Compiler Design

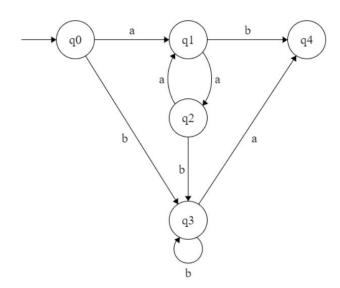
- Practical-1: Implementation of Finite Automata and String Validation
- Design a deterministic finite automaton (DFA) for accepting the language.
- Regular expression for language L is,

$$L = (aa)* (b)+$$

- > There are 3 steps involve which results in acceptance of string:
- Step-1) Construct FA for (aa)* means having even number of a's.
- Step-2) Construct FA for (b)+ means having any number of b's greater than one.
- Step-3) Concatenate the two FA and make single DFA.

 Any other combination result is the rejection of the input string.

DFA Transition Diagram



CODE:

```
def start(c):
  if (c == 'a'):
     dfa = 1
  elif (c == 'b'):
     dfa = 3
  else:
     dfa = -1
  return dfa
def s1(c):
  if (c == 'a'):
     dfa = 2
  elif (c == 'b'):
     dfa = 4
  else:
     dfa = -1
  return dfa
def s2(c):
  if (c == 'b'):
     dfa = 3
  elif (c == 'a'):
     dfa = 1
  else:
     dfa = -1
  return dfa
```

```
def s3(c):
  if (c == 'b'):
     dfa = 3
  elif (c == 'a'):
     dfa = 4
  else:
     dfa = -1
  return dfa
def s4(c):
  dfa = -1
  return dfa
def isAccepted(String):
  I = len(String)
  dfa = 0
  for i in range(I):
     if (dfa == 0):
        dfa = start(String[i])
     elif (dfa == 1):
        dfa = s1(String[i])
     elif (dfa == 2):
        dfa = s2(String[i])
     elif (dfa == 3):
        dfa = s3(String[i])
```

```
elif (dfa == 4):
    dfa = s4(String[i])
    else:
        return 0

if(dfa == 3):
    return 1

else:
    return 0

String = input("Input String: ")

#String = "aaaaaabbbb"

if (isAccepted(String)):
    print("ACCEPTED")

else:
    print("NOT ACCEPTED")
```

Output:

```
>>> %Run dfa.py
  Input Stringaaaaaabbbb
ACCEPTED
>>> %Run dfa.py
  Input String: aaaaaabbbb
>>> %Run dfa.py
  Input String: aaaaaabbbbb
>>> %Run dfa.py
  Input String: aaab
  NOT ACCEPTED
>>> %Run dfa.py
  Input String: aabbbb
  ACCEPTED
>>> %Run dfa.py
  Input String: aaaaaabbbb
ACCEPTED
>>> %Run dfa.py
  Input String: aab
```