

# 4-4.2-12

EE24BTECH11005 - Arjun Pavanje

Question:

Find the direction and normal vectors of the given line  $3 = 2x + y$

Variable	Description
<b>m</b>	Direction vector
<b>n</b>	Normal vector
<b>h</b>	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c \end{pmatrix}$

TABLE I: Variables Used

**Solution:** The equation of the line is given by,

$$y = mx + c \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c \end{pmatrix} + x \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{h} + k\mathbf{m} \quad (3)$$

here,  $\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix}$  where  $\mathbf{m}$  is direction vector  
given line can be written as

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + k \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (5)$$

equation of line in terms of normal vector  $\mathbf{n}$  is,

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = c \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -m \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

$$\text{Here, } \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

Direction vector:  $\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$

Normal Vector:  $\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

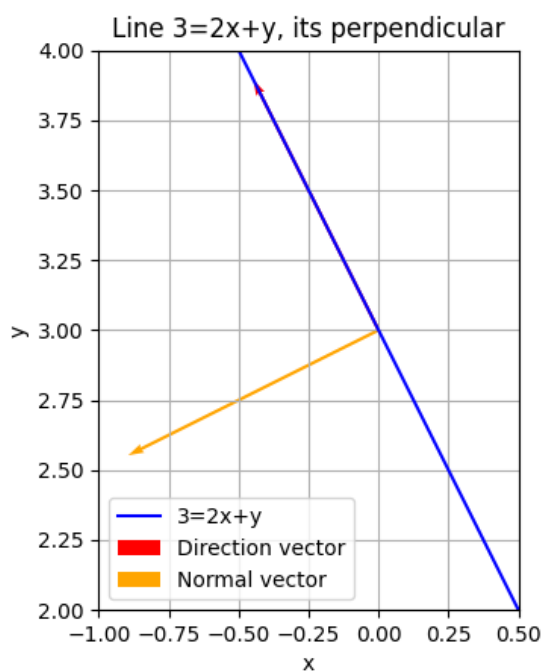


Fig. 1: Plot of the line