qué valor debe tomar N para que el error sea de 0.01? Usando la desigualdad de Tchebyshev

$$P(|z_{N-\pi}| \leq \varepsilon) < \frac{16p(1-p)}{N\varepsilon^2}$$

$$P(|z_{N-\pi}| \leq 0.01) < \frac{16p(1-p)}{N(0.01)^2}$$

$$< \frac{16p(1/4)}{N(0.01)^2}$$

$$\frac{16p(1/4)}{N10^{-4}} < 0.001$$

Despejamos N

$$N > \frac{16\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{10^{-4}(0.001)}$$

$$N > \frac{4}{10^{-4} * 10^{-3}}$$

$$N > 4 * 10^7$$

$$N > 40,000,000$$