Project-Description:

Analyzing user interactions and engagement with the Instagram app provides valuable insights that can drive business growth. User analysis involves monitoring how users interact with a digital product, such as a software application or mobile app. The insights gained from this analysis can benefit various teams within the organization.

- **A) Marketing:** The marketing team wants to launch some campaigns, and they need help with the following
- **1. Rewarding Most Loyal Users:** People who have been using the platform for the

longest time.

Task: Find the 5 oldest users of the Instagram from the database provided

2. Remind Inactive Users to Start Posting: By sending them promotional emails to post their 1st photo.

Task: Find the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram

3. **Declaring Contest Winner:** The team started a contest and the user who gets the

most likes on a single photo will win the contest now they wish to declare the winner.

Task: Identify the winner of the contest and provide their details to the team

4. **Hashtag Researching:** A partner brand wants to know, which hashtags to use in the

post to reach the most people on the platform.

Task: Identify and suggest the top 5 most commonly used hashtags on the platform

5. Launch AD Campaign: The team wants to know, which day would be the best day to

launch ADs.

Task: What day of the week do most users register on? Provide insights on

Task-Preformed

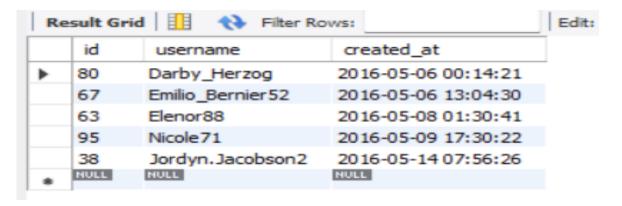
1. Rewarding Most Loyal Users:

```
#LOYAL USERS REWARD

use ig_clone;

select users.id, users.username, users.created_at
from users
order by created_at ASC
limit 10;
```

OUTPUT



2. Remind Inactive Users to Start Posting:

```
#chcek user engagement
select users.id, users.username, photos.user_id,photos.image_url
from users
left join photos on photos.user_id = users.id
where photos.user_id is null;
```

OUTPUT

_	id	username	user id	image_url
•	5	Aniya_Hackett	HULL	NULL
_	7	Kasandra_Homenick	NULL	NULL
	14	Jaclyn81	NULL	NULL
	21	Rocio33	NULL	NULL
	24	Maxwell.Halvorson	NULL	NULL
	25	Tierra, Trantow	NULL	NULL
	34	Pearl7	NULL	NULL
	36	Ollie Ledner37	NULL	NULL
	41	Mckenna 17	NULL	NULL
	45	David, Osinski 47	NULL	NULL
	49	Morgan.Kassulke	NULL	NULL
	53	Linnea59	NULL	NULL

3. Declaring Contest Winner:

```
# most ikes on photos
select users.username, count(likes.user_id) as highest_likes , photos.image_url
from users
join photos on users.id = photos.user_id
join likes on photos.id = likes.photo_id
group by users.username, photos.image_url
order by highest_likes desc
limit 1;
```

OUTPUT

Re	esult Grid 📗 🐧	Filter Rows:	Expo	
	username	highest_likes	image_url	
•	Zack_Kemmer93	48	https://jarret.name	

4. Hashtag Researching:

#hashtags research

select tags.id, tags.tag_name, count(photo_tags.photo_id) as highest_tags
from tags
join photo_tags on tags.id = photo_tags.tag_id
group by tags.tag_name
order by highest_tags desc
limit 10;

OUTPUT

	id	tag_name	highest_tags
•	21	smile	59
	20	beach	42
	17	party	39
	13	fun	38
	18	concert	24
	5	food	24
	11	lol	24
	15	hair	23
	12	happy	22
	8	beauty	20

5. Launch AD Campaign:

#ad campaign launch

select dayname(created_at) as best_days, count(users.id) as resgistration_counts
from users

```
group by best_days
```

order by resgistration_counts desc;

OUTPUT

Result Grid					
	best_days	resgistration_counts			
•	Thursday	16			
	Sunday	16			
	Friday	15			
	Tuesday	14			
	Monday	14			
	Wednesday	13			
	Saturday	12			

B) Investor Metrics:

- 1. **User Engagement:** Investors want to know if users are still active and posting on Instagram or if they are making fewer posts.
 - Task: Calculate the average number of posts per user on Instagram. Also, provide the total number of photos on Instagram divided by the total number of users.
- 2. **Bots & Fake Accounts:** Investors want to know if the platform is crowded with fake and dummy accounts.

Task: Identify users (potential bots) who have liked every single photo on the site, as this is not typically possible for a normal user.

TASK

1. User Engagement:

```
#user engagement
select count(photos.id)/ (select count(*)from users) as average_count_users
from photos

OUTPUT:
```


2. Bots & Fake Accounts:

#determine the accounts are fake or bots
select likes.user_id as fake_accounts , users.username as fake_names
from likes
join users on likes.user_id = users.id
group by user_id, fake_names
having count(distinct photo_id)=(select count(photos.user_id) from photos)

