EE24BTECH11005 - Arjun Pavanje

Question:

Find a unit vector perpendicular to both vectors $\mathbf{a} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -7 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{b} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Variable	Description
a	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -7 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ vector
b	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ vector
X	$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix}$ vector

TABLE I: Variables Used

Solution: Let **x** be a vector perpendicular to both **a**, **b**. Then,

$$\binom{a^T}{b^T} \mathbf{x} = 0$$
 (1)

1

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -7 & 7 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{2}$$

Using row reduction, then back substitution,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -7 & 7 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 = R_2 + R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -7 & 7 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (3)

$$x_1 = 0, x_2 = x_3 \tag{4}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = x_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

Here, $x_2 \in R$, we need to pick it such that magnitude is 1

$$||x|| = \sqrt{x^T x} = \sqrt{(x_2)^2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}} = 1$$
 (6)

$$\sqrt{2x_2^2} = 1 (7)$$

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$$x_2 = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (8)$$

Required unit vector is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{pmatrix} 0\\1\\1 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{pmatrix} 0\\1\\1 \end{pmatrix}$

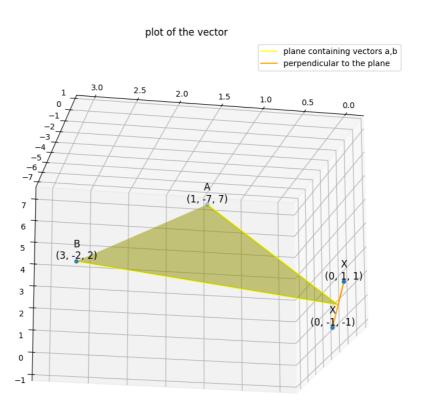


Fig. 1: Plot of the vectors