

B.E. / B.Tech. Electrical (Electronics & Power) Engineering (Model Curriculum) Semester-III
003 / SE103 - Analog Electronics Circuits

P. Pages : 2



Time : Three Hours

GUG/S/25/13854

Max. Marks : 80

- Notes : 1. All questions carry marks as indicated.
2. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
3. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.

1. a) What is biasing. Draw and explain voltage divider biasing circuit. **8**
b) What is rectifier. Explain the operation of bridge wave rectifier with neat circuit diagram and waveform. **8**

OR

2. a) What is Clipper. Draw and explain the operation of combinational clipper. **8**
b) Draw the low Frequency hybrid π model of transistor and explain the meaning of each components of a model. **8**
3. a) What is depletion type MOSFET. Explain the operation of n-channel depletion type MOSFET with its drain and transfer characteristics. **8**
b) Draw and explain ac equivalent model of depletion and enhancement n-type MOSFET. **8**

OR

4. a) Draw and explain the small signal model of common source enhancement MOSFET. **8**
b) Draw and explain the feedback bias circuit for enhancement type MOSFET. **8**
5. a) What is operational amplifier. Draw and explain the internal block diagram of an operational amplifier. **8**
b) With the help of circuit diagram and frequency response explain the operation of direct coupled multistage amplifier. **8**

OR

6. a) What is slew rate. Derive the mathematical expression of slew rate. **8**
b) What is differential amplifier. Draw and explain the operation of Dual input balanced output differential amplifier. **8**
7. a) What is PID controller. Draw and explain the operation of op-amp PID controller. **8**
b) What is oscillator. Draw and explain the operation of op-amp phase shift oscillator. **8**

OR

- 8.** a) Explain the working of op-amp noninverting amplifier. Derive the expression for its voltage gain. **8**
- b) Draw and explain successive approximation analog to digital converter. **8**
- 9.** a) What is comparator. Draw and explain the operation of inverting and non inverting comparator circuit. **8**
- b) Explain the operation of triangular wave generator with the help of circuit diagram and waveforms. **8**

OR

- 10** a) Define precision rectifier. Explain the operation of full wave precision rectifier circuit. **8**
- b) What zero crossing detector. Draw and explain the operation of zero crossing detector. **8**
