```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
    from sklearn.neural_network import MLPRegressor
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
```

## **Applying Neural Network(ANN)**

```
In [2]: # Load the earthquake data using pandas DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv('database.csv')
```

```
In [3]: # Split the data into training and testing datasets
X = df[['Latitude', 'Longitude']]
y = df['Magnitude']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42
```

```
In [4]: # Scale the data using StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

- Out[5]: MLPRegressor(hidden\_layer\_sizes=(50, 50), max\_iter=1000, random\_state=42)
- In [6]: # Predict the magnitude of earthquakes using the testing dataset
  y\_pred = regressor.predict(X\_test)
- In [7]: # Evaluate the performance of the model using mean squared error
  mse = mean\_squared\_error(y\_test, y\_pred)
  print("Mean Squared Error:", mse)

Mean Squared Error: 0.18523169876603948

## **Applying KNN**

```
In [8]: import pandas as pd
    from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
```

```
In [9]: # Create a KNN model and fit the training data
regressor = KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors=3)
regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

Out[9]: KNeighborsRegressor(n\_neighbors=3)

```
In [10]: # Predict the magnitude of earthquakes using the testing dataset
y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [11]: # Evaluate the performance of the model using mean squared error
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
print("Mean Squared Error:", mse)
```

Mean Squared Error: 0.23406175528507367

## **Applying Support Vector Machine**

```
In [12]: import pandas as pd
    from sklearn.svm import SVR
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
```

```
In [13]: # Create a SVM model and fit the training data
    regressor = SVR(kernel='rbf', C=100, gamma=0.1, epsilon=.1)
    regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[13]: SVR(C=100, gamma=0.1)
```

```
In [14]: # Predict the magnitude of earthquakes using the testing dataset
y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [15]: # Evaluate the performance of the model using mean squared error
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
print("Mean Squared Error:", mse)
```

Mean Squared Error: 0.19859993222142414

```
In [16]: import pandas as pd
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
    from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
    from sklearn.svm import SVR
    from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
    from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
```

```
In [18]: # Fit each model to the training data and predict the magnitude of earthquakes using the
    mse_results = {}
    for model_name, model in models.items():
        model.fit(X_train, y_train)
        y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
        mse_results[model_name] = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
In [19]: # Print the MSE of each model
for model_name, mse in mse_results.items():
    print(f"{model_name} Mean Squared Error: {mse}")
```

```
Linear Regression Mean Squared Error: 0.18475232430091942
Decision Tree Mean Squared Error: 0.3521333546871664
Random Forest Mean Squared Error: 0.21213322327999162
Support Vector Machine Mean Squared Error: 0.19859993222142414
K-Nearest Neighbors Mean Squared Error: 0.21143874268631221
```

Conclusion:- Here Linear Regression performed well, it show less Mean Squared Error.