



Experiment -1.2

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Subject Name: Git and Hub Subject Code: 22CSH-293

1. Aim/Overview of the practical: Creating branches with GitHub.

2. Software Used: Git Bash, GitHub.

3. Steps for experiment/practical:

$ON GITHUB \rightarrow$

- 1. Login to your github account and open or create a repository.
- 2. Click on the 'main' tab under the repository name as shown in image 1.

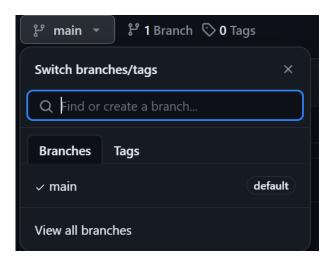


Image 1

3. Click on 'View all branches' and click on 'New branch' as shown in image 2.









Image 2

4. Type the name of the new branch and click on 'Create new branch' option as shown in image 3.

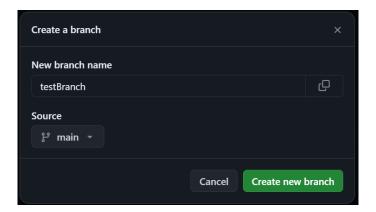


Image 3

5. In the main branch, I have created a java file with the name 'Exp2.java' and have written the following code (image 4).

```
Edit Preview Code 55% faster with GitHub Copilot

1 class HelloWorld {
2 public static void main(String[] args) {
3 System.out.println("Hello, World!");
4 }
5 }
```

Image 4







6. Move to the new branch by clicking on the 'main' tab and selecting the new branch as shown in image 5.

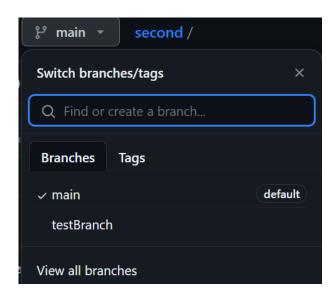


Image 5

7. Make changes in the java file in the new branch and commit the changes (image 6).



Image 6

8. Move to the main branch and click on the 'Compare & Pull request' option that you will be seeing on the top (image 7).





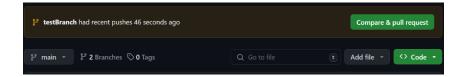


Image 7

9. Add the title of the pull request and click on 'Create pull request' (image 8).

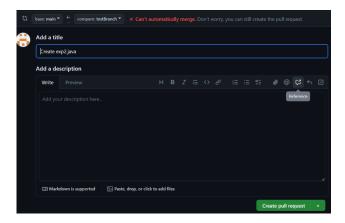
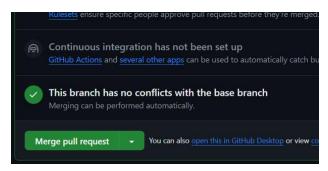


Image 8

10. Resolve the merge conflicts if necessary and click on the 'Merge pull request' option (image 9 & 10).





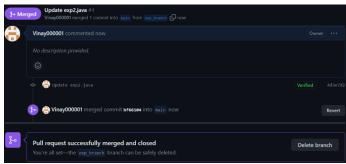






11. Your branch has been merged and you can now delete your branch if you want(image 11).

Image 11



$ON \ GIT \ BASH \rightarrow$

- 1. Create a repository on your local machine and open 'Git bash' in the folder.
- 2. Initialize the repository using the *git init* command.
- **3.** Create a new file in the repo using the *vi* command.
- **4.** Add the file to the staged area using the *git add <file_name>* command.
- 5. Commit the changes and give a commit message using the *git commit-m* < *commit_message* > command.
- 6. Image 12 shows the steps from 2 to 5 and Image 13 shows the text in *file.txt* in 'main'.

```
thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~ (master)
$ cd second

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main)
$ vi file.txt

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main)
$ cat file.txt

vinay

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main)
$ git add file.txt

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main)
$ git commit -m "b"
[main da4d5f0] b
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
create mode 100644 file.txt
```

Image 12







thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main) \$ cat file.txt vinay

Image 13

- 7. Create a new branch using the *git checkout -b < new_branch_name* > command.
- **8.** Open the *file.txt* in the new branch and made changes in it.
- **9.** Add the file to the staged area using *git add* command and commit the changes.
- **10.**Image 14 shows the steps from 7 to 9 and Image 15 shows the text in *file.txt* in the new branch.

```
thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main)
$ git checkout -b testbranch
Switched to a new branch 'testbranch'

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (testbranch)
$ vi file.txt

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (testbranch)
$ git add file.txt

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (testbranch)
$ git commit -m "updated"
[testbranch 4bcf042] updated
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
```

Image 14

```
thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (testbranch)
$ cat file.txt
vinay
22bdo10040
```

Image 15

11.Move to the main branch using the command *git checkout main* and merge the new branch with the main branch using command *git merge* < new_branch_name > as shown in image 16. In case of any merge conflicts, it will be either resolved automatically or you will have to resolve it manually.







```
thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (testbranch)
$ git checkout main
Switched to branch 'main'
Your branch is ahead of 'origin/main' by 1 commit.
  (use "git push" to publish your local commits)

thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main)
$ git merge testbranch
Updating da4d5f0..4bcf042
Fast-forward
file.txt | 1 +
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
```

Image 16

12.Now, the changes made in the new branch have been merged with the main branch as shown in image 17.

```
thaku@LAPTOP-D9AREPUF MINGW64 ~/second (main)
$ cat file.txt
vinay
22bdo10040
```

Image 17

4. Result/Output/Writing Summary:

In this experiment, we have created a new branch, made some changes in the files in that new branch and then merged the changes with the main branch by resolving merge conflicts by using both GitHub and Git Bash.

Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

- **1.** Learnt how to create a branch.
- **2.** Learnt how to create a pull request.
- **3.** Learnt how to use vi editor on the git command line.
- **4.** Learnt to merge two branches.
- **5.** Learnt how to resolve merge conflicts.







Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

| Sr. No. | Parameters | Marks Obtained | Maximum Marks |
|---------|------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. | | | |
| 2. | | | |
| 3. | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |