

# Multivariate Analysis

# Multivariate data

$x_{jk}$  = measurement of the  $k$ th variable on the  $j$ th item

Consequently,  $n$  measurements on  $p$  variables can be displayed as follows:

	Variable 1	Variable 2	...	Variable $k$	...	Variable $p$
Item 1:	$x_{11}$	$x_{12}$	...	$x_{1k}$	...	$x_{1p}$
Item 2:	$x_{21}$	$x_{22}$	...	$x_{2k}$	...	$x_{2p}$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$		$\vdots$		$\vdots$
Item $j$ :	$x_{j1}$	$x_{j2}$	...	$x_{jk}$	...	$x_{jp}$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$		$\vdots$		$\vdots$
Item $n$ :	$x_{n1}$	$x_{n2}$	...	$x_{nk}$	...	$x_{np}$

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{11} & x_{12} & \cdots & x_{1k} & \cdots & x_{1p} \\ x_{21} & x_{22} & \cdots & x_{2k} & \cdots & x_{2p} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & & \vdots \\ x_{j1} & x_{j2} & \cdots & x_{jk} & \cdots & x_{jp} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & & \vdots \\ x_{n1} & x_{n2} & \cdots & x_{nk} & \cdots & x_{np} \end{bmatrix}$$

## Descriptive Statistics

Let  $x_{11}, x_{21}, \dots, x_{n1}$  be  $n$  measurements on the first variable. Then the arithmetic average of these measurements is

$$\bar{x}_1 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n x_{j1}$$

In general, mean for the  $k$ th variable is given as,

$$\bar{x}_k = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n x_{jk} \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, p$$

In general, sample variance for the  $k$ th variable is given as,

$$s_k^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n (x_{jk} - \bar{x}_k)^2 \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, p$$

The *sample covariance*

$$s_{ik} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n (x_{ji} - \bar{x}_i)(x_{jk} - \bar{x}_k) \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, p, \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, p$$

The sample correlation coefficient for the  $i$ th and  $k$ th variables is

$$r_{ik} = \frac{s_{ik}}{\sqrt{s_{ii}} \sqrt{s_{kk}}} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n (x_{ji} - \bar{x}_i)(x_{jk} - \bar{x}_k)}{\sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^n (x_{ji} - \bar{x}_i)^2} \sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^n (x_{jk} - \bar{x}_k)^2}}$$

## Arrays of Basic Descriptive Statistics

Sample means

$$\bar{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_1 \\ \bar{x}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \bar{x}_p \end{bmatrix}$$

Sample variances  
and covariances

$$\mathbf{S}_n = \begin{bmatrix} s_{11} & s_{12} & \cdots & s_{1p} \\ s_{21} & s_{22} & \cdots & s_{2p} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ s_{p1} & s_{p2} & \cdots & s_{pp} \end{bmatrix}$$

Sample correlations

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{12} & \cdots & r_{1p} \\ r_{21} & 1 & \cdots & r_{2p} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ r_{p1} & r_{p2} & \cdots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Paper is manufactured in continuous sheets several feet wide. Because of the orientation of fibers within the paper, it has a different strength when measured in the direction produced by the machine than when measured across, or at right angles to, the machine direction. Table below shows the measured values of

$x_1$  = density (grams/cubic centimeter)

$x_2$  = strength (pounds) in the machine direction

$x_3$  = strength (pounds) in the cross direction

Paper-Quality Measurements

Specimen	Density	Strength					
		Machine direction	Cross direction				
1	.801	121.41	70.42	21	.806	116.20	56.53
2	.824	127.70	72.47	22	.803	118.00	70.70
3	.841	129.20	78.20	23	.845	131.00	74.35
4	.816	131.80	74.89	24	.822	125.70	68.29
5	.840	135.10	71.21	25	.971	126.10	72.10
6	.842	131.50	78.39	26	.816	125.80	70.64
7	.820	126.70	69.02	27	.836	125.50	76.33
8	.802	115.10	73.10	28	.815	127.80	76.75
9	.828	130.80	79.28	29	.822	130.50	80.33
10	.819	124.60	76.48	30	.822	127.90	75.68
11	.826	118.31	70.25	31	.843	123.90	78.54
12	.802	114.20	72.88	32	.824	124.10	71.91
13	.810	120.30	68.23	33	.788	120.80	68.22
14	.802	115.70	68.12	34	.782	107.40	54.42
15	.832	117.51	71.62	35	.795	120.70	70.41
16	.796	109.81	53.10	36	.805	121.91	73.68
17	.759	109.10	50.85	37	.836	122.31	74.93
18	.770	115.10	51.68	38	.788	110.60	53.52
19	.759	118.31	50.60	39	.772	103.51	48.93
20	.772	112.60	53.51	40	.776	110.71	53.67
				41	.758	113.80	52.42



- The data in Table below are 42 measurements on air-pollution variables recorded at 12:00 noon in the city area on different days.
  - Plot Scatter Plot Matrix with all the variables.
  - Construct the mean, covariance and correlation matrix and interpret.

Wind ( $x_1$ )	Solar radiation ( $x_2$ )	CO ( $x_3$ )	NO ( $x_4$ )	NO <sub>2</sub> ( $x_5$ )	O <sub>3</sub> ( $x_6$ )	HC ( $x_7$ )
8	98	7	2	12	8	2
7	107	4	3	9	5	3
7	103	4	3	5	6	3
10	88	5	2	8	15	4
6	91	4	2	8	10	3
8	90	5	2	12	12	4
9	84	7	4	12	15	5
5	72	6	4	21	14	4
7	82	5	1	11	11	3
8	64	5	2	13	9	4
6	71	5	4	10	3	3
6	91	4	2	12	7	3
7	72	7	4	18	10	3
10	70	4	2	11	7	3
10	72	4	1	8	10	3



9	77	4	1	9	10	3
8	76	4	1	7	7	3
8	71	5	3	16	4	4
9	67	4	2	13	2	3
9	69	3	3	9	5	3
10	62	5	3	14	4	4
9	88	4	2	7	6	3
8	80	4	2	13	11	4
5	30	3	3	5	2	3
6	83	5	1	10	23	4
8	84	3	2	7	6	3
6	78	4	2	11	11	3
8	79	2	1	7	10	3
6	62	4	3	9	8	3
10	37	3	1	7	2	3
8	71	4	1	10	7	3
7	52	4	1	12	8	4
5	48	6	5	8	4	3
6	75	4	1	10	24	3
10	35	4	1	6	9	2
8	85	4	1	9	10	2
5	86	3	1	6	12	2
5	86	7	2	13	18	2
7	79	7	4	9	25	3
7	79	5	2	8	6	2
6	68	6	2	11	14	3
8	40	4	3	6	5	2

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