

NumPy Data Explorer: Employee Productivity Analysis



Project Title

NumPy Data Explorer – Employee Productivity & Salary Analysis



Project Overview

This project demonstrates how **NumPy** can be used to handle **real-world messy data**, clean it efficiently, and extract meaningful insights through **data analysis and visualization**.

The dataset represents **employee productivity and salary data** collected from multiple companies.

Since real-world datasets often contain **unequal row lengths and missing values**, this project focuses on:

- Cleaning inconsistent data
- Handling missing values using NumPy
- Converting raw text data into structured NumPy arrays
- Performing numerical analysis
- Visualizing employee productivity trends

```
company.txt
1 54,41,56,47,60,44,59,45,62,48,22,23,34
2 43,50,39,54,46,36,53,42,51,37
3 23,27,21,29,26,24,28,25,22,20
4 42,56,71,35,64,78,47,78,94,10
5 43,58,52,46,55,41,50,60,47,54
```



Dataset Description

1 Raw Data (company.txt)

- Contains employee production data
- Each line represents a company
- Rows have **different numbers of values**
- Data is unstructured and inconsistent



Example issues:

- Unequal row lengths
- Difficult to analyze directly using NumPy

```
company_cleaned.txt
1 54.0,41.0,56.0,47.0,60.0,44.0,59.0,45.0,62.0,48.0,22.0,23.0,34.0
2 43.0,50.0,39.0,54.0,46.0,36.0,53.0,42.0,51.0,37.0,nan,nan,nan
3 23.0,27.0,21.0,29.0,26.0,24.0,28.0,25.0,22.0,20.0,nan,nan,nan
4 42.0,56.0,71.0,35.0,64.0,78.0,47.0,78.0,94.0,10.0,nan,nan,nan
5 43.0,58.0,52.0,46.0,55.0,41.0,50.0,60.0,47.0,54.0,nan,nan,nan
6
```

2 Cleaned Data (company_cleaned.txt)

- All rows are converted to **equal length**
- Missing values are filled with NaN
- Data is converted to **float type**
- Ready for numerical computation and visualization

Cleaning Techniques Used:

- Row length normalization
- Missing value handling using NaN
- NumPy array conversion



Key Features of the Project

- ✓ Reading raw data from .txt files
- ✓ Data cleaning using **NumPy only**
- ✓ Handling missing values with NaN
- ✓ Structured storage of employee productivity
- ✓ Salary data generation and alignment
- ✓ Data visualization using **Matplotlib**
- ✓ Real-world data handling approach



Data Visualization

The project includes a **line graph visualization** titled:

"Productivity of Employees"

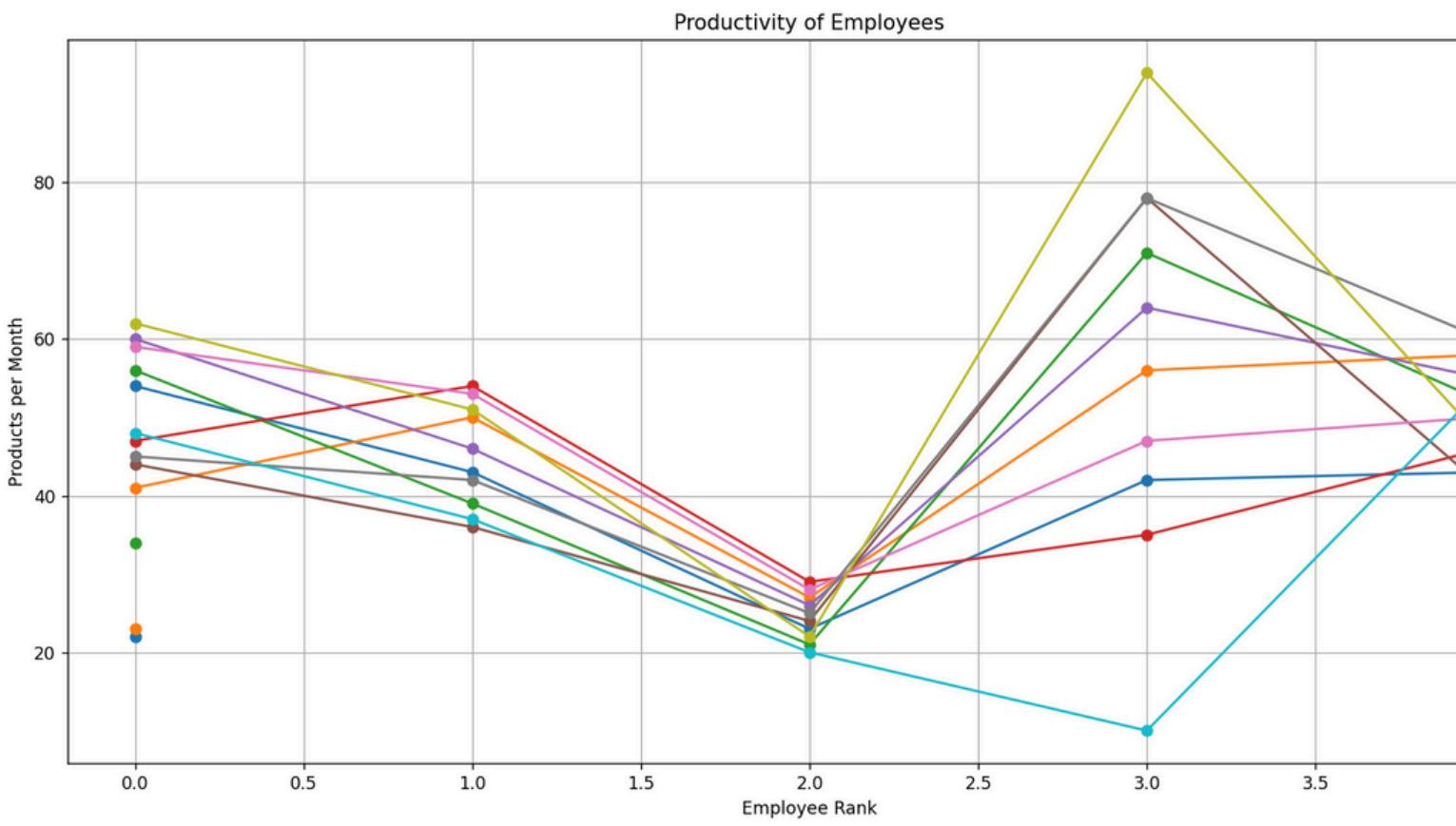
Graph Details:

- **X-axis:** Employee Rank
- **Y-axis:** Products per Month
- Each line represents employee productivity across companies
- Helps compare performance patterns visually



This visualization makes it easy to:

- Identify high-performing employees
- Observe productivity variations
- Compare trends across different ranks



output graph



Technologies Used

- **Python 3.12**
- **NumPy** – Data cleaning, numerical operations
- **Matplotlib** – Data visualization
- **VS Code** – Development environment



Project Structure

```
NumPy-Data-Explorer/
    |
    └── company.txt      # Raw employee data
        └── company_cleaned.txt  # Cleaned structured
                                    data
            |
            └── main.py      # Main program file
            └── README.md    # Project documentation
            └── output_graph.png # Productivity
                                    visualization
```



How the Project Works

- 1 Load raw data from company.txt
- 2 Clean inconsistent rows using NumPy
- 3 Replace missing values with NaN
- 4 Convert data into NumPy arrays
- 5 Generate salary data aligned with productivity
- 6 Visualize employee productivity using Matplotlib
- 7 Display cleaned output and insights in terminal



Learning Outcomes

Through this project, I learned:

- Practical use of NumPy for real-world data
- Handling messy and unstructured datasets
- Importance of data cleaning before analysis
- Efficient numerical computation with arrays
- Data visualization for better insights



Conclusion

This **NumPy Data Explorer project** is a beginner-friendly yet powerful demonstration of **data cleaning, analysis, and visualization** using NumPy. It reflects real-world data challenges and shows how Python can efficiently handle them.
