Perl Reference Card

This is version 2 of the perl reference card.
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1 Variable Types

1.1 Scalars and Strings

```
chomp($str);
                                          discard trailing \n
v = chop(str);
                                          $v becomes trailing char
eg, ne, lt, gt, le, ge, cmp
                                          string comparison
str = "0" \times 4:
                                          Sstr is now "0000"
$v = index($str. $x):
                                          find index of Sx in Sstr.
v = rindex(str, sx);
                                          starting from left or right
$v = substr($str, $strt, $len);
                                          extract substring
scnt = sky =  tr/0-9//;
                                          count the digits in $sky
$str =~ tr/a-zA-Z/ /cs;
                                          change non-alphas to space
$v = sprintf("%10s %08d",$s,$n); format string
Format String: %[flags][0][width][.precision][mod]type
types:
C
                   character
d(i)
                   signed decimal int
e(E)
                   scientific notation
f
                   decimal floating point
                   shorter %e or %f / %E or %f
g, G
0
                   signed octal
                   string of chars
 s
u, x, X
                   unsigned decimal int / hex int / hex int in caps
                   address pointer
р
                   nothing printed
n
modifiers: h.1.L
                   arg is short int / long int, double/ long double
More: chr, crypt, hex, lc, lcfirst, length, oct, ord,
pack, q/STRING/, qq/STRING/, reverse, uc, ucfirst
```

1.2 Arrays and Lists

```
@a = (1..5);
                                         array initialization
$i = @a;
                                         number of elements in @a
(\$a, \$b) = (\$b, \$a);
                                         swap Sa and Sb
x = a[1];
                                         access to index 1
$i = $#a;
                                         last index in @a
push(@a, $s);
                                         appends $s to @a
a = pop(@a);
                                         removes last element
chop(@a);
                                        remove last char (per el.)
Sa = shift(@a):
                                        removes first element
reverse(@a);
                                         reverse @a
@a = sort{$ela <=> $elb}(@a);
                                         sort numerically
@a = split(/-/.$s);
                                         split string into @a
                                        ioin @a elements into string &Scoderef();
$s = join(", " @c);
@a2 = @a[1,2,6..9];
                                         array slice
@a2 = grep(!/^{\#/}, @a);
                                         remove comments from @a
```

1.3 Hashes

```
h=(k1 => \text{``val1''}, k2 => 3):
                                     hash initialization
val = smap\{k1\};
                                     recall value
@a = \%h;
                                     array of keys and values
%h = @a;
                                     create hash from array
foreach $k (keys(%h)){..}
                                     iterate over list of keys
foreach $v (vals(%h)){..}
                                     iterate over list of values
while ((\$k,\$v) = each \%h) \{...\}
                                     iterate over key-value-pairs
delete $h{k1};
                                     delete key
exists $h{k1}
                                     does kev exist?
defined $h{k1}
                                     is key defined?
```

2 Basic Syntax

```
($a, $b) = shift(@ARGV);

sub p{my $var = shift; ...}

p("bla");

if(expr){} elsif {} else {}

unless (expr){}

while (expr){}

do {} until (expr)

for($i=1; $i<=10; $i++){}

foreach $i (@list){}

last, next, redo

eval {$a=$a/$b; };

warn $@ if $@;
```

read command line params
define subroutine
execute subroutine
conditional
negative conditional
while-loop
until-loop
postcheck until-loop
for-loop
foreach-loop
end loop, skip to next, jump to top
exception handling

3 References and Data Structures

```
Saref = \@a:
                                 reference to array
$aref = [1,"foo",undef,13]; anonymous array
$el = $aref->[0];
                                 access element of array
$el = @{Saref}[0];
$aref2 = [@{$aref1}];
                                 copy array
href = \h;
                                 reference to hash
$href ={APR => 4,AUG => 8}; anonymous hash
$el = Shref->{APR};
                                 access element of hash
$el = %{$href}{APR};
$href2 = {%{$href1}};
                                 copy hash
if (ref($r) eq "HASH") {}
                                 checks if $r points to hash
@a = ([1, 2], [3, 4]);
                                 2-dim array
i = a[0][1];
                                 access 2-dim array
%HoA=(fs=>["f","b"],
                                 hash of arrays
      sp=>["h","m"]);
                                 access to hash of arrays
ne = HoA\{sp\}[1];
fh = \t STDIN
                                 globref
                                 code ref (e.g. callback)
$coderef = \&fnc;
$coderef =sub{print "bla"}; anon subroutine
                                 calling anon subroutine
sub createcnt{ my $c=shift; closure, $c persists
    return sub {
         print "$c++"; }; }
*foo{THING}
                                 foo-syntax for creating refs
```

4 System Interaction

```
svstem("cat $f|sort -u>$f.s"); svstem call
@a = readpipe("lsmod");
                                      catch output
$today = "Today: ".`date`;
                                      catch output
chroot("/home/user/");
                                      change root
while (<*.c>) {}
                                      operate on all c-files
unlink("/tmp/file");
                                      delete file
if (-f "file.txt") {...}
                                      file test
File Tests:
-r, -w
                                      readable, writeable
 -x
                                      executable
 -е
                                      exists
 -f. -d. -1
                                      is file, directory, symlink
-T, -B
                                      text file, binary file
-M, -A
                                      mod/access age in days
@stats = stat("filename"):
                                      13-element list with status
More: chmod, chown, chroot, fcntl, glob, ioctl, link,
lstat, mkdir, opendir, readlink, rename, rmdir,
symlink, umask, utime
```

5 Input/Output

```
open(INFILE, "in.txt") or die;
                                    open file for input
open(INFILE,"<:utf8","file");</pre>
                                    open file with encoding
open(TMP, "+>", undef);
                                    open anonymous temp file
open(MEMORY,'>', \$var);
                                    open in-memory-file
open(OUT, ">out.txt") or die;
                                    open output file
open(LOG,">>my.log") or die;
                                    open file for append
open(PRC, "caesar <$file |");
                                    read from process
open(EXTRACT, "|sort >Tmp$$");
                                    write to process
$line = <INFILE>;
                                    get next line
@lines = <INFILE>;
                                    slurp infile
foreach $line (<STDIN>){...}
                                    loop of lines from STDIN
print STDERR "Warning 1.\n";
                                    print to STDERR
close INFILE:
                                    close filehandle
More: binmode, dbmopen, dbmclose, fileno, flock,
format, getc, read, readdir, readline, rewinddir,
seek, seekdir, select, syscall, sysreed, sysseek,
tell, telldir.truncate, pack, unpack, vec
```

6 Regular Expressions

```
($var =~ /re/), ($var !~ /re/)
                                         matches / does not match
m/pattern/igmsoxc
                                         matching pattern
gr/pattern/imsox
                                         store regex in variable
s/pattern/replacement/igmsoxe
                                         search and replace
Modifiers:
       case-insensitive
                                   0
                                         compile once
                                         extended
 g
       global
                                   х
                                         don't reset pos (with q)
 m
      multiline
                                   С
      as single line (. matches \n)
                                         evaluate replacement
```

```
Extended Constructs
Syntax:
                                                                   (?#text)
                       escape
                                                                                         comment
                       any single char
                                                                   (?imxs-imsx:...)
                                                                                         enable or disable option
                       start of line
                                                                   (?=...), (?!...)
                                                                                         positive / negative look-ahead
 Ś
                       end of line
                                                                   (?<=..), (?<!..)
                                                                                         positive / negative look-behind
                                                                                                                                          edit files in place
                       0 or more times (greedy / nongreedy)
                                                                   (?>...)
                                                                                         prohibit backtracking
                                                                                                                                     -n
 +, +?
                                                                   (?{ code })
                       1 or more times (greedy / nongreedy)
                                                                                         embedded code
?, ??
                       0 or 1 times (greedy / nongreedy)
                                                                   (??{ code })
                                                                                         dynamic regex
\b, \B
                                                                   (?(cond)yes|no)
                       word boundary ( \w - \W) / \text{match except at w.b.}
                                                                                         condition corresponding to captured parentheses
                                                                   (?(cond)ves)
                                                                                         condition corresponding to look-around
١A
                       string start (with /m)
 ١Z
                                                                  Variables
                       string end (before \n)
                                                                                                                                    Examples:
                                                                   $&
                                                                                         entire matched string
 ١z
                       absolute string end
                                                                   Ġ`
                                                                                         everything prior to matched string
١G
                       continue from previous m//q
                                                                   Ġ'
                                                                                         everything after matched string
[...]
                       character set
                                                                   $1. $2 ...
                                                                                         n-th captured expression
 (...)
                       group, capture to $1, $2
                                                                   $+
                                                                                         last parenthesis pattern match
 (?:...)
                       group without capturing
                                                                   S^N
                                                                                         most recently closed capt.
 \{n,m\} , \{n,m\}?
                       at least n times, at most m times
                                                                   $^R
                                                                                         result of last (?\{\ldots\})
 \{n,\},\{n,\}?
                       at least n times
                                                                                         offsets of starts / ends of groups
                                                                   0-.0+
       , {n}?
                       exactly n times
 {n}
                                                                                                                                    5. delete first 10 lines
                       text from nth group ($1, ...)
\1, \2
Escape Sequences:
                                                                  7 Object-Oriented Perl and Modules
 \a
      alarm (beep)
                                  \e
                                         escape
      formfeed
 ۱f
                                  \n
                                         newline
                                                                  Defining a new class:
 \r
      carriage return
                                  \t:
                                         tab
                                                                       package Person;
                                  \1
 \cx control-x
                                         lowercase next char
                                                                       use strict;
                                  ١IJ
 ۱L
       lowercase until \E
                                         uppercase until \E
                                                                       sub new { #constructor, any name is fine
 \0
       diable metachars until \E.
                                         end case modifications
                                                                            my $class = shift;
Character Classes:
                                                                            mv Sself = {} :
[amy]
                       'a', 'm', or 'v'
                                                                            $self->{NAME} = undef; # field
[f-j.-]
                       range f-i, dot, and dash
                                                                            $self->{" CENSUS"} = \$Census; # class data
[^f-j]
                       everything except range f-j
                                                                            ++ ${ $self->{" CENSUS"} };
\d. \D
                       digit [0-9] / non-digit
                                                                            bless ($self, $class);
\w. \W
                       word char [a-zA-Z0-9] / non-word
                                                                            return $self:
\s. \S
                       whitepace [ \t\n\r\f] / non-space
                                                                       sub name { #method
\C
                       match a byte
                                                                            my $self = shift;
                       match p-named unicode / non-p-named-unicode
\pP, \PP
                                                                            if (@ ) { $self->{NAME} = shift }
\p{...}, \P{...}
                      match long-named unicode / non-named-unicode
                                                                            return $self->{NAME};
                       match extended unicode
\X
Posix:
                                                                       sub DESTROY { #destructor
[:alnum]
                       alphanumeric
                                                                            my $self = shift; -- ${$self->{" CENSUS"} };}
[:alpha]
                       alphabetic
                                                                       1; # so the 'require' or 'use' succeeds
[:ascii:]
                       any ASCII char
                       whitespace [ \t]
[:blank:]
                                                                  Using the class:
[:cntrl:]
                       control characters
                                                                       use Person;
[:digit:]
                       digits
                                                                       $him = Person->new():
[:graph:]
                       alphanum + punctuation
                                                                       $him->name("Jason"):
[:lower:]
                       lowercase chars
                                                                       printf "There's someone named %s.\n", $him->name;
[:print:]
                       alphanum, punct, space
                                                                       use Data::Dumper; print Dumper($him); # debug
[:punct:]
                       punctuation
 [:space:]
                       whitespace [\s\ck]
[:upper:]
                       uppercase chars
```

```
8 One-Liners
```

```
(zero) specify the input record separator
split data into an array named @F
```

specify pattern for -a to use when splitting

run through all the @ARGV arguments as files, using <>

same as -n, but will also print the contents of \$

```
Interactive Mode: perl -de 42
```

```
1. just lines 15 to 17, efficiently
    perl -ne 'print if $. >= 15; exit if $. >= 17;'
2. just lines NOT between line 10 and 20
    perl -ne 'print unless 10 .. 20'
3. lines between START and END
    perl -ne 'print if /^START$/ .. /^END$/'
4. in-place edit of *.c files changing all foo to bar
    perl -pi.bak -e 's/\bfoo\b/bar/g' *.c
    perl -i.old -ne 'print unless 1 .. 10' foo.txt
6. change all the isolated oldvar occurrences to newvar
    perl -i.old -pe 's{\boldvar\b}{newvar}g' *.[chy]
7. printing each line in reverse order
    perl -e 'print reverse <>' file1 file2 file3 ....
8. find palindromes in the /usr/dict/words dictionary file
    perl -lne '$ = lc $; print if $ eq reverse'
         /usr/dict/words
9. command-line that reverses all the bytes in a file
    perl -0777e 'print scalar reverse <>' f1 f2 f3
10. word wrap between 50 and 72 chars
    perl -p000e 'tr/ \t\n\r/ /;
    s/(.{50,72})\s/{1\n/g}; .="\n"x2'
11. strip and remove double spaces
    perl -pe '$ = " $ "; tr/ \t/ /s; $ =
         substr($ ,1,-1)'
12. move '*.txt.out' to '*.out'
    perl -e '($n = $) =~ s/\.txt(\.out)$/$1/ and not
         -e n \ and \ rename \ , \ n \ for @ARGV' *
```

Installing Modules: perl -MCPAN -e shell;

[:word:]

[:xdigit:]

[:^digit:]

alphanum + ' '

hex digit

non-digit