# **ASSIGNMENT-9**

1. Write a menu driven program to create a Stack using Linked List

#### **SOLUTION:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Node {
  int data;
  struct Node* next;
};
struct Stack {
  struct Node* top;
  int size;
};
struct Node* newNode(int data) {
  struct Node* node = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
  node->data = data;
  node->next = NULL;
  return node;
}
struct Stack* createStack() {
  struct Stack* stack = (struct Stack*)malloc(sizeof(struct Stack));
  stack->top = NULL;
  stack->size = 0;
  return stack;
}
int isEmpty(struct Stack* stack) {
  return (stack->top == NULL);
}
void push(struct Stack* stack, int data) {
  struct Node* node = newNode(data);
  node->next = stack->top;
  stack->top = node;
  stack->size++;
  printf("Pushed %d onto the stack.\n", data);
}
int pop(struct Stack* stack) {
  if (isEmpty(stack)) {
```

```
printf("Stack Underflow!\n");
     exit(1);
  struct Node* node = stack->top;
  int data = node->data;
  stack->top = node->next;
  free(node);
  stack->size--;
  printf("Popped %d from the stack.\n", data);
  return data;
}
void display(struct Stack* stack) {
  if (isEmpty(stack)) {
     printf("Stack is empty.\n");
     return;
  }
  struct Node* current = stack->top;
  printf("Stack:\n");
  while (current != NULL) {
     printf("%d\n", current->data);
     current = current->next;
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  struct Stack* stack = createStack();
  int choice, data;
  while (1) {
     printf("\nStack Menu:\n");
     printf("1. Push\n");
     printf("2. Pop\n");
     printf("3. Display\n");
     printf("4. Exit\n");
     printf("Enter your choice: ");
     scanf("%d", &choice);
     switch (choice) {
        case 1:
          printf("Enter the value to push onto the stack: ");
          scanf("%d", &data);
          push(stack, data);
          break;
        case 2:
          if (isEmpty(stack)) {
             printf("Stack Underflow!\n");
```

```
} else {
            pop(stack);
         }
          break;
       case 3:
          display(stack);
          break;
       case 4:
          printf("Exiting the program.\n");
          exit(0);
       default:
          printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
Stack Menu:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to push onto the stack: 10
Pushed 10 onto the stack.
Stack Menu:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to push onto the stack: 20
Pushed 20 onto the stack.
Stack Menu:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to push onto the stack: 30
Pushed 30 onto the stack.
```

```
Stack Menu:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Stack:
30
20
10
Stack Menu:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Popped 30 from the stack.
Stack Menu:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Stack:
20
10
```

# 2. Write a menu driven program to create a Queue using Linked List

# **SOLUTION:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
   int data;
   struct Node* next;
};

struct Queue {
   struct Node* front;
   struct Node* rear;
   int size;
   int max_size;
```

```
};
struct Node* newNode(int data) {
  struct Node* node = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
  node->data = data;
  node->next = NULL;
  return node;
}
struct Queue* createQueue(int max size) {
  struct Queue* queue = (struct Queue*)malloc(sizeof(struct Queue));
  queue->front = queue->rear = NULL;
  queue->size = 0;
  queue->max_size = max_size;
  return queue;
}
int isEmpty(struct Queue* queue) {
  return (queue->front == NULL);
}
int isFull(struct Queue* queue) {
  return (queue->size >= queue->max_size);
}
void enqueue(struct Queue* queue, int data) {
  if (isFull(queue)) {
     printf("Queue Overflow!\n");
     return;
  }
  struct Node* node = newNode(data);
  if (isEmpty(queue)) {
     queue->front = queue->rear = node;
  } else {
     queue->rear->next = node;
     queue->rear = node;
  }
  queue->size++;
  printf("Enqueued %d into the queue.\n", data);
}
int dequeue(struct Queue* queue) {
  if (isEmpty(queue)) {
     printf("Queue Underflow!\n");
     exit(1);
  }
  struct Node* node = queue->front;
  int data = node->data;
```

```
queue->front = node->next;
  free(node);
  queue->size--;
  return data;
}
void display(struct Queue* queue) {
  if (isEmpty(queue)) {
     printf("Queue is empty.\n");
     return;
  }
  struct Node* current = queue->front;
  printf("Queue: ");
  while (current != NULL) {
     printf("%d ", current->data);
     current = current->next;
  }
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  int max size, choice, data;
  printf("Enter the max. queue size: ");
  scanf("%d", &max_size);
  if (max_size <= 0) {
     printf("Invalid queue size!\n");
    return 1;
  }
  struct Queue* queue = createQueue(max size);
  while (1) {
     printf("\nQueue Menu:\n");
     printf("1. Insert (Enqueue)\n");
     printf("2. Delete (Dequeue)\n");
     printf("3. Display\n");
     printf("4. Exit\n");
     printf("Enter your choice: ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
     switch (choice) {
       case 1:
          if (!isFull(queue)) {
             printf("Enter the value to enqueue: ");
             scanf("%d", &data);
             enqueue(queue, data);
          } else {
             printf("Queue Overflow!\n");
          }
          break;
```

```
case 2:
         if (isEmpty(queue)) {
            printf("Queue Underflow!\n");
         } else {
            printf("Dequeued %d from the queue.\n", dequeue(queue));
         break;
       case 3:
         display(queue);
         break;
       case 4:
         printf("Exiting the program.\n");
         exit(0);
       default:
         printf("Invalid choice!\n");
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
Enter the max. queue size: 3
Queue Menu:
1. Insert (Enqueue)
2. Delete (Dequeue)
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to enqueue: 10
Enqueued 10 into the queue.
Queue Menu:
1. Insert (Enqueue)
2. Delete (Dequeue)
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to enqueue: 20
Enqueued 20 into the queue.
Queue Menu:
1. Insert (Enqueue)
```

2. Delete (Dequeue)

- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to enqueue: 30 Enqueued 30 into the queue.

## Queue Menu:

- 1. Insert (Enqueue)
- 2. Delete (Dequeue)
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3 Queue: 10 20 30

## Queue Menu:

- 1. Insert (Enqueue)
- 2. Delete (Dequeue)
- 3. Display
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1 Queue Overflow!