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## **EXPERIMENT - 4**

**Aim**: To create an interactive form using widgets.

**Theory**: Form validation is an essential feature in mobile applications to ensure the correctness of user inputs before processing them. In Flutter, `Form` and `TextFormField` widgets are used to create forms with built-in validation capabilities.

## **Key Concepts:**

- 1. GlobalKey: Used to uniquely identify the form and manage its state.
- **2. TextFormField:** A widget that allows users to enter input and supports validation.
- 3. Validation Logic: Defines conditions to verify the correctness of input.
- **4. Submit Button:** Triggers form validation and processes the input if valid.

Code implementation:

```
signup.dart
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:google_fonts/google_fonts.dart';
import 'package:email_validator/email_validator.dart';

class SignupScreen extends StatefulWidget {
    @override
    _SignupScreenState createState() => _SignupScreenState();
}

class _SignupScreenState extends State<SignupScreenState();
}

class _SignupScreenState extends State<SignupScreen> {
    bool _isPasswordVisible = false;
    bool _isConfirmPasswordVisible = false;
    String? selectedBloodGroup;
    final _formKey = GlobalKey<FormState>();

// Controllers for form fields
```

```
final nameController = TextEditingController();
final _emailController = TextEditingController();
final passwordController = TextEditingController();
final confirmPasswordController = TextEditingController();
final _contactController = TextEditingController();
@override
void dispose() {
 _nameController.dispose();
 _emailController.dispose();
 _passwordController.dispose();
 _confirmPasswordController.dispose();
 _contactController.dispose();
 super.dispose();
}
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
 return Scaffold(
  backgroundColor: Colors.brown[900],
  body: SafeArea(
   child: SingleChildScrollView(
     child: Padding(
      padding: const EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 24.0),
      child: Form(
       key: formKey,
       child: Column(
        children: [
          SizedBox(height: 40),
          // Logo
          Center(
           child: Container(
            height: 120,
            width: 120,
            decoration: BoxDecoration(
             shape: BoxShape.circle,
             color: Colors.white,
             boxShadow: [
               BoxShadow(
                color: Colors.black.withOpacity(0.2),
                spreadRadius: 2,
                blurRadius: 8,
                offset: Offset(0, 4),
               ),
```

```
],
    ),
    padding: EdgeInsets.all(16),
    child: Image.asset(
     'assets/logo.png',
     fit: BoxFit.contain,
   ),
  ),
 ),
  SizedBox(height: 40),
 // Form Fields
 buildTextField(
   "Full Name",
  _nameController,
  validator: (value) {
   if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
     return 'Please enter your name';
   }
   return null;
  },
 ),
 buildPasswordField("Password", true, passwordController),
 _buildPasswordField("Confirm Password", false, _confirmPasswordController),
  buildTextField(
   "Contact",
   _contactController,
  validator: (value) {
   if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
     return 'Please enter your contact number';
   if (!RegExp(r'^+?[\d\s-]{10,}\s').hasMatch(value)) {
     return 'Please enter a valid contact number';
   }
   return null;
  },
 _buildDropdown("Blood Group"),
 SizedBox(height: 40),
 buildSubmitButton(),
 SizedBox(height: 24),
],
```

),

```
),
),
),
);
}
```



**Conclusion**: In this experiment, we successfully created an interactive form in Flutter using various widgets. By leveraging TextFields, DropdownButtons, Checkboxes, RadioButtons, and Buttons, we provided a dynamic and user-friendly experience for data input. Additionally, we implemented form validation to ensure data accuracy and enhance usability.