## **ASSIGNMENT-6**

## 1. Write a program to perform Merge Sort on an Array

## **SOLUTION:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
void merge(int arr[], int I, int m, int r) {
   int n1 = m - l + 1, n2 = r - m;
   int L[n1], R[n2];
   for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) L[i] = arr[l + i];
  for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
  for (int i = 0, j = 0, k = I; k \le r; k++) {
     if (i < n1 \&\& (j >= n2 || L[i] <= R[j])) arr[k] = L[i++];
     else arr[k] = R[j++];
  }
}
void mergesort(int arr[], int I, int r) {
   if (I < r) {
     int m = I + (r - I) / 2;
     mergesort(arr, I, m);
     mergesort(arr, m + 1, r);
     merge(arr, I, m, r);
  }
}
int main() {
   int n;
   printf("Enter the Size of Array: ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   int arr[n];
   printf("Enter the Elements of Array:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
      printf("Array[%d]: ",i+1);
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
  }
   printf("\nGiven Array is: ");
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
   mergesort(arr, 0, n - 1);
   printf("\nSorted Array is: ");
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
   return 0;
}
```

## **OUTPUT**:

Enter the Size of Array: 5 Enter the Elements of Array:

Array[1]: 10 Array[2]: 90 Array[3]: 50 Array[4]: -25 Array[5]: 30

Given Array is: 10 90 50 -25 30 Sorted Array is: -25 10 30 50 90