## 2023 April 6 Shift 1

## EE24BTECH11005 - Arjun Pavanje

16) If 
$$2x^y + 3y^x = 20$$
 then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at  $\binom{2}{2}$  is equal to,

a) 
$$-\left(\frac{3+\log_e 8}{2+\log_e 4}\right)$$

b) 
$$-\left(\frac{2+\log_e 8}{3+\log_e 4}\right)$$

1

c) 
$$-\left(\frac{3+\log_e 4}{2+\log_e 8}\right)$$

d) 
$$-\left(\frac{3+\log_e 16}{4+\log_e 8}\right)$$

17) If the system of equations

$$x + y + az = b$$
$$2x + 5y + 2z = 6$$

x + 2v + 3z = 3

has infinitely many solutions, then 2a + 3b is equal to,

18) Let  $(1 + x + 2x^2)^{20} = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \dots + a_{40}x^{40}$ . Then,  $a_1 + a_3 + a_5 + \dots + a_{37}$  is equal to,

a) 
$$2^{20} (2^{20} + 21)$$

b) 
$$2^{19} (2^{20} + 21)$$

c) 
$$2^{20} (2^{20} - 21)$$

d) 
$$2^{19} (2^{20} - 21)$$

19) Let  $5f(x) + 4f(\frac{1}{x}) = \frac{1}{x} + 3, x > 0$ , then  $\int_{1}^{2} f(x) dx$  is equal to,

a) 
$$10 \log_e 2 - 6$$

b) 
$$10\log_e 2 + 6$$

c) 
$$5\log_e -3$$

d) 
$$5 \log_e 2 + 3$$

20) The mean and variance of a set of 15 numbers are 12 and 14 respectively. The mean and variance of another set of 15 numbers are 14 and  $\sigma^2$  respectively. If the variance of all the 30 numbers in the two sets is 13, then  $\sigma^2$  is equal to,

- 21) Let the tangents to the curve  $x^2 + 2x 4y + 9 = 0$  at the point  $\mathbf{P} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  on it meet the y-axis at **A**. Let the line passing through **P** and parallel to the line x 3y = 6 meet the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  at **B**. If **B** lies on the line 2x 3y = 8, then  $(AB)^2$  us equal to
- 22) Let the point  $\binom{p}{p+1}$  lie inside the region

$$E = \left\{ (x, y) : 3 - x \le y \le \sqrt{9 - x^2}, 0 \le x \le 3 \right\}$$

If the set of all values of p in the interval  $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$  then  $b^2 + b - a^2$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_

23) Let y = y(x) be a solution of the differential equation

$$(x\cos x)\,dy + (xy\sin x + y\cos x - 1)\,dx = 0, 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

If  $\frac{\pi}{3}y\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sqrt{3}$ , then  $\left|\frac{\pi}{6}y''\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + 2y'\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right|$ 

- 24) The Let  $a \in Z$  and [t] be the greatest integer  $\leq t$ . Then the number of points, where the function  $f(x) = [a + 13 \sin x], x \in (0, \pi)$  is not differentiable is.\_\_\_\_\_
- 25) If the area of the region

$$S = \{(x, y) : 2y - y^2 \le x^2 \le 2y, x \ge y\}$$

is equal to  $\left(\frac{n+2}{n+1} - \frac{\pi}{n-1}\right)$  then the natural number n is equal to \_\_\_\_\_\_ 26) The number of ways of giving 20 distinct oranges to 3 children such that each child

- 26) The number of ways of giving 20 distinct oranges to 3 children such that each child gets atleast one orange is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 27) Let the image of the point  $\mathbf{P} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  in the plane 2x y + z = 9 be  $\mathbf{Q}$ . If the coordinates of the point  $\mathbf{R}$  are  $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 10 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ . Then the square of the area of triangle PQR is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 28) Let A circle passing through the point  $\mathbf{P}\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$  in the first quadrant touches the two coordinate axes at the points  $\mathbf{A}$ ,  $\mathbf{B}$ . The point  $\mathbf{P}$  is above the line  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}$ . The point  $\mathbf{Q}$  on the line segment  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}$  is the foot of perpendicular from  $\mathbf{P}$  on  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}$ . If  $\mathbf{P}\mathbf{Q}$  is equal to 11 units, then value of  $\alpha\beta$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_

29) The coeffecient of  $x^{18}$  in the expansion of  $\left(x^4 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{15}$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_

30) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, ..., 10\}$ ,  $B = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . The number of elements in the relation  $R = \{(a, b) \in A \times A : 2(a - b)^2 + 3(a - b) \in B\}$  is \_\_\_\_\_