



THE SECRET BOOK

BEHIND EVERY SUCCESS

THE SECRET BOOK, 2023

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PERFACE

THE SECRET BOOK BEHIND EVERY SUCCESS

Who is not there in today's modern era who wants to be successful everyone wants to be successful quickly in this modern era

To be successful, most motivational speakers recommend reading biography, novels,

So that we can know that those people who are achieving success in the past or present, are they doing differently from which they are becoming successful.

But there are thousands of biographical novel motivation books to read and see, if we start seeing all of them then it will take us a lot of time to understand that which is the common quality among all the successful people.

This is the main purpose of this book you can know what is common among all the people who have been successful or are being followed.

OBSERVER



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Observer

Observation is simply paying attention to things or events to gather information about them. It's like looking at the world around you and noticing what you see, hear, touch, taste, or smell. Observation helps us understand and describe the world, and can be used in science, daily life, and many other fields.

Isaac Newton (1642-1727) was an English physicist, mathematician, and astronomer. He is widely regarded as one of the most influential scientists in history and is best known for his laws of motion and universal gravitation.

Overall, Newton's work revolutionized our understanding of the natural world and continues to be widely studied and applied in fields such as engineering, physics, and astronomy.

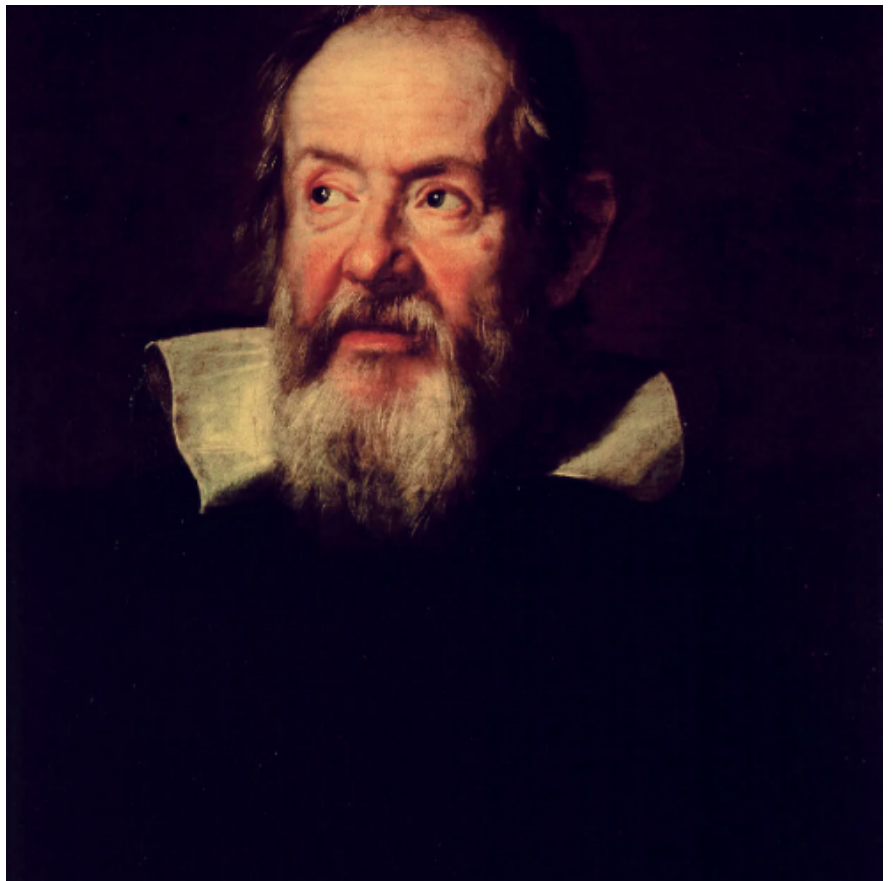


Observer

Newton's observations is his work with light and color. He used a prism to show that white light is actually composed of light of different colors, which he called the spectrum of light. This observation helped him to understand the nature of light and color, which was important for his work in optics.

In general, Newton's scientific work was based on careful observation and experimentation, and he is considered one of the first true experimental scientists. His observations and experiments helped him to develop many important scientific theories that continue to be relevant and influential today.

Galileo Galilei (1564-1642) was an Italian physicist, mathematician, astronomer, and philosopher who is widely considered to be one of the most important figures in the history of science. He made many important contributions to our understanding of the natural world, including the development of the scientific method, the discovery of the four largest moons of Jupiter, and the establishment of the principles of motion.



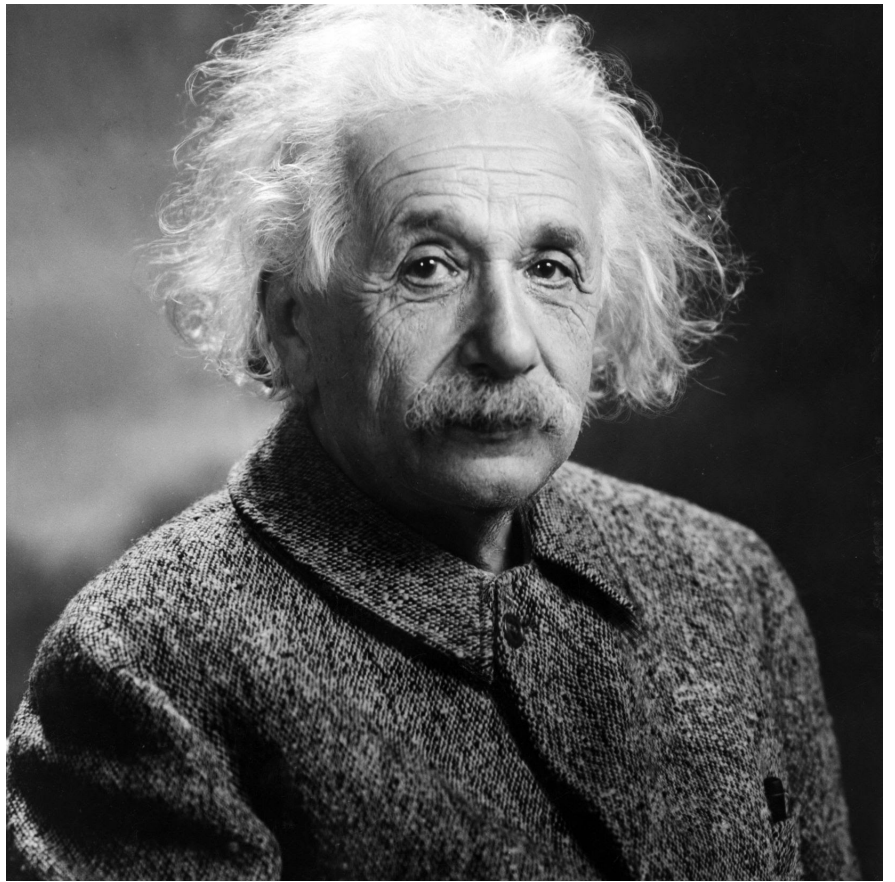
Observer

Galileo Galilei was a master of observation, and his careful and systematic observations were a key part of his scientific work. One of his most famous observations was of the phases of Venus, which provided strong evidence for the Copernican heliocentric model of the solar system. He observed that Venus showed phases, much like the Moon, which could only be explained if Venus revolved around the sun and not around the Earth.

Galileo's observations and experiments helped him to make many important scientific discoveries, and his use of the scientific method was a major contribution to the development of modern science. His work continues to be widely studied and admired today, and he is often referred to as one of the greatest scientists of all time.

Most influential scientists of the 20th century. He developed the theory of general relativity, which describes the laws governing the behavior of objects in motion, and is considered one of the two pillars of modern physics, along with quantum mechanics

Einstein's work had a profound impact on our understanding of the universe, and his famous equation, $E=mc^2$, showed that mass and energy are equivalent and interchangeable.



Observer

Albert Einstein was a master of observation and his scientific work was based on a combination of intuition and careful observation. One of the key observations that led him to the theory of general relativity was his realization that the laws of physics should appear the same to all observers, regardless of their motion relative to each other. This idea, known as the principle of general covariance, was a major departure from previous views on the nature of space and time and formed the basis for Einstein's theory of general relativity.

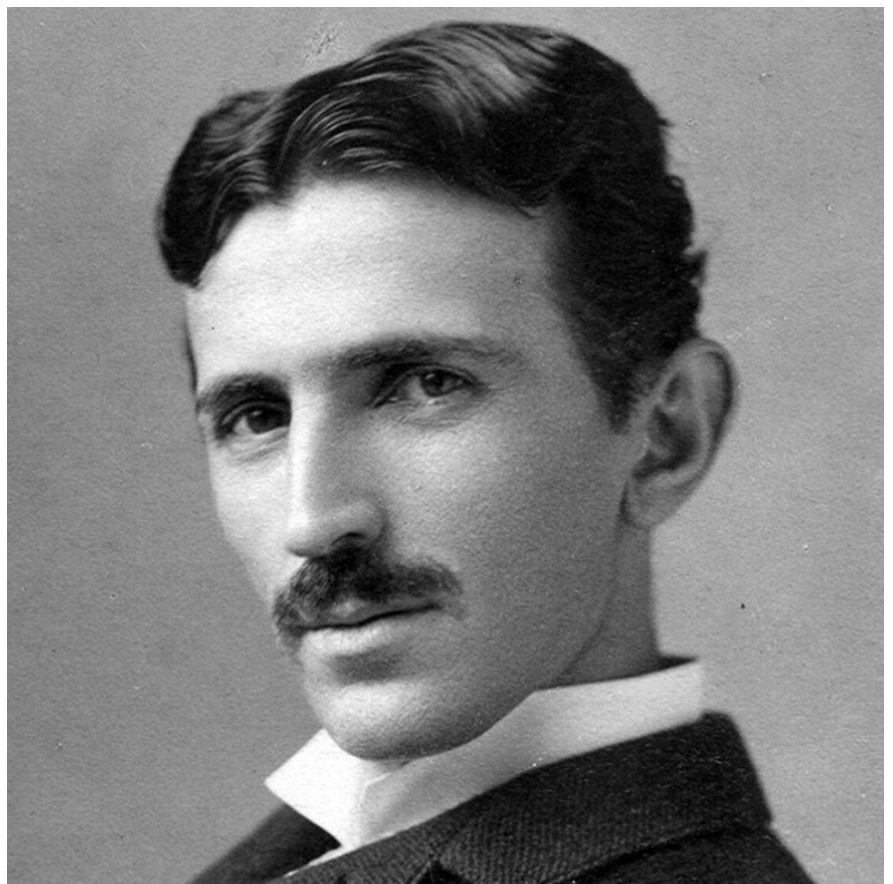
Einstein also made important contributions to our understanding of the nature of light and the structure of matter. He showed that light can exhibit both wave-like and particle-like behavior, and that matter can be described in terms of tiny particles, now known as atoms.

Overall, Einstein's observational skills and ability to think creatively and outside the box were critical to his scientific success. His work continues to inspire new generations of scientists and researchers, and his legacy remains an important part of the scientific and cultural heritage of humanity.

Tesla's work was based on a combination of observation, experimentation, and intuition, and he had a remarkable ability to visualize complex electrical systems in his mind.

Tesla's work continues to inspire new generations of scientists and engineers, and his legacy remains an important part of the scientific and technological heritage of humanity.

Today, he is remembered as a brilliant inventor and visionary who helped to shape the modern world.

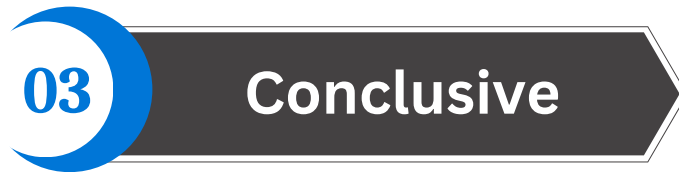


Observer

Nikola Tesla was known for his ability to make insightful observations, and his work was based on a combination of observation, experimentation, and intuition. He was an excellent observer of natural phenomena, and his observations often led to new discoveries and inventions.

One of Tesla's key observations was the behavior of electrical currents in alternating current (AC) systems. He observed that AC currents could be transformed and transmitted over long distances more efficiently than direct current (DC) currents, and he used this observation to develop the AC power distribution system that we use today. Tesla's AC system was a major departure from the DC systems that were in use at the time, and it transformed the electrical industry and paved the way for the widespread use of electricity.

Overall, Tesla's observational skills and ability to think creatively and outside the box were critical to his scientific and technological success. His work continues to inspire new generations of scientists and engineers, and his legacy remains an important part of the scientific and technological heritage of humanity.



03 Conclusive

“To acquire knowledge, one must study; but to acquire wisdom, one must observe.”