IBM Employee Attrition Prediction Analysis Report

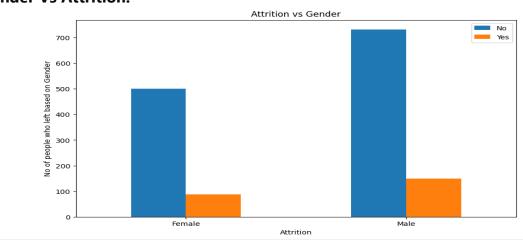
1. Introduction:

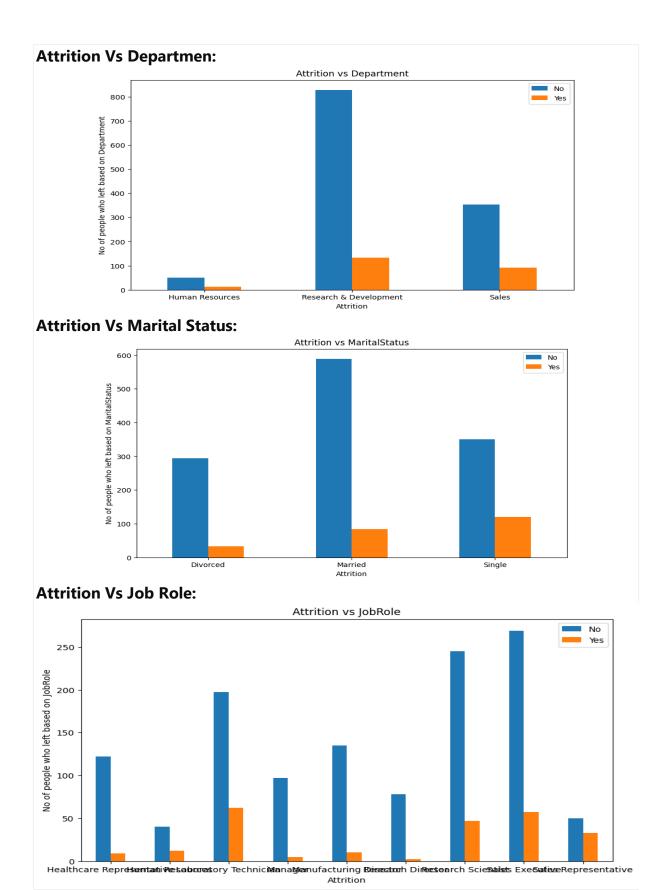
Employee attrition is a critical concern for organizations as it can lead to decreased productivity, loss of institutional knowledge, and increased recruitment costs. Predicting employee attrition using machine learning techniques can help organizations identify at-risk employees and take proactive measures to retain them. In this report, we summarize the findings and insights gained from analyzing the IBM HR Analytics Employee Attrition & Performance dataset.

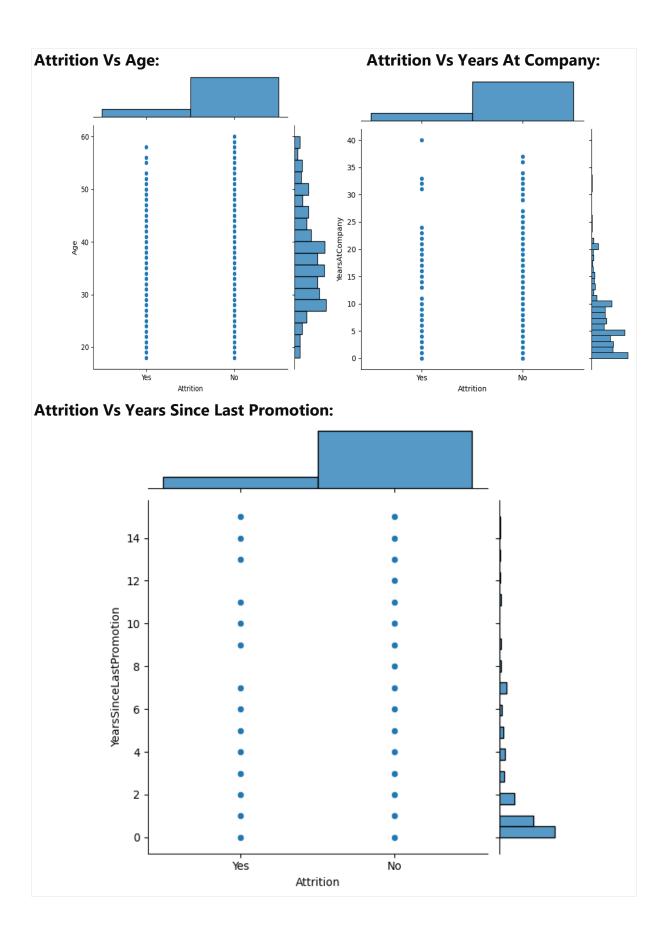
2. Dataset Analysis and Preprocessing:

- **Dataset Description:** The dataset contains various attributes related to employee demographics, job roles, satisfaction levels, performance ratings, etc., along with a target variable indicating whether an employee has left the company (Yes or No).
- Data Exploration: We explored the dataset to understand its structure, features, and distribution. This involved examining descriptive statistics, checking for missing values, and visualizing relationships between variables.
- **Preprocessing Steps:** We handled missing values, encoded categorical variables using one-hot encoding, and split the dataset into training and testing sets for model development.

2.1 Data Analysis: Gender Vs Attrition:







3. Model Development:

We experimented with various machine learning algorithms for binary classification, including Logistic Regression, Random Forest, Support Vector Machine (SVM), XGBoost, AdaBoost, Decision Tree, K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN), Gradient Boosting, Neural Network, and Naive Bayes.

4. Model Evaluation and Optimization:

- We evaluated each model's performance using metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score on the test data.
- Optimization techniques like hyperparameter tuning and ensemble methods were applied to improve model performance.
- Insights were gained into the significance of various features and their impact on predicting employee attrition.

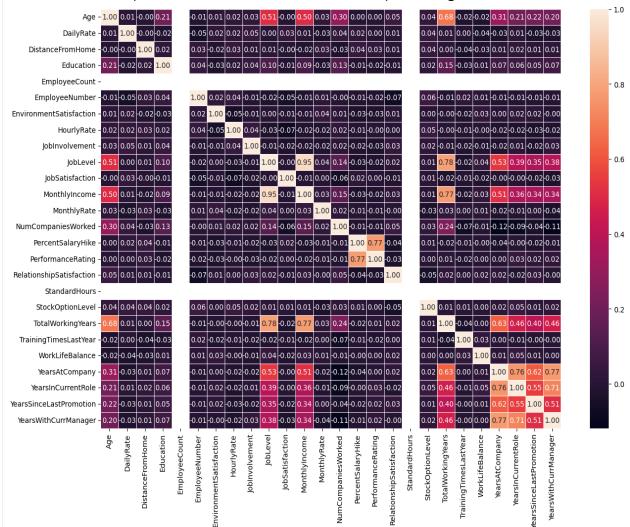
5. Evaluation Results:

- XGBoost, Random Forest, and AdaBoost emerged as the best-performing models based on their accuracy and F1-score.
- Neural Network also showed competitive accuracy, but its precision, recall, and F1-score were not provided for comprehensive evaluation.
- Other models like SVM, Logistic Regression, KNN, Naive Bayes, and Decision Tree exhibited varying levels of performance, with some models showing poor precision and recall.

Model Name	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1 Score
XGBoostClassifier	87.75510204081633	58.82352941176471	25.64102564102564	35.714285714285715
Random Forest Classifier	87.75510204081633	80.0	10.256410256410255	18.1818181818183
AdaBoostClassifier	87.41496598639455	54.166666666666664	33.33333333333333	41.269841269841265
${\sf Gradient Boosting Classifier}$	87.07482993197279	53.84615384615385	17.94871794871795	26.923076923076923
NeuralNetwork	86.73469424247742	-	-	-
SVMClassifier	86.73469387755102	0.0	0.0	0.0
LogisticRegression	86.39455782312925	33.33333333333333	2.564102564102564	4.761904761904762
KNeighborsClassifier	84.6938775510204	31.25	12.82051282051282	18.18181818181818
NaiveBayesClassifier	79.25170068027211	34.285714285714285	61.53846153846154	44.03669724770642
DecisionTreeClassifier	75.85034013605441	15.217391304347828	17.94871794871795	16.470588235294116

6. Insights Gained:

- Factors such as job satisfaction, work-life balance, and job role were identified as significant predictors of employee attrition.
- Models like XGBoost, Random Forest, and AdaBoost provided valuable insights into feature importance and their contributions to predicting attrition.



7. Recommendations for Reducing Employee Attrition:

- Implement proactive measures based on predictive models to identify at-risk employees and intervene early.
- Focus on improving job satisfaction, work-life balance, and career development opportunities to increase employee retention.
- Regularly retrain and update predictive models with new data to ensure effectiveness in capturing evolving trends in attrition.

8. Conclusion:

Predicting employee attrition is a complex but important task for organizations to manage their workforce effectively. By leveraging machine learning techniques and analyzing relevant factors, organizations can gain valuable insights into attrition patterns and take proactive steps to reduce attrition rates, improve employee satisfaction, and enhance overall organizational performance.

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