
Lab Assignment 7

String



CSE110: Programming Language I

No of Tasks			Points to Score
Classwork	Evaluation	Homework	
4	2	9	Homework $9*10 = 90$ Assessment $2*10 = 20$

The students must complete the classwork tasks in the lab class to obtain the lab performance marks. They will also be marked based on the assessment tasks. The lab instructors may show/explain a few of the classwork tasks to the students if necessary. Any plagiarism in classwork or homework will lead to the student getting zero in the entire assignment. A random viva may take place.

Classwork

1. Write a Java program that will take a String as input and convert the lowercase letters to the uppercase letters. The program should keep the other characters (i.e. uppercase letters and symbols) unchanged.

Sample Input	Output
JavaProgrammer123++	JAVAPROGRAMMER123++
I am a hungry coder!	I AM A HUNGRY CODER!

2. Write a Java program to check if a string is palindrome or not. A string is palindrome if the reverse of the string is the same as the original string. *[You cannot use any built-in functions other than .equals(), .charAt(), .length()]*

Given String	Output
madam	true
racecar	true
Abracadabra	false

3. Write a Java program that splits a given string on a given split character. The first input is a String and the second input is the character that will be used to split the first String.

Sample Input	Sample Output
I-love-Java -	I love Java
tom@gmail,harry@yahoo,bob@gmail ,	tom@gmail harry@yahoo bob@gmail
	Explanation: The second input which is the character ',' is used to split the first input string 'tom@gmail,harry@yahoo, bol@gmail,mary@gmail' into four separate email addresses.

4. Trace the following code, create a tracing table and write the outputs.

1	<code>public class Str01 {</code>
2	<code> public static void main(String[] args) {</code>
3	<code> String test = "";</code>
4	<code> int i = 1, j = 1, k = 14;</code>
5	<code> test = "-->;</code>
6	<code> while (i < 3) {</code>
7	<code> j = --k;</code>
8	<code> while (j > 10) {</code>
9	<code> test = i + (j-2) + "-->" + test;</code>
10	<code> System.out.println(test);</code>
11	<code> j-=1;</code>
12	<code> }</code>
13	<code> i++;</code>
14	<code> }</code>
15	<code>}</code>
16	<code>}</code>

Evaluation tasks

1. Write a JAVA program that will take one string input from the user. Then prints the string in reverse.

Sample Input	Output
ABCD	DCBA
Hello!	!olleH

2. Captain Jack and his crew have discovered a treasure chest full of gold coins. However, the chest comes with a mysterious lock. To open it, they need to input a phrase that should contain a combination of characters where vowel count is divisible by 3 and consonant count is divisible by 5. Write a Java program to help Captain Jack determine if the input phrase has the correct number of vowels and consonants to unlock the treasure chest.

Note: Vowels and Consonants count has to be greater than 0 for the treasure to open

Sample Input	Output
Yo-hoo-hoo!	Blimey! No Plunder!! Explanation: The input string has five vowels ‘o, o, o, o, o’ which is not divisible by 3 and the same applies for consonant rules as well where count of consonants is not divisible by 5. Hence the chest cannot be opened.
Yo-ho-Ya-ho-hoo!	Aaarr! Me Plunder!! Explanation: The input string has six vowel count which is divisible by 3 and the same applies for consonant rules as well where count of consonants is divisible by 5. Hence the chest can be opened.
aouuii-uum	Blimey! No Plunder!! Explanation: Here the vowel count is divisible by 3, but the consonant count being 0 resulted in the chest not being opened.

Homework

1. Write a Java program that takes a string as input and reverses the order of words in it.

Sample Input	Output
CSE110 is easy	easy is CSE110
Attention please!	please! Attention

2. Write a Java program that has a given string and prints a compressed version of the string by counting the consecutive occurrences of each character.

Given string	Output
aabcccccaaa	a2b1c5a3
aArr	a1A1r2

3. Write a Java program that takes two strings (**lowercase**) as user input. Your task is to concat the two strings except the common characters present in the strings. Then print the modified string (uppercase). You can assume that each string will only contain unique characters; **that means there will be no duplicate characters in a particular string.**

Sample Input	Output
abcd bdgc	AG
arose rail	OSEIL

4. Write a Java program that takes a sentence as user input and displays the sentence in aLtErNaTiNg CaPs format. Note that, you have to ignore spaces and other punctuations while altering the characters. Also, your new sentence will always start with lowercase letters.

Sample Input	Output
Hello World!	hELLo WoRlD!
I love Java String Problems. Those are easy.	i LoVe JaVa StRiNg PrObLeMs. ThOsE aRe EaSy.

5. Write a Java program to remove duplicate characters from a given string that appeared in another given string.

Given String	Output
Given String 1: The patient had died before the doctor came. Given String 2: hospital	e en d ded befre e dcr cme.
Given String 1: THERE is no EEE LAB in 9 th Floor. Given String 2: Table	HR is no in 9 h Foor.

6. Write a Java program that takes a string as input and determines whether the string qualifies as a strong password. A strong password is defined by the following criteria:

- The password must be at least 8 characters long.
- The password must contain characters at least one -
- Uppercase letters (A-Z)
- Lowercase letters (a-z)
- Digits (0-9)
- Special characters (e.g., !, @, #, \$, etc.)

Print '**True**' if the password is strong, and '**False**' otherwise. You may consider any character excluding the alphabet, digit, and space as special characters.

Sample Input	Output
StrongPass123!	True
Weak123	False

7. Write a Java program that will take two Strings as user input and print the number of times the second String occurs in the first String.

Sample Input	Output
str1 = "She sells sea shells on the sea shore." str2 = "se"	Occurrence: 3 times
str1 = "Fox ran over the box." str2 = "ox"	Occurrence: 2 times

Tracing tasks continues to the next page...

8. Trace the following code, create a tracing table and write the outputs.

1	public class HWTracing01 {
2	public static void main(String[] args) {
3	int x = 0, y = 0;
4	String sum = "0";
5	double p;
6	while (x < 9) {
7	y = x / 2;
8	while (y < x) {
9	p = (x + 5.0) / 2;
10	sum = (sum + 2) + x + "y * 2" + (int) p ;
11	System.out.println(sum);
12	y = y + 1;
13	}
14	x = x + 2;
15	if (x > 5) {
16	sum = "2";
17	} else {
18	sum += "3";
19	}
20	}
21	}
22	}

9. Trace the following code, create a tracing table and write the outputs.

1	public class HWTracing02{
2	public static void main(String[] args) {
3	int test = 1;
4	int j = 0, k = 100;
5	while (k > 0){
6	while (j < k){
7	test = k - j + 11;
8	System.out.println(1 + test / 3 +"12");
9	j+=10;
10	}
11	k-=10;
12	}
13	}
14	}