

## Assignment 27\_1

4. Associated Data Files Use the Sakila schema, which can be found in following link (to be installed in your local system)

[http://dev.mysql.com/doc/index-other.html\('sakila database'\)](http://dev.mysql.com/doc/index-other.html('sakila database'))

[http://dev.mysql.com/doc/sakila/en/sakila.html\(for full documentation\)](http://dev.mysql.com/doc/sakila/en/sakila.html(for full documentation)) Requirements

For each question, you are required to provide the following:

- The SQL query you used
- The answers
- Any assumptions you made

### 5. Problem Statement

1. Return the categories (names) of the longest film. NOTE that there may be several "longest" films (i.e. with the same length), so you might need to return more than one category. Return the duration as well.
2. Find the movies whose total number of actors is above the average. Return the movie names and its number of actors ordered by the title. IMPORTANT NOTE: this query should return many movies. Please write in your submission only the first TOP-10 results.

Answers:-

27.1.1

Question: Return the categories (names) of the longest film. NOTE that there may be several "longest" films (i.e. with the same length), so you might need to return more than one category. Return the duration as well.

```
Select category.name,rental_duration,max(length) from film join film_category using (film_id) join
category using (category_id) group by category.name having max(length)=(select max(length) from
film);
```

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#### 27.1.2

Question: Find the movies whose total number of actors is above the average. Return the movie names and its number of actors ordered by the title. IMPORTANT NOTE: this query should return many movies. Please write in your submission only the first TOP-10 results.

```
Select title,count(actor_id) from film f inner join film_actor fa on f.film_id=fa.film_id group by title
having count(actor_id)>10 limit 10;
```

(assumed average actors/film=10).

```
mysql> Select category.name,rental_duration,max(length) from film join film_category using (film_id)
where (length)=(select max(length) from film);
```

name	rental_duration	max(length)
Action	6	185
Animation	6	185
Comedy	6	185
Games	3	185
Music	6	185
Sci-Fi	3	185
Travel	4	185

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> Select title,count(actor_id) from film f inner join film_actor fa on f.film_id=fa.film_id;
```

title	count(actor_id)
ARABIA DOGMA	12
BOONDOCK BALLROOM	13
CHITTY LOCK	13
CRAZY HOME	13
DRACULA CRYSTAL	13
FIDDLER LOST	11
FUGITIVE MAGUIRE	11
HELLFIGHTERS SIERRA	12
HOLES BRANNIGAN	11
IMAGE PRINCESS	11

```
10 rows in set (0.05 sec)
```

```
mysql> Select c.customer_id as "customer_ID", c.first_name as "First Name",sum(amount) as "Total Paid"
from customer c group by c.customer_id having sum(amount)>220 order by sum(amount) desc;
```

customer_ID	First Name	Total Paid
526	KARL	221.55

```
1 row in set (0.09 sec)
```

```
mysql> _
```

