Assignment 2

EE24BTECH11005 - Arjun Pavanje

A. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1) Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Let

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{a(a+b+c)}{bc}} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b(a+b+c)}{ca}} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{c(a+b+c)}{ab}} \right)$$

- Then $\tan(\theta) = \underline{\qquad}$ (1981 2*Marks*) 2) The numerical value of $\tan\left\{2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) \frac{\pi}{4}\right\}$ is equal to $\underline{\qquad}$ (1984 2*Marks*)
- 3) The greater of the two angles

$$A = 2 \tan^{-1} \left(2\sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \text{ and}$$

$$B = 3 \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) + \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{5} \right)$$

$$(1989 - 2Marks)$$

C. MCQs with One Correct Answer

- 1) The value of $\tan \left[\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right]$ is (1983 - 1Mark)
 - a) $\frac{6}{17}$

c) $\frac{16}{7}$

- d) None
- 2) If we consider only the principle values of the inverse trigonometric functions then the value of

$$\tan\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5\sqrt{2}}\right) - \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{17}}\right)\right) \tag{1994}$$

is

c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{20}$

- 3) The number of real solutions of

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{x(x-1)}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$
is
$$(1999 - 2Marks)$$

- a) zero
- b) one
- c) two
- d) infinite

4) If

$$\sin^{-1}\left(x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{4} - \dots\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(x^2 - \frac{x^4}{2} + \frac{x^6}{4} - \dots\right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

for $0 < |x| < \sqrt{2}$, then x equals (2001S)

a) $\frac{1}{2}$

- b) 1
- c) $-\frac{1}{2}$

- d) -1
- 5) The value of x for which

$$\sin\left(\cot^{-1}\left(1+x\right)\right) = \cos\left(\tan^{-1}\left(x\right)\right)$$

is

(2004S)

a) $\frac{1}{2}$

b) 1

c) 0

- d) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 6) If 0 < x < 1, then

$$\sqrt{1+x^2} \left[\left\{ x \cos \left(\cot^{-1} (x) \right) + \sin \left(\cot^{-1} (x) \right) \right\}^2 -1 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} =$$

is

is

(2008)

- a) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$
- c) $x\sqrt{1+x^2}$
- d) $\sqrt{1 + x^2}$
- 7) The value of

$$\cot\left(\sum_{n=1}^{23}\cot^{-1}\left(1+\sum_{k=1}^{n}2k\right)\right)$$
(JEEAdv.2013)

a) $\frac{23}{25}$

b) $\frac{25}{23}$

c) $\frac{23}{24}$

- d) $\frac{24}{23}$
- D. MCQs with One or More than One Correct
- 1) The principal value of $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)\right)$ is (1986 - 2Marks)
 - a) $-\frac{2\pi}{3}$ b) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

c) $\frac{4\pi}{3}$

- d) none
- 2) If $\alpha = 3 \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{11} \right)$ and $\beta = 3 \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{9} \right)$, where the inverse trigonometric functions take only the principal values, then the correct option(s) is(are) (JEEAdv.2015)
 - a) $\cos(\beta) > 0$
- b) $\sin(\beta) < 0$
- c) $\cos(\alpha + \beta) > 0$ d) $\cos(\alpha) < 0$
- 3) For non-negative integers n, let

$$f(n) = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{n} \sin\left(\frac{k+1}{n+2}\pi\right) \sin\left(\frac{k+2}{n+2}\pi\right)}{\sum_{k=0}^{n} \sin^2\left(\frac{k+1}{n+2}\pi\right)}$$

Assuming $\cos^{-1}(x)$ takes values in $[0,\pi]$, which of the following options is/are correct (JEEAdv.2019)

- a) $\lim_{n\to\infty} f(n) = \frac{1}{2}$
- b) $f(4) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- c) If $\alpha = \tan(\cos^{-1}(f(6)))$, then $\alpha^2 + 2\alpha 1 = 0$
- d) $\sin(7\cos^{-1}(f(5))) = 0$

E. Subjective Problems

1) Find the value of:

$$\cos\left(2\cos^{-1}(x) + \sin^{-1}(x)\right)$$

where $0 \le \cos^{-1}(x) \le \pi$ and $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le \sin^{-1}(x) \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ (1981 - 2Marks)

2) Find all the solution of

$$4\cos^{2}(x)\sin(x) - 2\sin^{2}(x) = 3\sin(x)$$

$$(1983 - 2Marks)$$