Mining Time Series: Computing Similarity

Mining Massive Datasets

Prof. Carlos Castillo

Topic 28



Sources

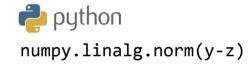
- Data Mining, The Textbook (2015) by Charu Aggarwal (chapter 14)
- Introduction to Time Series Mining (2006) tutorial by Keogh Eamonn [alt. link]
- Time Series Data Mining (2006) slides by Hung Son Nguyen

Using Euclidean distance on time series

Euclidean distance for time series

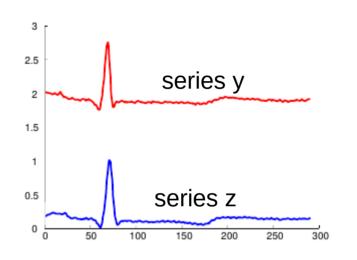
Euclidean distance between series y and z

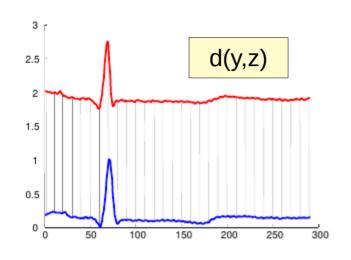
$$d(y,z) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - z_i)^2}$$



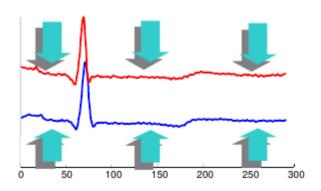
- Sensitive to **noise** (see previous slides on how to fix this)
- Sensitive to different offsets, amplitudes, and trends

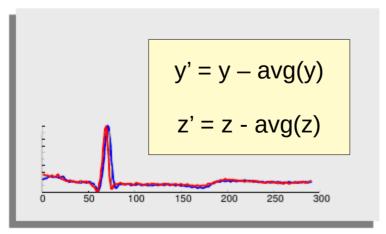
Offset translation: subtract the mean





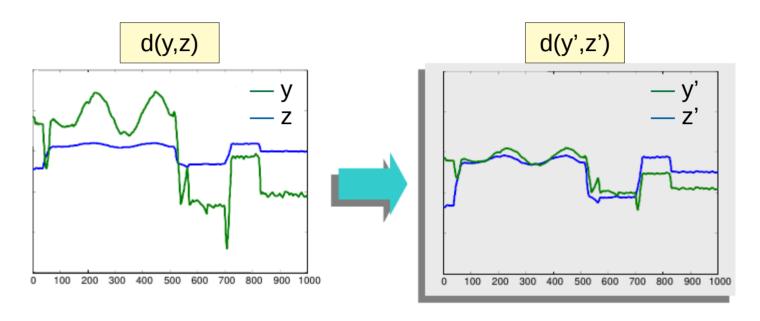
Series look different





 Series look similar

Amplitude scaling: normalize



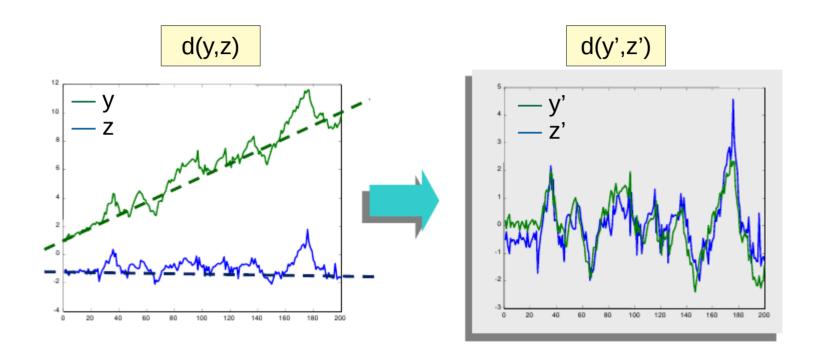
Standardization

$$y_i' = \frac{y_i - \operatorname{avg}(y)}{\operatorname{std}(y)}$$

Range-based normalization

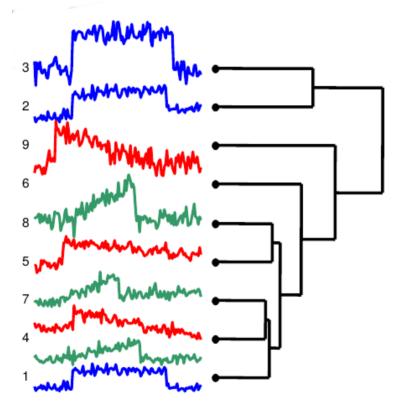
$$y_i' = \frac{y_i - \min(y)}{\max(y) - \min(y)}$$

Trend removal: remove linear trend

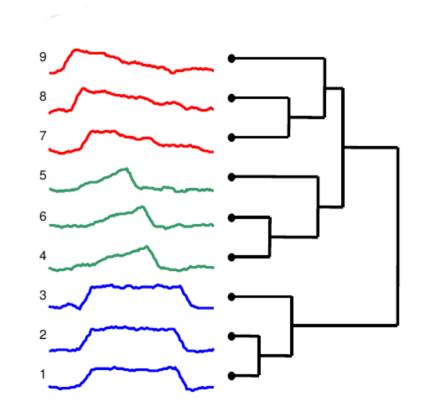


- 1. Find best straight line fitting data
- 2. Subtract that line from the data

Example: clustering of time series after using smoothing, offset translation, amplitude scaling, and trend removal



Clustering using euclidean distance on original series

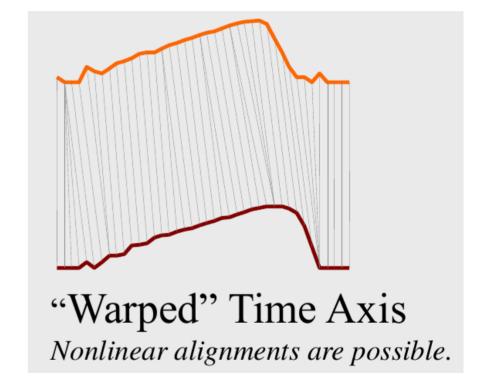


Clustering using euclidean distance on processed series

Dynamic time warping

Dynamic time warping





Dynamic time warping example

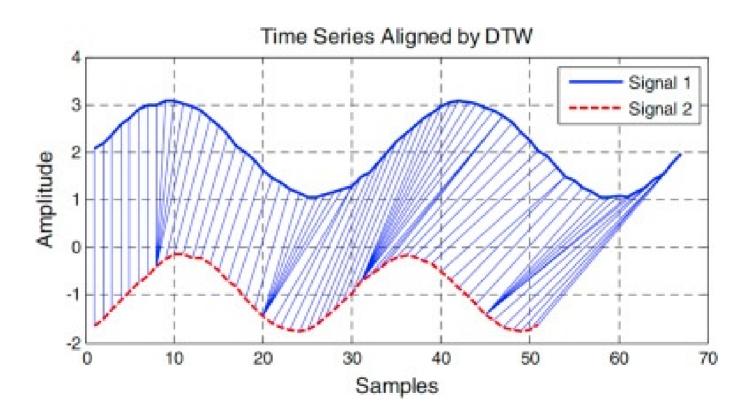
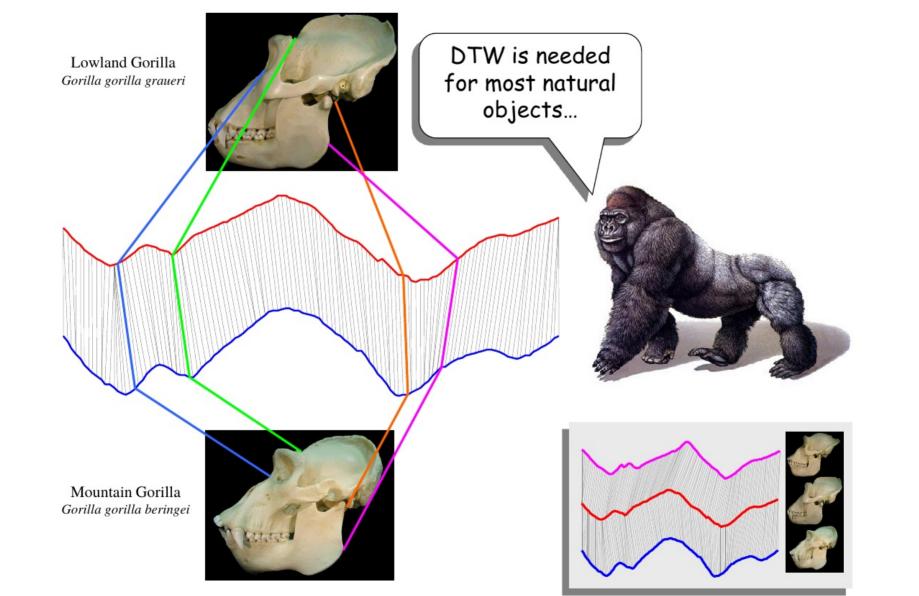
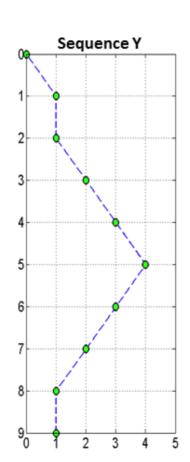


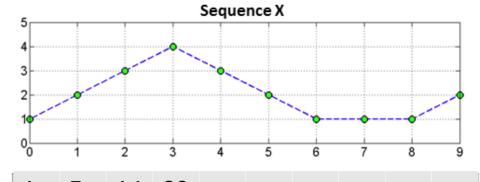
Image credits: Lu et al. 2016

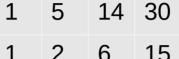


Computing DTW(X,Y)

- 1)Create a matrix M of size |X|×|Y|
- 2)Fill-in the matrix using dynamic programming







. 2 6 15

```
M(i,j) = d(y_i, x_j) + \min\{M(i-1, j-1), M(i-1, j), M(i, j-1)\}
```

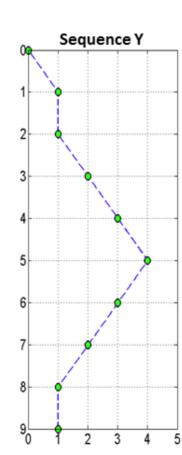
[Source]

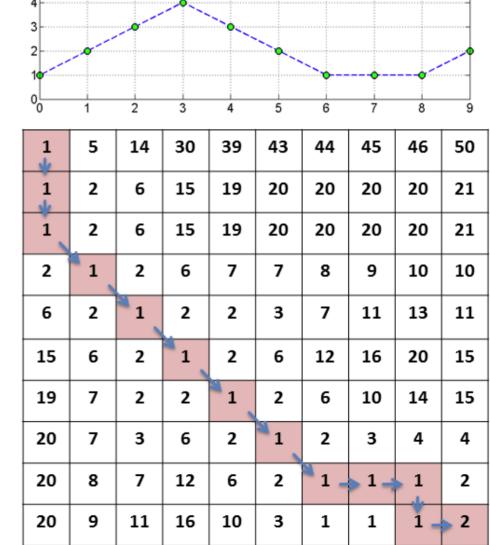
Computing DTW(X,Y) (cont.)

- 1)Create a matrix M of size |X|×|Y|
- 2)Fill-in the matrix using dynamic programming
- 3)Find lighter path

[Source]

4)Cell (a,b) in path ⇒ points a,b should be aligned





Sequence X

Exercise

Answer in Google Spreadsheet

- Compute the DTW for these two series:
 - Create the matrix using the formula
 - (Remember first row and first column will be different)
 - Mark with color the minimum path

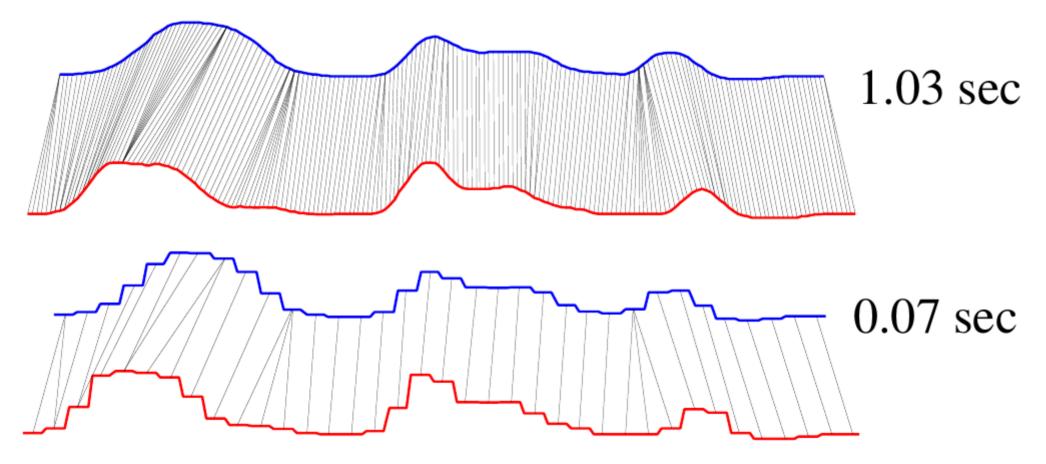
t	1	2	3	4	5	6
Y _t	2	5	2	5	3	
X_{t}	0	3	6	0	6	1

$$M(i,j) = d(y_i, x_j) + \min\{M(i-1, j-1), M(i-1, j), M(i, j-1)\}$$

Faster DTW through size reduction

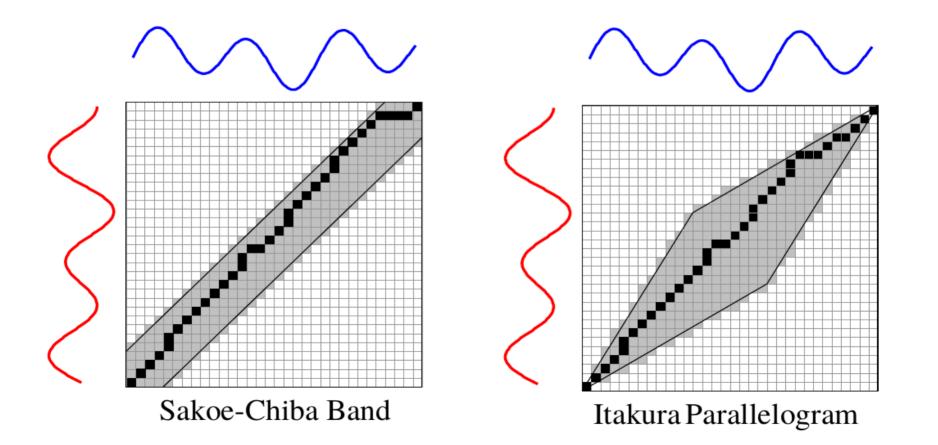
- How to avoid having a large matrix?
- Use less points
 - Sub-sample from original series
 - Bin the original series
- If sampling was done, after doing DTW:
 - Interpolate warpings for intermediate points

Example: faster DTW through sub-sampling



How to avoid pathological warpings?

Assume original series cannot be so far apart from each other, using domain knowledge



Summary

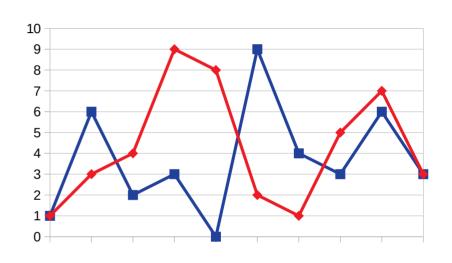
Things to remember

Dynamic time warping

Solved exercise on DTW

• Blue series:

• Red series:



 First try to do it on your own, then you can watch the solution:

https://youtu.be/_K1OsqCicBY?t=125

Exercises for TT27-TT29

- Data Mining, The Textbook (2015) by Charu Aggarwal
 - Exercises 14.10 → 1-6