



MONASH
University

ETC3450 – Time Series Econometrics

Assignment 2

Ari Gestetner

Nathan Giofkou

Mitchell Evans

MONASH
BUSINESS
SCHOOL

**Department of
Econometrics &
Business Statistics**

20 October 2025

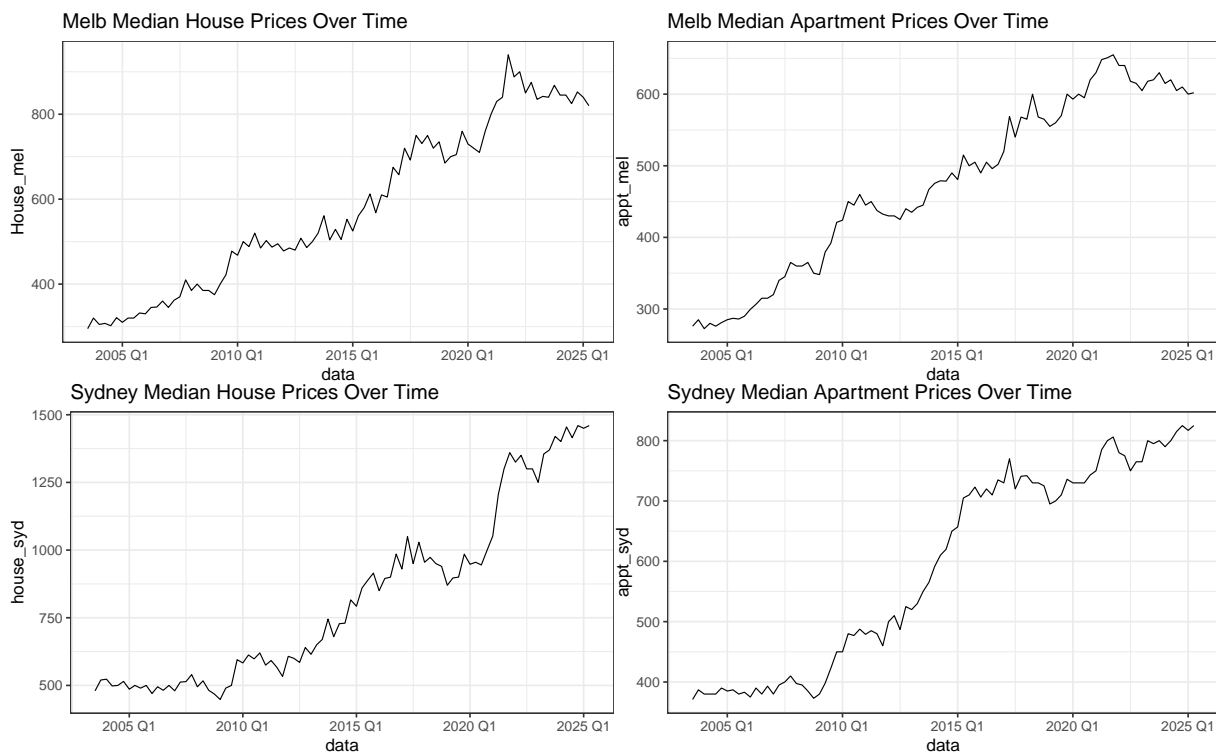
Assignment 2

Table of contents

| | |
|---|----------|
| 1 Housing Data: Time Series Properties | 2 |
| 1.1 Stationarity: | 2 |
| 1.2 Formal Hypothesis tests | 2 |
| Melbourne Housing Prices | 2 |
| 2 TODO: | 3 |
| Melbourne Apartment Prices | 3 |
| 3 TODO: | 4 |

1 Housing Data: Time Series Properties**1.1 Stationarity:**

Determine whether series are stationary (use visualisation and hypothesis tests)

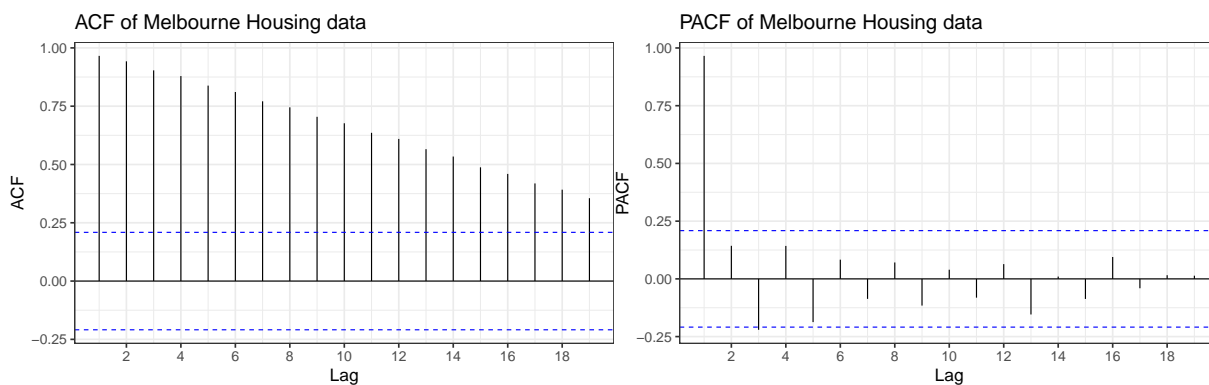


Visually, all series look non-stationary as their means are clearly time dependent and all series exhibit an upwards trend. Doesn't seem to be any seasonality.

1.2 Formal Hypothesis tests**Melbourne Housing Prices**

For the ADF test: The τ statistic was given as -0.6 , which is greater than the critical value of -2.89 at the 5% significance level. Thus, we fail to reject H_0 and conclude that the series may have a unit root and differencing is necessary.

Assignment 2



- (a) The ACF has very slow decay, indicating non stationarity. (a) Significant spike at lag 1 in PACF indicates we use 1 lag for an ADF test.

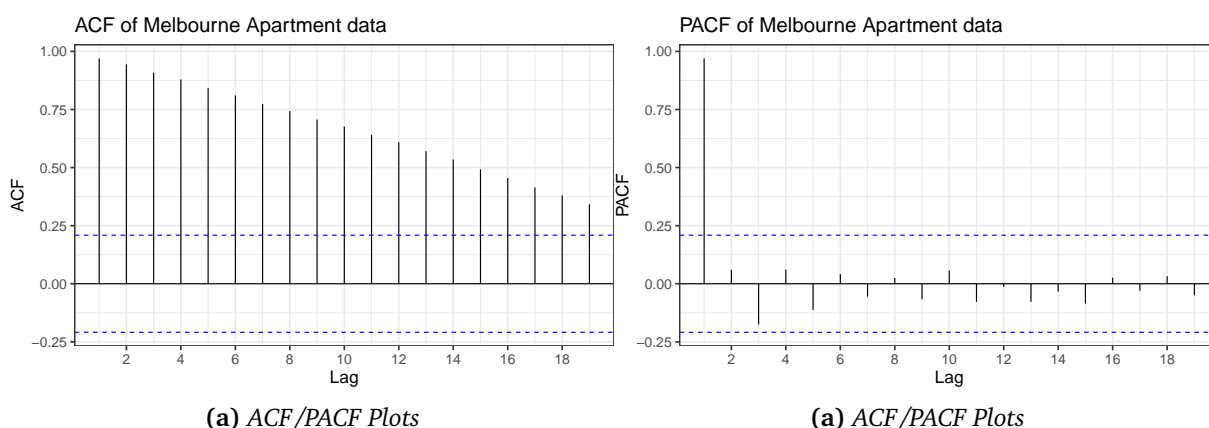
For the KPSS test: the p -value was given as 0.01, so we reject the null in favour of the series being non stationary, which supports the conclusion from the ADF test.

From the PACF, the strong spike at lag 1 suggests the presence of persistence in the series, which is consistent with non-stationary behaviour. Combined with formal unit root tests, this indicates that the series likely becomes stationary after first order differencing. Therefore, the Melbourne housing series is likely $I(1)$.

2 TODO:

Does the housing difference likely need only a first order differencing? How do we know it doesn't need 2?

Melbourne Apartment Prices



For the ADF test: The τ statistic was given as -1.35 , which is greater than the critical value of -2.89 at the 5% significance level. Thus, we fail to reject H_0 and conclude that the series may have a unit root and differencing is necessary.

Assignment 2

For the KPSS test: the p -value was given as 0.01, so we reject the null in favour of the series being non stationary, which supports the conclusion from the ADF test.

From the PACF, the strong spike at lag 1 suggests the presence of persistence in the series, which is consistent with non-stationary behaviour. Combined with formal unit root tests, this indicates that the series likely becomes stationary after first differencing. Therefore, the Melbourne apartment series is likely $I(1)$.

3 TODO:

Like before Does the apartments price differencing likely need only a first order differencing? How do we know it doesn't need 2?