

1-1.7-3

EE24BTECH11005 - Arjun Pavanje

Question:

Show that the points $A(-2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k})$, $B(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$, and $C(7\hat{i} - \hat{k})$ are collinear

Solution:

Variable	Description
A	Point (2, 3)
B	(4, k) point
C	(6, -3) point
k	value to be found

TABLE I: Variables Used

First we should construct the collinearity matrix with the given points A, B, C

$$\begin{pmatrix} B - A \\ C - B \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 6 & -2 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

There is one, non-zero row, rank of matrix is 1, \therefore the 3 points are collinear

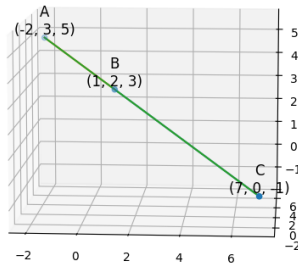


Fig. 1: Plot of the points A,B,C