Compiler Design

Assignment – 5: Follow Set find

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<string.h>
int limit, x = 0;
char production[10][10], array[10];
void find_first(char ch);
void find_follow(char ch);
void Array_Manipulation(char ch);
int main()
   int count;
   char option, ch;
   printf("\n Enter Total Number of Productions:\t");
   scanf("%d", &limit);
   for(count = 0; count < limit; count++)</pre>
   {
      printf("\n Value of Production Number [%d]:\t", count + 1);
      scanf("%s", production[count]);
   }
   do
   {
      x = 0;
      printf("\n Enter production Value to Find Follow:\t");
      scanf(" %c", &ch);
      find_follow(ch);
```

```
printf("\n Follow Value of %c:\t{ ", ch);
      for(count = 0; count < x; count++)</pre>
          printf("%c ", array[count]);
      printf("}\n");
      printf("To Continue, Press Y:\t");
      scanf(" %c", &option);
   }while(option == 'y' || option == 'Y');
   return 0;
void find_follow(char ch)
   int i, j;
   int length = strlen(production[i]);
   if(production[0][0] == ch)
      Array_Manipulation('$');
   for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
      for(j = 2; j < length; j++)
       {
          if(production[i][j] == ch)
          {
              if(production[i][j + 1] != '\0')
              {
                 find_first(production[i][j + 1]);
              if(production[i][j + 1] == '\0' \&\& ch != production[i][0])
                 find_follow(production[i][0]);
```

```
void find_first(char ch)
   int i, k;
   if(!(isupper(ch)))
   {
      Array_Manipulation(ch);
   for(k = 0; k < limit; k++)
   {
      if(production[k][0] == ch)
          if(production[k][2] == '$')
             find_follow(production[i][0]);
          else if(islower(production[k][2]))
          {
             Array_Manipulation(production[k][2]);
          else
             find_first(production[k][2]);
```

```
void Array_Manipulation(char ch)
{
    int count;
    for(count = 0; count <= x; count++)
    {
        if(array[count] == ch)
        {
            return;
        }
     }
     array[x++] = ch;
}</pre>
```

Output: