Desc:

The Sumatran elephant is one of the three recognised subspecies of Asian elephant. The Borneo elephant is believed to be a fourth subspecies. The Sumatran elephant is the rarest of the three subspecies, being classified as critically endangered. The arrival of the Dutch in Sumatra resulted in the majority of the Sumatran elephant population being killed, for ivory, and for sport.

info

The Sumatran elephant is considered to be the most distinct of all the Asian elephant subspecies. In particular, it has 20 pairs of ribs, compared with 19 for other subspecies (African elephants have 21 pairs). They are the smallest elephant subspecies, but have larger ears and longer tusks than other Asian elephants. They weigh around 5,000kg, and stand up to 3 metres tall. They can successfully breed with other subspecies, and in the 1980s imported Thai elephants bred with captive Sumatran elephants.

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- They can successfully breed with other subspecies, and in the 1980s imported Thai elephants bred with captive Sumatran elephants.

Fun fact:

Female Sumatran Elephants rarely have tusks, but the females that do keep them hidden away from sight until they open their mouths!