# Hypothesis: Coupling Between Gravitational Field and the Vortex BN Field

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Serious theoretical physics playtime

#### Abstract

This hypothesis proposes a fundamental coupling between timevarying gravitational fields and a novel vortex field (BN) through torsional spacetime dynamics. We derive a set of field equations where:

- Variable gravitational fields  $\mathbf{g}(t)$  induce rotational BN fields via  $\nabla \times \mathbf{B}_N = -c^{-2}\partial_t \mathbf{g}$
- The BN field exerts velocity-dependent forces  $\mathbf{F}_{BN} = m(\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}_N)$  on matter

The theory predicts: (1) new high-frequency gravitational wave modes, (2) modification of galactic rotation without dark matter, and (3) measurable torsion effects in N-body systems. Experimental verification routes include LIGO data analysis and laboratory-scale torsion detectors. The mathematical framework extends Einstein-Cartan geometry with a propagating torsion field  $T^{\lambda}_{\mu\nu} \propto \epsilon^{\lambda\alpha\mu\nu} B_{N\alpha}$ .

### Assumptions

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# Assumptions

1. A time-varying gravitational field g(t, r) induces a vortex BN field  $\mathbf{B}_N$  via:

 $\nabla \times \mathbf{B}_N = -\frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \mathbf{g}}{\partial t}.$ 

2. The **BN field** interacts with matter through a force:

$$\mathbf{F}_{BN} = m \left( \mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}_N \right),$$

where m is mass and  $\mathbf{v}$  is velocity.

#### **Predictions**

- New gravitational waves: g-BN waves propagating at light speed.
- Galaxy rotation curves: BN field explains anomalies without dark matter.
- Solar system effects: Perturbations in planetary orbits near high- $\mathbf{B}_N$ regions.

# **Experimental Verification**

- 1. **BN wave detection**: Search LIGO/Virgo data for signals at  $10^{-3}$  Hz.
- 2. Gyroscope experiment: Measure axis drift in an isolated BN field.
- 3. N-body simulations: Add  $\mathbf{F}_{BN}$  to galactic motion equations.

### Mathematical Framework

• Torsion tensor:

$$T^{\lambda}_{\mu\nu} = \epsilon^{\lambda\alpha\mu\nu} B_{N\alpha}.$$

• Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{4} B_{N\mu\nu} B_N^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} \mu_g J_g^{\mu} B_{N\mu},$$

where  $B_{N\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}B_{N\nu} - \partial_{\nu}B_{N\mu}$ .

# Discussion

- Is BN gravity's dark photon?
- Is  $J_g$  a quantum information flow?
- How does BN affect spacetime entropy?

# References

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