

# A nonlinear adaptive weight-based mutated whale optimization algorithm and its application for solving engineering problems

# Zhi Wang<sup>1</sup>, Yayun Li<sup>1</sup>, Lei Wu<sup>2</sup>, Qiang Guo<sup>2</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> SINOPEC Petroleum Engineering Corporation, Dongying 257000, China
- <sup>2</sup> School of Petroleum Engineering, China University of Petroleum, Qingdao 266580, China

Corresponding author: Zhi Wang (e-mail: wngzhi.osec@sinopec.com).

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ABSTRACT Whale optimization algorithm (WOA) is a swarm-based optimization algorithm with exceptional performance and significant originality. In this study, a novel variant of WOA called nonlinear adaptive weight-based mutated WOA (NAWMWOA) is proposed to overcome the shortcomings of original WOA such as easily falling into local optimum and slow convergence speed. In detail, the proposed NAWMWOA includes three novel strategies as comparing with original WOA. Firstly, a nonlinear convergence factor is embedded into the original WOA to balance exploration and exploitation ability. The second improvement is an adaptive weight strategy, which can enhance the exploratory searching trends and improve the solution accuracy. Moreover, the thirdly proposed hybrid mutation strategy has the function of increasing the accuracy and jumping out of the local optimum. The combination of the three strategies significantly improve convergence efficiency and search accuracy of original WOA. To verify the remarkable performance of the proposed NAWMWOA, a series of illustrious WOA variants and state-of-the-art intelligent algorithms is compared with the NAWMWOA on 37 benchmark functions and three typical engineering problems. The details of experimental and statistics results illustrate that the presented NAWMWOA has higher convergence efficiency and better solution accuracy. As a conclusion, the proposed NAWMWOA is a competitive and outstanding algorithm.

KEYWORDS Whale optimization algorithm, Swarm intelligence, Adaptive weight, Engineering design

### I. INTRODUCTION

With the rapid development of various engineering applications, traditional methods such as gradient descent, which have the disadvantages of low efficiency and narrow application scope, are no longer applicable to engineering problems with increasingly high complexity and quality standards. Therefore, meta-heuristic algorithms with the advantages of high optimization efficiency and simple principle have rapidly developed and widely used in various fields including feature selection [1], convolutional neural networks [2], collaborative robots [3], deep learning [4], extreme learning machines [5], optimization of design [6], multi-threshold color image segmentation [7], and Job-Shop scheduling problem [8]. As meta-heuristic algorithms are required in more and more scenarios, various novel optimization algorithms have been exploited. One of the most remarkable is swarm-based algorithms that mimic the social behavior of natural organisms, such as horse herd optimization algorithm (HOA) [9], marine predators algorithm (MPA) [10] slime mould algorithm (SMA) [11], monarch butterfly optimization (MBO) [12], binary dragonfly algorithm (BDA) [13], harris hawks optimization (HHO) [14] salp swarm algorithm (SSA) [15], tunicate swarm algorithm (TSA) [16], chimp optimization algorithm (COA) [17], butterfly optimization algorithm (BOA) [18], flower pollination algorithm (FPA) [19], pity beetle algorithm (PBA) [20], grey wolf optimizer (GWO) [21], ant colony optimization (ACO) [22], and chameleon swarm algorithm (CSA) [23]. In addition, evolutionary algorithms, physics-based algorithms, and human-based algorithms are three meta-heuristic algorithms, and some well-known algorithms among them are shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1. Several famous meta-heuristic algorithms

Algorithm	Category



Adaptive multi-objective evolutionary algorithm (AGMOEA) [24] Genetic algorithms (GA) [25] **Evolutionary** Probability-based incremental learning algorithm (PBIL) [26] Genetic programming (GP) [27] Gravitational local search (GLSA) [28] Stochastic fractal Search (SFS) [29] Big bang big crunch (BBBC) [30] Physics-based algorithm Central force optimization (CFO) [31] Gravitational search algorithm (GSA) [32] Stock exchange trading optimization (SETO) [33] group search optimizer (GSO) [34] Interactive autodidactic school (IAS) Human-based Most valuable player algorithm algorithm (MVPA) [36] Teaching-learning-based optimization (TLBO) [37] League championship algorithm (LCA) [38]

The whale optimization algorithm (WOA) [39] is a novel swam-based algorithm proposed by Mirjalili et al. in 2016, which mimics the unique spiral bubble net of humpback whales during hunting to optimize engineering problems. Compared with other algorithms, WOA has advantages of simple structure, few setting parameters, and pure principle. Therefore, WOA is widely applied in various fields including function optimization [40], reservoir optimal operation [41], structure optimization [42], sizing optimization [43] and target assignment [44]. In addition, Brodzicki et al. applied WOA for the optimization task of hyperparameters. Simulations show that the WOA can be successfully used for hyperparameters optimization, achieving an accuracy of 80.60% for Reuters datasets [45]. In order to ensure the safety and reliability of the underwater vehicle, Yan et al. used WOA to plan the threedimensional path of the underwater vehicle. The results illustrate that the method has the advantages of fast execution speed and high calculation accuracy [46].

However, the simple structure of WOA makes it easy to fall into local optimization and lacks global search ability when solving complex high-dimensional problems. Therefore, some researchers have devoted themselves to developing improvement strategies for the defects of WOA and proposed more advanced WOA, which are applied to solve various complex problems. For example, Niu et al. proposed a combination of oppositely adaptive whale optimization algorithm (AWOA) to predict heat consumption rate of steam turbines. The prediction results show that the prediction model based on AWOA had higher

prediction accuracy and stronger generalization ability [47]. Cosine adapted modified whale optimization algorithm (CamWOA), in which cosine function is embedded for the selection of parameters was proposed by Saha et al. to solve a multi-objective engineering problem pertaining to control of switched reluctance motor[48]. Strumberger proposed a hybridized WOA by combining with some other metaheuristics and applied to perform the resource scheduling problem in cloud environments. Achieved results in all simulations illustrate that the proposed hybrid WOA outperforms other meta-heuristics [49]. An improved WOA (SCA-WOA) combined with the cosine form nonlinear convergence factor was proposed by Yue et al. to obtain the wireless sensor network optimal coverage scheme. The experimental results show that the method has a significant effect in improving the network coverage effect [50]. Lei et al. proposed an improved WOA (IWOA) that embeds Levy flight, opposition-based learning, and nonlinear convergence factor to optimize the mine water optimization scheduling model. The results show that the reuse efficiency of the multi-level scheduling method of mine water reuse is increased by 30.2% and 31.9%, respectively [51]. Jiao et al. mutated WOA by introducing the crazy operator and the golden sine algorithm, which improved the global search ability of the WOA, and its outstanding performance was also verified in simulation results [52]. Ya et al. proposed DWOA, which embedded the existing discretization methods into WOA, showing an excellent performance in the knapsack problems [53]. Li et al. gave WOA the advantages of the DE, called DE-WOA, which further improves the convergence speed of the model [54]. Zhou et al. introduced a teaching learningbased algorithm and simplex method into the original WOA to achieves a better balance between exploration and exploitation of WOA and successfully applied it to the multi-layer perceptron neural network training [55]. Cai et al. proposed a novel variant of WOA called balanced WOA by combining the dynamic balance strategy and the population reconstruction mechanism, and the feasibility and effectiveness were verified in path planning [56]. A variant of WOA combined with evolution operators named IMOWOA was proposed by Qian et al., and its effectiveness was proved in the deterministic optimization of vehicle structure crashworthiness [57]. In order to perform parameter optimization and feature selection simultaneously for SVM, Wang et al. proposed a variant of WOA (CMWOA), which combines chaotic and multiswarm. The experimental results demonstrate that CMWOA-based model significantly outperformed all the other competitors in terms of classification performance and feature subset size [58]. Zhang et al. proposed a novel optimization scheme called EWOA which combined the search updating strategy and the gray correlation mechanism, and it was applied to optimize the SVM random parameters. The experimental results prove that the



EWOA-SVM model is superior to other existing methods in terms of fast convergence speed and high prediction accuracy [59]. In order to reasonably allocate mobile conventional missile battle positions, Li et al. optimized the original WOA using the convergence factor and the diversity mutation operation, which provides a reference for the deployment mode of mobile missile positions [60].

Actually, although the cosine function parameters are utilized in CamWOA to improve convergence accuracy, the effect is limited. The strategies such as Levy flight, opposition-based learning, and nonlinear convergence factor are employed in IWOA to improve population diversity of WOA, which reduces the convergence speed of the algorithm. The communication learning mechanism proposed by CMWOA improves the exploration performance of WOA, however, the exploitation ability of population decreases. Moreover, the dominance population used in the WOA variants, have improved convergence speed but greatly reduced population diversity. Thus, the current variants of WOA proposed by researchers always have limitations and drawbacks, and one algorithm cannot always perform as the best on most optimization problems, and there is still some space to improve the overall performance of the algorithm. Therefore, a variant of WOA called nonlinear adaptive weight-based mutated whale optimization algorithm (NAWMWOA) has been proposed in this study, which includes three improvement strategies: nonlinear convergence factor, adaptive weight, and hybrid mutation strategy. The nonlinear convergence factor changes nonlinearly with the iteration time. The global search ability and local development ability are effectively balanced with the aid of the nonlinear convergence factor. The adaptive weight is used to overcome the defect of easily falling into local optimum. Inspired by the SMA and SSA, a hybrid mutation strategy was proposed to increase population diversity and help search agents jump out of local optimum, which can effectively improve the search accuracy.

To verify the performance of proposed NAWMWOA, it is compared with variants of WOA and state-of-the-art algorithms on the basis of CEC2015 [61], CEC2021 [62], and CEC2022 benchmark functions. Moreover, three constraint problems are employed to test the feasibility of NAWMWOA for solving engineering problems. In short, the experimental results of NAWMWOA are better than other comparison algorithms, indicating the superiority of the proposed algorithm.

The content of this study is designed as follows: Section 2 will introduce the basic principle and composition of the original WOA in detail. Section 3 will explain the principles and functions of the three improvement strategies. Section 4 will conduct a full range of experiments on the proposed NAWMWOA, including comparison with other variant of WOA and advanced algorithms. The application effect of the NAWMWOA in

various engineering problems will be shown in Section 5. Section 6 will summarize this study and discuss the research direction in the next stage.

#### **II. OVERVIEW OF ORIGINAL WOA**

In this section, the principles and structure of the WOA will be introduced in detail. WOA is an advanced meta-heuristic algorithm proposed by Australian scientist Mirjalili in 2016, which imitates the unique hunting process of humpback whales. According to the principle of whale hunting, WOA is divided into three stages: encircling prey, bubble-net attacking method, and search for prey. Among them, the bubble net attaching method is also called the exploitation phase, which is mainly applied for depth searches to obtain more accurate solutions. The search for prey is also called the exploration phase, which has the function of widening the search scope and improving the population diversity. Specific details of the WOA are described in the following subsections.

#### A. ENCIRCLING PREY

Humpback whales can identify and surround their prey. The location of the optimal solution in the search space is uncertain. However, the location of the current optimal individual is known. The whale updates its position to approach the current optimal individual and encircle prey. This behavior is represented by the following equations:

$$D = |C \cdot X_{(t)}^* - X_{(t)}| \tag{1}$$

where t indicates the current iteration  $X^*_{(t)}$  is the optimal solution so far,  $X_{(t)}$  represents the whale individual in the current iteration, C is a coefficient vector, || is the absolute value.

The process that individual updates position to the current optimal solution is described as following:

$$X_{(t+1)} = X_{(t)}^* - A \cdot D \tag{2}$$

where A represents a vector described by Eq. (3), ( $\cdot$ ) represents an element-by-element multiplication.

$$A = 2ar_1 - a \tag{3}$$

$$C = 2r_2 \tag{4}$$

where  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  are random vectors in the interval of [0,1]. a is a convergence factor determined by the iteration time. As iteration time increases, a linearly decreases from 2 to 0.

## B. BUBBLE-NET ATTACKING METHOD

At this stage, whales spiral upward from beneath the shoal, creating bubbles to form bubble nets, and then surround their prey with bubble nets. The mathematical model of this process can be expressed as:

$$D' = |X_{(t)}^* - X_{(t)}| \tag{5}$$

$$X_{(t+1)} = D' \cdot e^{bl} \cdot \cos(2\pi l) + X_{(t)}^*$$
 (6)



where D' represents the gap between the current whale and the current optimal solution, b is a constant for defining the shape of the logarithmic spiral, and l is a random value in the interval of [0,1].

The two hunting methods mentioned above have a 50% probability of being applied respectively. The mathematical model is presented as follows:

$$X_{(t+1)} = \begin{cases} X_{(t)}^* - A \cdot D & f \ p < 0.5 \\ D' \cdot e^{bl} \cdot \cos(2\pi l) + X_{(t)}^* \ f \ p \ge 0.5 \end{cases}$$
 (7)

where p is a random value in the interval of [0, 1].

#### C. SEARCH FOR PREY

In addition, the whale will change the hunting method based on the change of vector A. When |A| > 1, the whale will randomly select another individual as the target to update the position. The mathematical model is as follows:

$$D = |C \cdot X_{rand} - X| \tag{8}$$

$$X_{(t+1)} = X_{rand} - A \cdot D \tag{9}$$

where  $X_{\text{rand}}$  is a random individual. When |A| > 1, global exploration is performed, and when |A| < 1, local exploitation is performed.

#### III. PROPOSED NAWMWOA

Various variants of WOA have been proposed and widely used in various fields. However, with the rapid development of expert systems with applications, the original WOA and some variants of WOA present a tendency to fall into local optimum easily and imprecise convergence results. Therefore, to overcome these shortcomings, three novel improvement mechanisms were embedded into WOA and generated an improved WOA called nonlinear adaptive weight-based mutated whale optimization algorithm (NAWMWOA). The three improvement mechanisms are nonlinear convergence factor, adaptive weight and hybrid mutation strategy.

#### A. NONLINEAR CONVERGENCE FACTOR

The balance of algorithm between the two main phases (exploration phase and development phase) significantly affects the quality of convergence results, and the decision of which phases to execute made by convergence factor a. However, the convergence factor a decreases linearly from 1 to 0 as the iterations increase, resulting in one type of exploration and exploitation phases overly executed and the other type of exploration and exploitation phases diluted. Then the undesirable result of falling into local optimum or failing to converge will appear. Therefore, the nonlinear convergence factor  $a_2$  is proposed to improve the balance between the two stages, and thus improve the convergence speed and accuracy of the algorithm. Moreover, the  $a_2$  is derived by a formula similar to chaotic random principle. Therefore, the randomness of  $a_2$  improves the possibility of achieving

dynamic equilibrium. The mathematical expression of the Nonlinear convergence factor proposed is as follows:

$$R = \frac{t}{T_{max}} \tag{10}$$

$$h = 1 - 2 \cdot h^2 \tag{11}$$

$$a_2 = 2\left(1 + (|h| - 1) \cdot R^{\frac{1}{4}} - |h| \cdot R^2\right)$$
 (12)

where R represents rate of iteration.  $T_{max}$  is maximum iterations. h is a chaotic parameter that controls the fluctuation of  $a_2$ . In detail, to make the value of chaos parameter h satisfy the requirement of more uniform random value with chaos mapping, the value range of h is set to [0,1]. Moreover, the randomness of chaotic mapping becomes worse when the value of h is 0.25 according to the rule of chaotic mapping. Thus, the initial value of h satisfies the following conditions: 1 > h > 0 and  $h \neq 0.25$ .

#### **B. ADAPTIVE WEIGHT**

To overcome the defect of the original WOA that it is easy to fall into local optimum and not reduce the convergence speed of the algorithm, an adaptive weight strategy that dynamically changes with the number of iterations is proposed.

The adaptive weight is determined by two parts: the first half of the weight plays a major role in regulating the slow convergence rate, and the second half of the weight plays a major role in overcoming the population to fall into the local optimal. The principle is as follows: at the early stage of the iteration, assuming that the whale population falls into small search area, and the difference between the optimal solution and the worst solution is not significant, the value  $p_2 \cdot (ub - ub)$ lb)/t is not affected by the population distribution and a large weight value w can still be obtained, thus alleviating the defect of the algorithm falling into the local optimal solution at the early stage of the iteration. With the increase of the iterations, the value  $p_2 \cdot (ub - lb)/t$  will gradually decrease, and its influence on the weight w will decrease. If the algorithm does not get the optimal solution at this time,  $p_1$ .  $(X_{(t)}^* - X_{(t)bad}^*)$  can play a leading role in the adaptive weight, which can enable the algorithm to optimize with a larger step size and thus improve the convergence speed. The detailed descriptions are as follows:

$$w = p_1 \cdot (X_{(t)}^* - X_{(t)bad}^*) + p_2 \cdot (ub - lb)/t$$
 (13)

$$X_{(t+1)} = w \cdot X_{(t)}^* - A \cdot D \tag{14}$$

$$X_{(t+1)} = w \cdot X_{rand} - A \cdot D \tag{15}$$

where w indicates the adaptive weight.  $p_1$  and  $p_2$  are two different constants. ub and lb represent upper and lower bounds of the search space, respectively.  $X_{(t)bad}^*$  is the worst solution in the current iteration.



#### C. HYBRID MUTATION STRATEGY

The structure of the original WOA exploration phase is relatively simple and the form is single, which limits the diversity of individuals and further leads to the imprecision of the algorithm convergence results. Therefore, the hybrid mutation strategy was embedded into WOA to overcome the above defects.

The hybrid mutation strategy is mainly divided into two parts: diffusion mutation mimicking slime mold looking for nutrients (Mutation 1) and chain mutation mimicking salps hunting (Mutation 2). Mutation 1 is based on the globally optimal individual and two random individuals. Mutation 2 is only performed based on globally optimal individuals. The two categories of mutations combined with each other to form a hybrid mutation strategy. Under the action of this strategy, the diversity of individual is further improved, and finally, more accurate and mature convergence results are obtained. The mathematical model of the hybrid mutation strategy is displayed as follows:

$$g = X_{(t)}^* - X_{(t)bad}^* \tag{16}$$

$$B_i = 1 + r_3 \cdot log(\frac{f(X_{(t)}^*) - f(X_i)}{g} + 1)$$
 (17)

$$B_i = 1 - r_3 \cdot log(\frac{f(X_{(t)}^*) - f(X_i)}{g} + 1)$$
 (18)

$$s = tanh|f(X_i) - f(X_{(t)}^*)|$$
 (19)

$$v_j = [-a_2, a_2] (20)$$

$$c_1 = 2 \cdot e^{-(4 \cdot R)^2} \tag{21}$$

$$X_{(t+1),j} = X_{(t)g,j}^* + v_j \cdot (B_{i,j} \cdot (X_{randa,j} - X_{randb,j}))$$
 (22)

$$X_{(t+1),j} = X_{(t)g,j}^* + c_1 \cdot ((ub - lb) \cdot r_5 + lb)$$
 (23)

$$X_{(t+1),i} = X_{(t),i}^* - c_1 \cdot ((ub - lb) \cdot r_5 + lb)$$
 (24)

The pseudo-code of the NAWMWOA is displayed in Algorithm 1. A readily comprehensible NAWMWOA flowchart is indicated in Fig.1.

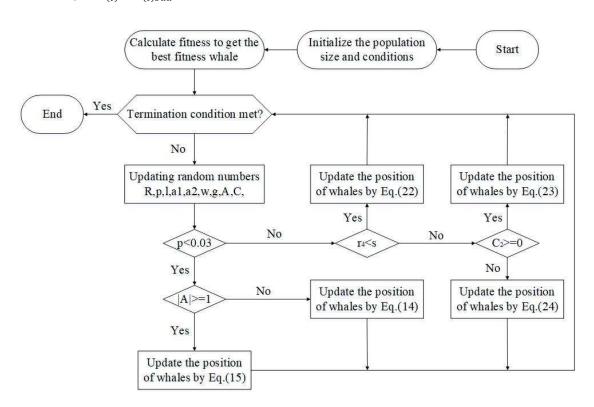


FIGURE 1. Flowchart of NAWMWOA.

#### Algorithm 1 Pseudocode of NAWMWOA.

Set population size N, maximum iteration times  $T_{max}$ , and dimension number D Initialize random position of whale  $X_i (i = 1, 2, ..., N)$ 

Calculate the fitness values of each search agent

Get the best search agent  $X^*$ 

while (t < T) do



```
Update h by Eq. (11)
  for each whale
     Update a_1, a_2, w, A, C, R and p
     Update g by Eq. (16)
     if (i < N/2)
       Update B by Eq. (17)
     else if (i \ge N/2) then
       Update B by Eq. (18)
       if (|A| \ge 1) then
          Select a random search agent X_{rand}
          Update the position of current search agent by Eq. (15)
       else if (|A| < 1) then
          Update the position of current search agent by Eq. (14)
       end if
     else if (p \ge 0.03) then
       Update s, v by Eq. (19) and Eq. (20)
       for j = 1: dim do
          Select a random search agent (X_{rand1}, X_{rand2})
          if (r_4 < s)
             Update the position of current search by Eq. (22)
          else if (r_4 \ge s) then
             Update c_1 by Eq. (21)
            if c_2 \geq 0
               Update the position of current search by Eq. (23)
             else if (c_2 < 0) then
               Update the position of current search by Eq. (24)
             end if
          end if
       end for
     end if
  end for
  Check the space limits
  Calculate the fitness of each search agent
  Update X^* if there is a better solution
  t = t + 1
end while
return X*
```

## D. TIME COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS

Time complexity is one of the important indexes to evaluate the efficiency of algorithm. It can be seen from the pseudocode of NAWMWOA that the time complexity of the proposed NAWMWOA mainly includes initialization, fitness evaluation, sorting mechanism, adaptive weight update, the hybrid mutation strategy, and position update.

The time complexity of NAWMWOA is determined by the size of the population(N), the dimension of individual whales (D), the number of algorithm iterations ( $T_{max}$ ). The time complexity of NRMWOA is O (NAWMWOA) = O (Initialize) + O (Fitness evaluation) + T × (O (Update adaptive weight)

+ O (Perform hybrid mutation strategy) + O (Update the positions of whales)). The time complexity of population initialization is  $O(N \times D)$ . The time complexity which evaluating the fitness of the initial whale is O(N). The time complexity of the update adaptive weight is O(D). The time complexity which hybrid mutation strategy is  $O(N \times D)$ . The time complexity of executing the random reuse strategy is  $O(N \times D)$ . Updating the positions of whales needs a level of O(N). Therefore, the total time complexity is as follows:

$$O(NAWMWOA) = O(N \times D) + O(N) + O(D)$$
  
+T \times (O(N \times D) + O(N \times D) + O(N)) (25)



#### IV. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS AND ANALYSES

In this section, to further demonstrate the superiority and competitiveness of the proposed NAWMWOA, an experiment based on 37 benchmark functions including CEC2015, CEC2021 and CEC2022 was designed and executed. It includes the following parts: In the first place, the effect of each improved strategy is tested separately. Secondly, five variants of WOA are compared with NAWMWOA in performance. Thirdly, five state-of-the-art algorithms are compared with NAWMWOA in performance. Fourthly, the improvement effects of the three strategies on population diversity and the balance between the two stages (exploitation and exploration) are tested.

In order to ensure the fairness of the experiment, all algorithms are executed under the same experimental conditions. Among them, the population size N is 30, the individual dimension D is 30, and the maximum iterations  $T_{max}$  is 300,000. At the same time, to reduce experimental errors as much as possible, each algorithm is executed 30

times, and the average value "Mean", standard deviation "Std.", maximum value "Max.", and minimum value "Min." of the experiment are counted.

#### A. BENCHMARK FUNCTION

In this study, 37 benchmark functions from CEC2015, CEC2021, and CEC2022 are utilized to test the performance of the algorithm such as convergence speed and result accuracy. These benchmark functions are mainly divided into five categories: Basic functions, Unimodal function, Simple multimodal functions, Hybrid functions, and Composition functions. The upper bounds *ub* and lower bounds *lb* of the algorithm's search for 37 benchmark functions are 100 and -100 respectively. The source code for all benchmark functions is from the GitHub home page of P-N Suganthan. A detailed description of the 37 benchmark functions is shown in Table 2. Among them, the third and fourth columns represent the theoretical optimal solution and type of corresponding benchmark function, respectively.

TABLE 2. Descriptions of the 37 benchmark functions.

No.	Functions	$F_i^* = F_i(x^*)$	
CEC2	015 Test functions (Search range: [-100, 100] <sup>D</sup> )	-	
F1	Rotated Discus Function	200	Unimodal function
F2	Shifted and Rotated Weierstrass Function	300	
F3	Shifted and Rotated Schwefel's Function	400	Cimple
F4	Shifted and Rotated Katsuura Function	500	Simple multimodal
F5	Shifted and Rotated Expanded Griewank's plus Rosenbrock's Function	800	functions
F6	Shifted and Rotated Expanded Scaffer's F6 Function	900	
F7	Hybrid Function 1 (N=3)	1000	
F8	Hybrid Function 2 (N=4)	1100	Hybrid funtions
F9	Hybrid Function 3 (N=5)	1200	-
F10	Composition Function 1 (N=5)	1300	Composition
F11	Composition Function 2 (N=3)	1400	functions
CEC2	021 Test functions (Search range: [-100, 100] <sup>D</sup> )		
F12	Shifted and Rotated Bent Cigar Function	100	Unimodal function
F13	Shifted and Rotated Schwefel's Function	1100	Basic functions
F14	Expanded Rosenbrock's plus Griewangk's Function	1900	Dasic functions
F15	Hybrid Function 1 (N = 3)	1700	Hybrid functions
F16	Hybrid Function 3 $(N = 5)$	2100	Hydria functions
F17	Composition Function 1 (N = 3)	2200	Composition
F18	Composition Function $2 (N = 4)$	2400	functions
F19	Composition Function 3 $(N = 5)$	2500	Tunctions
CEC2	022 Test functions (Search range: [-100, 100] <sup>D</sup> )		
F20	Shifted and full Rotated Zakharov Function	300	Unimodal function
F21	Shifted and full Rotated Rosenbrock's Function	400	
F22	Shifted and full Rotated Expanded Schaffer's f6 Function	600	Basic functions
F23	Shifted and full Rotated Non-Continuous Rastrigin's Function	800	



F24	Hybrid Function 1 (N = 3)	1800	
F25	Hybrid Function 2 ( $N = 6$ )	2000	Hybrid functions
F26	Hybrid Function 3 $(N = 5)$	2200	
F27	Composition Function 1 (N = 5)	2300	
F28	Composition Function 2 $(N = 4)$	2400	Composition
F29	Composition Function 3 $(N = 5)$	2600	functions
F30	Composition Function 4 $(N = 6)$	2700	

#### B. EFFECT OF THREE STRATEGIES FOR THE WOA

This subsection, variants of single strategy and NAWMWOA are analyzed to investigate the effects of each strategy and their interactions. First of all, different strategy combinations are listed in Table 3, where NWOA, AWWOA and MWOA represent the variant of single strategy that respectively combining WOA with nonlinear convergence factor, adaptive weights, hybrid mutation strategy. 1 and 0 indicate whether the corresponding strategy is embedded, respectively.

According to the experimental requirements in 4.1, the five variants independently perform 30 times experimental for 37 benchmark functions, and the experimental results are displayed in Table 4. At the same time, the "+/=/-" in Table 5 indicates that NAWMWOA is better, worse, or equal compared to other variants of single strategy, respectively. Moreover, the Friedman test [63] is utilized to quantify the average ranking values (ARV) of algorithm and the ARVs are indicated in the last row of Table 7. Smaller ARV represents superior performance. Finally, to quantitatively study the differences between variants and test whether each strategy was statistically significant, Wilcoxon signed-rank test [64] is

performed for five variants and the statistical results were shown in Table 6.

Firstly, it can be seen from the ARVs that the ARV of the original WOA is the largest, indicating that each strategy improves the WOA. Secondly, the ARV of MWOA is the smallest among the three variants of single strategy, demonstrating that the improvement effect of hybrid mutation strategy is the most obvious. At the same time, from the Wilkerson test results in Table 5, it can be seen that the difference between MWOA and NAWMWOA is smaller, thus demonstrating that the hybrid mutation strategy plays a dominant role in NAWMWOA. Thirdly, the ARV of NAWMWOA is 1.4189, which is the smallest among all rankings, illustrating that the combination of the three strategies will generate more significant effects than single strategy. In addition, from Table 4 and "+/=/-" in Table 5, it can be seen that NAWMWOA is better than WOA, NWOA, AWWOA and MWOA on 36 (except F34), 37, 34 (except F16, F23, F24) and 24 (except F2, F6, F7, F10, F13, F16, F22, F23, F24, F26, F27, F31, F35, F37) of the 37 benchmark functions, respectively. In conclusion, three strategies complement each other and the most competitive NAWMWOA is proposed.

TABLE 3. Various variants of WOA combined with different strategies.

	Nonlinear convergence factor	Adaptive weight	Hybrid mutation strategy
WOA	0	0	0
NWOA	1	0	0
AWWOA	0	1	0
MWOA	0	0	1
NAWMWOA	1	1	1

TABLE 4. Comparison results of different variants of WOA.

Functions	Method	NAWMWOA	WOA	NWOA	AWWOA	MWOA
F1	Mean	5.3868E+03	7.2228E+09	6.6673E+09	7.4318E+09	6.0277E+03
	Std.	3.9232E+03	4.4073E+09	3.9470E+09	3.7479E+09	4.1667E+03
	Min.	2.0909E+02	1.8393E+09	1.5881E+09	1.9881E+09	1.0003E+02
	Max.	1.0029E+04	2.2116E+10	1.8107E+10	1.6699E+10	1.0016E+04
F2	Mean	2.0000E+02	5.4325E+04	5.1627E+04	5.4649E+04	2.0000E+02
	Std.	1.9441E-03	4.1171E+03	5.7170E+03	4.7320E+03	2.6357E-09
	Min.	2.0000E+02	4.0340E+04	3.8239E+04	4.4172E+04	2.0000E+02



F3       Mean       3.1758E+02       3.3600E+02       3.3513E+02       3.3562E+02         Std.       3.7111E+00       3.6617E+00       2.8730E+00       2.5596E+00         Min.       3.0974E+02       3.2572E+02       3.2875E+02       3.2986E+02         Max.       3.2523E+02       3.4078E+02       3.3958E+02       3.4041E+02         F4       Mean       4.5335E+02       5.4720E+03       5.6190E+03       5.3149E+03         Std.       7.6705E+01       6.8912E+02       6.5053E+02       7.6849E+02         Min.       4.0643E+02       4.1877E+03       4.4843E+03       3.9223E+03         Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         F5       Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	2.0000E+02 3.2021E+02 4.3209E+00 3.1413E+02 3.3036E+02 1.5838E+03 4.4241E+02 5.7585E+02 2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01 5.0004E+02
Std.       3.7111E+00       3.6617E+00       2.8730E+02       2.5596E+00         Min.       3.0974E+02       3.2572E+02       3.2875E+02       3.2986E+02         Max.       3.2523E+02       3.4078E+02       3.3958E+02       3.4041E+02         F4       Mean       4.5335E+02       5.4720E+03       5.6190E+03       5.3149E+03         Std.       7.6705E+01       6.8912E+02       6.5053E+02       7.6849E+02         Min.       4.0643E+02       4.1877E+03       4.4843E+03       3.9223E+03         Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         F5       Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	4.3209E+00 3.1413E+02 3.3036E+02 1.5838E+03 4.4241E+02 5.7585E+02 2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
Min.       3.0974E+02       3.2572E+02       3.2875E+02       3.2986E+02         Max.       3.2523E+02       3.4078E+02       3.3958E+02       3.4041E+02         F4       Mean       4.5335E+02       5.4720E+03       5.6190E+03       5.3149E+03         Std.       7.6705E+01       6.8912E+02       6.5053E+02       7.6849E+02         Min.       4.0643E+02       4.1877E+03       4.4843E+03       3.9223E+03         Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         F5       Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	3.1413E+02 3.3036E+02 1.5838E+03 4.4241E+02 5.7585E+02 2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
Max.       3.2523E+02       3.4078E+02       3.3958E+02       3.4041E+02         F4       Mean       4.5335E+02       5.4720E+03       5.6190E+03       5.3149E+03         Std.       7.6705E+01       6.8912E+02       6.5053E+02       7.6849E+02         Min.       4.0643E+02       4.1877E+03       4.4843E+03       3.9223E+03         Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         F5       Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	3.3036E+02 1.5838E+03 4.4241E+02 5.7585E+02 2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
F4       Mean       4.5335E+02       5.4720E+03       5.6190E+03       5.3149E+03         Std.       7.6705E+01       6.8912E+02       6.5053E+02       7.6849E+02         Min.       4.0643E+02       4.1877E+03       4.4843E+03       3.9223E+03         Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         F5       Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	1.5838E+03 4.4241E+02 5.7585E+02 2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
Std.       7.6705E+01       6.8912E+02       6.5053E+02       7.6849E+02         Min.       4.0643E+02       4.1877E+03       4.4843E+03       3.9223E+03         Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         F5       Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	4.4241E+02 5.7585E+02 2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
Min.       4.0643E+02       4.1877E+03       4.4843E+03       3.9223E+03         Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         F5       Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	5.7585E+02 2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
Max.       6.3895E+02       6.7889E+03       7.0900E+03       6.6273E+03         Mean       5.0010E+02       5.0136E+02       5.0139E+02       5.0137E+02         Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	2.7051E+03 5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
F5 Mean <b>5.0010E+02</b> 5.0136E+02 5.0139E+02 5.0137E+02 Std. <b>5.5720E-02</b> 3.6613E-01 4.5831E-01 5.6550E-01 Min. <b>5.0003E+02</b> 5.0068E+02 5.0064E+02 5.0073E+02	5.0026E+02 1.6506E-01
Std.       5.5720E-02       3.6613E-01       4.5831E-01       5.6550E-01         Min.       5.0003E+02       5.0068E+02       5.0064E+02       5.0073E+02	1.6506E-01
Min. <b>5.0003E+02</b> 5.0068E+02 5.0064E+02 5.0073E+02	
	3.000 TE 102
3.0023E 02 3.0210E 02 3.0300E 02 3.0371E 02	5.0059E+02
	6.0023E+02
0.1	4.6195E-02
N.C.	6.0015E+02
3.6	6.0035E+02
D7	7.0016E+02
G. 1	6.6933E-02
3.6	7.0006E+02
	7.0043E+02
F0 M	8.0917E+02
G. 1	3.6620E+00
) C	8.0414E+02
3.6	8.2271E+02
F0 16	9.1175E+02
Std. 5.7953E-01 4.2498E-01 4.2125E-01 <b>3.4082E-01</b>	5.5119E-01
Min. 9.0964E+02 9.1153E+02 9.1177E+02 <b>9.1189E+02</b>	9.1014E+02
Max. 9.1248E+02 9.1363E+02 9.1354E+02 <b>9.1339E+02</b>	9.1298E+02
F10 Mean 2.8943E+04 1.2718E+07 9.3542E+06 8.6775E+06	1.9663E+04
Std. 1.6696E+04 1.3510E+07 6.1090E+06 6.0587E+06	1.4117E+04
Min. 9.0270E+03 4.9943E+05 2.1346E+05 9.6712E+05	3.7770E+03
Max. 7.9377E+04 4.4746E+07 1.9616E+07 2.6141E+07	5.6849E+04
F11 Mean <b>1.1160E+03</b> 1.2005E+03 1.1979E+03 1.2114E+03	1.1222E+03
Std. <b>2.9913E+00</b> 5.4507E+01 4.3714E+01 3.8900E+01	1.2354E+01
Min. <b>1.1088E+03</b> 1.1290E+03 1.1395E+03 1.1262E+03	1.1144E+03
Max. <b>1.1226E+03</b> 1.3172E+03 1.2974E+03 1.2859E+03	1.1873E+03
	1.5951E+03
Std. 1.5136E+02 3.0163E+02 2.5240E+02 2.5328E+02	1.0951E+02
Min. <b>1.2653E+03</b> 1.5076E+03 1.4896E+03 1.5835E+03	1.3907E+03
	1.7918E+03
	1.5164E+03
	5.8118E-13
	1.5164E+03
	1.5164E+03
F14 Mean <b>1.6122E+03</b> 1.7006E+03 1.7136E+03 1.7220E+03	1.6207E+03



	~ .					
	Std.	4.6828E+00	2.4408E+01	4.0272E+01	4.9201E+01	2.1600E+01
	Min.	1.6046E+03	1.6346E+03	1.6450E+03	1.6190E+03	1.6070E+03
	Max.	1.6232E+03	1.7474E+03	1.7870E+03	1.8512E+03	1.6995E+03
F15	Mean	2.2679E+03	2.8026E+03	2.8329E+03	2.8716E+03	2.3410E+03
	Std.	1.2153E+02	1.9907E+02	1.1103E+02	1.1391E+02	1.1785E+02
	Min.	2.0248E+03	2.1781E+03	2.6319E+03	2.6884E+03	2.0599E+03
	Max.	2.5276E+03	3.1182E+03	3.1182E+03	3.1097E+03	2.5936E+03
F16	Mean	5.4348E+03	1.5686E+10	1.8250E+10	2.1602E+03	4.9239E+03
	Std.	6.1724E+03	5.3975E+09	5.6638E+09	3.0043E+03	6.1695E+03
	Min.	2.5312E+02	5.7546E+09	5.7521E+09	1.0233E+02	1.0163E+02
	Max.	2.0890E+04	2.8786E+10	3.0153E+10	1.3844E+04	2.0859E+04
F17	Mean	3.4033E+03	6.6790E+03	6.5330E+03	5.4465E+03	4.4957E+03
	Std.	4.4688E+02	5.7974E+02	6.0461E+02	6.7779E+02	5.8722E+02
	Min.	2.3963E+03	5.6809E+03	4.6523E+03	3.8165E+03	3.0040E+03
	Max.	4.2795E+03	7.8751E+03	7.4238E+03	6.6797E+03	5.4710E+03
F18	Mean	8.1194E+02	1.3229E+03	1.2955E+03	1.2452E+03	8.9937E+02
	Std.	2.5568E+01	5.8354E+01	7.1964E+01	7.5040E+01	8.0176E+01
	Min.	7.8068E+02	1.2003E+03	1.1215E+03	1.0332E+03	7.9862E+02
	Max.	9.0057E+02	1.4293E+03	1.4112E+03	1.3491E+03	1.1035E+03
F19	Mean	1.9046E+03	1.2990E+05	2.1656E+05	1.9801E+03	1.9056E+03
	Std.	1.1034E+00	1.2528E+05	2.9747E+05	2.0896E+01	1.9863E+00
	Min.	1.9025E+03	1.2307E+04	1.0901E+04	1.9412E+03	1.9030E+03
	Max.	1.9070E+03	5.9368E+05	1.4953E+06	2.0391E+03	1.9122E+03
F20	Mean	2.6948E+03	1.5144E+07	1.5582E+07	2.2256E+06	3.1916E+03
	Std.	3.0323E+02	7.8709E+06	1.2331E+07	1.2248E+06	3.6587E+02
	Min.	2.2626E+03	2.7729E+06	1.9587E+06	4.6034E+05	2.1876E+03
	Max.	3.4486E+03	3.3411E+07	4.9541E+07	5.3970E+06	3.8474E+03
F21	Mean	2.2975E+03	3.6509E+03	3.7596E+03	2.9757E+03	2.3497E+03
	Std.	1.9936E+02	5.6081E+02	7.6778E+02	3.1748E+02	3.3022E+02
	Min.	1.9543E+03	2.7146E+03	2.6858E+03	2.2178E+03	1.7150E+03
	Max.	2.8462E+03	5.0153E+03	6.3695E+03	3.4600E+03	3.2208E+03
F22	Mean	1.4491E+04	1.3986E+07	1.0081E+07	2.4629E+05	1.0982E+04
	Std.	9.8249E+03	1.6237E+07	1.1164E+07	1.5476E+05	5.6403E+03
	Min.	2.9181E+03	1.1235E+05	8.0787E+05	2.2853E+04	3.9461E+03
	Max.	3.3276E+04	6.0852E+07	5.1156E+07	6.6040E+05	2.9321E+04
F23	Mean	2.3000E+03	2.3032E+03	2.3033E+03	2.3000E+03	2.3000E+03
	Std.	1.0799E-07	1.8835E+00	1.9542E+00	9.9896E-08	1.0627E-07
	Min.	2.3000E+03	2.3015E+03	2.3016E+03	2.3000E+03	2.3000E+03
	Max.	2.3000E+03	2.3113E+03	2.3096E+03	2.3000E+03	2.3000E+03
F24	Mean	2.5000E+03	2.5624E+03	2.5748E+03	2.5000E+03	2.5000E+03
	Std.	6.4197E-07	3.9118E+01	3.6401E+01	4.4205E-07	5.0481E-07
	Min.	2.5000E+03	2.5138E+03	2.5169E+03	2.5000E+03	2.5000E+03
	Max.	2.5000E+03	2.6094E+03	2.6074E+03	2.5000E+03	2.5000E+03
F25	Mean	3.2327E+03	4.9979E+03	5.1155E+03	3.3106E+03	3.2691E+03
	Std.	4.8574E+01	6.3778E+02	6.2825E+02	4.6227E+01	4.1810E+01
	Min.	3.1882E+03	3.6709E+03	4.2043E+03	3.1886E+03	3.1882E+03



	Max.	3.3232E+03	6.9953E+03	6.8647E+03	3.4339E+03	3.3232E+03
F26	Mean	3.0000E+02	7.0579E+04	6.7786E+04	8.1626E+04	3.0000E+02
	Std.	3.0000E+02 1.2595E-09	1.0454E+04	9.9124E+03	8.1020E+04 8.1073E+03	1.3031E-09
	Min.	3.0000E+02	3.5716E+04	9.9124E+03 4.5316E+04	5.6883E+04	3.0000E+02
	Max.		8.6349E+04			
F27	Mean	3.0000E+02		8.3564E+04	9.4113E+04	3.0000E+02
12/	Std.	8.6473E+02	1.1336E+04	9.5734E+03	1.9293E+04	8.5594E+02
	Min.	4.4300E+01	6.5407E+03	6.6082E+03	1.0455E+04	5.1723E+01
	Max.	8.1895E+02	3.2458E+03	3.0983E+03	2.9880E+03	8.1895E+02
F28	Mean	9.9667E+02	2.6834E+04	2.7791E+04	4.5576E+04	9.9667E+02
1.70	Std.	6.0004E+02	6.9026E+02	6.0123E+02	6.0143E+02	6.0026E+02
	Min.	5.7507E-02	1.0527E+01	7.9858E-01	1.0081E+00	2.9563E-01
	Max.	6.0000E+02	6.7064E+02	6.0019E+02	6.0011E+02	6.0000E+02
E20		6.0022E+02	7.2149E+02	6.0336E+02	6.0443E+02	6.0120E+02
F29	Mean	8.7381E+02	9.9747E+02	9.9890E+02	9.8507E+02	9.9577E+02
	Std.	1.9688E+01	2.9020E+01	3.6481E+01	3.0490E+01	5.2343E+01
	Min.	8.4366E+02	9.3911E+02	9.2879E+02	9.2031E+02	9.1685E+02
F20	Max.	9.1992E+02	1.0847E+03	1.0619E+03	1.0582E+03	1.2064E+03
F30	Mean	1.1802E+03	7.5371E+03	6.6871E+03	7.2270E+03	4.0035E+03
	Std.	2.6360E+02	1.1674E+03	1.0886E+03	1.1429E+03	2.3990E+03
	Min.	9.0809E+02	5.5061E+03	3.8813E+03	5.0091E+03	1.0326E+03
T-4.1	Max.	1.8766E+03	9.7500E+03	8.5002E+03	9.3748E+03	9.2317E+03
F31	Mean	1.2286E+04	3.6332E+08	7.9651E+08	8.9609E+08	6.2754E+03
	Std.	8.1102E+03	3.7775E+08	1.3745E+09	1.1362E+09	5.0325E+03
	Min.	2.2954E+03	3.2569E+05	1.4946E+06	3.5370E+05	2.1982E+03
	Max.	3.1332E+04	1.4612E+09	5.5728E+09	4.2466E+09	2.1396E+04
F32	Mean	2.0327E+03	2.3185E+03	2.2216E+03	2.2606E+03	2.0519E+03
	Std.	5.4425E+00	8.2304E+01	5.3732E+01	8.1316E+01	1.7673E+01
	Min.	2.0247E+03	2.1867E+03	2.1252E+03	2.1148E+03	2.0294E+03
	Max.	2.0421E+03	2.4662E+03	2.3028E+03	2.5003E+03	2.1053E+03
F33	Mean	2.2766E+03	2.4484E+03	2.5362E+03	1.0703E+04	2.2963E+03
	Std.	4.4559E+01	1.5683E+02	3.5556E+02	4.2125E+04	5.3841E+01
	Min.	2.2256E+03	2.2473E+03	2.2868E+03	2.2524E+03	2.2256E+03
	Max.	2.3790E+03	2.9118E+03	4.2697E+03	2.3742E+05	2.4050E+03
F34	Mean	2.8428E+03	2.6926E+03	5.4118E+03	6.9973E+03	2.8471E+03
	Std.	2.1029E+02	5.1186E+01	6.1887E+02	1.4582E+03	2.0774E+02
	Min.	2.5425E+03	2.6011E+03	4.5060E+03	5.0946E+03	2.5422E+03
	Max.	3.7892E+03	2.8190E+03	7.1990E+03	1.1342E+04	3.7892E+03
F35	Mean	2.8982E+03	7.3852E+03	3.1138E+03	3.0556E+03	2.8755E+03
	Std.	5.7016E+01	1.1143E+03	9.1417E+01	4.1968E+01	6.3748E+01
	Min.	2.8061E+03	2.8500E+03	2.9693E+03	2.9495E+03	2.7524E+03
	Max.	3.0039E+03	9.1934E+03	3.3309E+03	3.1296E+03	3.0465E+03
F36	Mean	3.6510E+03	7.6416E+03	1.0329E+04	1.1301E+04	3.6902E+03
	Std.	1.6097E+02	2.2901E+03	7.2432E+02	9.1388E+02	1.5303E+02
	Min.	3.4214E+03	3.9973E+03	8.6454E+03	9.5077E+03	3.3759E+03
	Max.	4.0601E+03	1.3876E+04	1.1687E+04	1.3407E+04	4.1517E+03
F37	Mean	2.8002E+03	3.3694E+03	2.8003E+03	2.8010E+03	2.8001E+03



Std.	1.5430E-01	1.8423E+02	1.7726E-01	7.0578E-01	6.4964E-02
Min.	2.8000E+03	3.0888E+03	2.8000E+03	2.8003E+03	2.8000E+03
Max.	2.8006E+03	3.7899E+03	2.8007E+03	2.8028E+03	2.8002E+03

TABLE 5. Statistic and ARV of NAWMWOA and other variants of WOA.

Method		NAWSWOA	WOA	NWOA	AWWOA	MWOA
	Mean		36/0/1	37/0/0	34/2/1	24/3/10
+/=/-	Std.		35/0/2	35/0/2	29/0/8	22/0/15
	Min.		37/0/0	37/0/0	34/2/1	18/9/10
	Max.		37/0/0	37/0/0	34/2/1	20/7/10
ARV		1.4189	4.0541	3.9730	3.7297	1.8243

TABLE 6. P-value of Wilcoxon test between NAWMWOA and other variants of WOA.

Functions	NAWMWOA	WOA	NWOA	AWWOA	MWOA
F1	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.658330524
F2	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.517047891
F3	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.106394173
F4	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06
F5	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	6.31976E-05
F6	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.165026566
F7	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.92092E-06	0.125438239
F8	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.000358884
F9	N/A	2.35342E-06	2.8786E-06	1.7344E-06	0.289477072
F10	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.031603382
F11	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	4.44934E-05
F12	N/A	3.51524E-06	5.75165E-06	2.8786E-06	0.00210526
F13	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.123134655
F14	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.036826128
F15	N/A	1.92092E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.01319417
F16	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.014795424	0.643516595
F17	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.92092E-06	2.35342E-06
F18	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	3.88218E-06
F19	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.020671114
F20	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.000125057
F21	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	2.35342E-06	0.517047891
F22	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.92092E-06	0.158855499
F23	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.033268897
F24	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.428430029
F25	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.02463E-05	0.019569215
F26	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.002255124
F27	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.734325291
F28	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	4.44934E-05
F29	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06
F30	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	5.21649E-06
F31	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.002584559



F32	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	5.21649E-06
F33	N/A	3.88218E-06	2.35342E-06	3.51524E-06	0.191522107
F34	N/A	8.91873E-05	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.599935928
F35	N/A	1.92092E-06	1.7344E-06	2.35342E-06	0.213358073
F36	N/A	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	1.7344E-06	0.349345562
F37	N/A	1.7344E-06	0.177907383	1.7344E-06	0.000205153

#### C. COMPARISON WITH OTHER VARIANTS OF WOA

In order to demonstrate the outstanding competitiveness of NAWMWOA in numerous variants of WOA, five advanced variants of WOA including the enhanced whale optimization algorithm (EWOA) [65], the improved whale optimization algorithm based on nonlinear adaptive weight and golden sine (NGS-WOA) [66], the enhanced Optimization Algorithm integrated with salp swarm algorithm (ESSAWOA) [67], the enhanced WOA (WOAAmM) [68], and the chaotic whale optimization algorithm (CWOA) [69] are compared with NAWMWOA for 37 benchmark functions. All experimental conditions were set according to the instructions in 4.1. "Mean.", "Std.", "Min.", "Max." of the 30 experimental results are displayed in Table 7. At the same time, the ARVs of six algorithms are shown in Table 8 to intuitively illustrate the performance rankings.

Firstly, it can be seen from Table 8 that NAWMWOA obtained the best "Mean." for 36 benchmark functions except F37 when comparing with five variants of WOA. Secondly, 36 smallest "Min." except F37 and 35 smallest "Max." except F34, F37 are obtained by NAWMWOA for 37 benchmark functions. The above analysis demonstrates that the convergence accuracy of NAWMWOA is the most exceptional among the six algorithms. Thirdly, NAWMWOA generates 28 best "Std." except F3, F6, F7, F9, F15, F18, F25, F29, F35 when solving 37 benchmark functions. It can be seen that the stability of NAWMWOA is the most significant among the six algorithms.

The results in Table 8 further illustrate the significant competitiveness of NAWMWOA. According to detailed statistical results of "Mean.", the NAWMWOA is superior to EWOA, NGS-WOA, ESSAWOA, WOAAmM, and CWOA on 36, 37, 37, 37, 36 out of 37 benchmark functions. In terms of "Min.", the NAWMWOA is more outstanding than the above five algorithms on 36, 37, 37, 37, 37 out of 37 benchmark functions. It can be seen from the statistics in row "Max." that the NAWMWOA is superior to 36, 37, 37, 37, 36 out of 37 benchmark functions. At the same time, the NAWMWOA is better than EWOA, NGS-WOA, ESSAWOA, WOAAmM, and CWOA on 36, 37, 37, 36 out of 37 benchmark functions for "Std.". Moreover, from the ARVs shown in Table 8, the ARV of NAWMWOA is 1.0541 which is significantly lower than the other five variants of WOA. The above statistics show that the NAWMWOA has a significant advantage compared with other variants of WOA.

In order to intuitively exhibit the convergence characteristics for variants of WOA, the convergence curves of 10 benchmark functions (F1, F3, F4, F5, F6, F9, F11, F15, F18, F30) are displayed in Fig. 2. Firstly, it can be seen from Fig. 2 that the convergence results of NAWMWOA are the most accurate among the 10 benchmark functions, and the advantages of NAWMWOA's results on F3, F4, F9 and F15 are particularly significant. Secondly, it can be seen from Fig. 2 that the convergence speed of NAWMWOA in the early stage is relatively fast except in F5 and F9.

As a conclusion, both experimental statistics and convergence curves demonstrate that the NAWMWOA is the best choice among all the compared variants of WOA.

TABLE 7. Comparison results of NAWMWOA with other improved WOAs.

Functions	Method	NAWMWOA	EWOA	NGS-WOA	ESSAWOA	WOAAmM	CWOA
F1	Mean	5.3868E+03	1.8078E+10	2.9222E+10	7.8014E+10	1.0153E+11	5.1768E+09
	Std.	3.9232E+03	7.6747E+09	9.0041E+09	1.4304E+09	1.5504E+10	3.9340E+09
	Min.	2.0909E+02	7.2345E+09	1.0811E+10	7.2313E+10	7.1619E+10	4.2768E+08
	Max.	1.0029E+04	4.0543E+10	4.8670E+10	7.8398E+10	1.2979E+11	1.5181E+10
F2	Mean	2.0000E+02	5.9023E+04	5.6811E+04	7.7122E+06	1.6198E+07	4.7945E+04
	Std.	1.9441E-03	3.7620E+03	4.5510E+03	1.3381E+07	2.6502E+07	7.4910E+03
	Min.	2.0000E+02	4.3712E+04	4.4753E+04	1.3728E+05	1.4959E+05	3.0957E+04
	Max.	2.0001E+02	6.1255E+04	6.2136E+04	6.5437E+07	1.2138E+08	6.1244E+04
F3	Mean	3.1758E+02	3.3848E+02	3.3871E+02	3.4974E+02	3.4227E+02	3.3561E+02
	Std.	3.7111E+00	2.8227E+00	3.0205E+00	1.8922E+00	3.6274E+00	2.6973E+00



F4 Mei Std Mir Mai F5 Mei Std Mir Mai F7 Mei Std Mir Mai F8 Mei Std Mir Mai F8 Mei Std Mir Mai F8 Mei Std Mir Mai F9 Mei F9 Mei F9 Mei	3.2523E+02 4.5335E+02 4.5335E+01 1.	3.4433E+02 5.7881E+03 8.1126E+02 4.2548E+03 8.2384E+03 5.0181E+02 4.3641E-01 5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	3.3178E+02 3.4522E+02 5.8734E+03 7.3492E+02 3.6677E+03 7.0143E+03 5.0188E+02 7.0170E-01 5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02 6.0594E+02	3.4578E+02 3.5246E+02 1.0126E+04 4.8902E+02 8.7139E+03 1.0930E+04 5.0756E+02 1.0780E+00 5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 1.4627E-02 6.0664E+02	3.3286E+02 3.4982E+02 8.6936E+03 4.2610E+02 7.3129E+03 8.8509E+03 5.0621E+02 1.2899E+00 5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	3.2897E+02 3.4025E+02 4.9298E+03 7.0204E+02 3.4856E+03 6.8017E+03 5.0158E+02 4.9201E-01 5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02 6.4836E-01
F4 Meastd Std Mir Mass F5 Meastd Mir Mass F7 Meastd Mir Mass F8 Meastd Mir Mass Std Mir	4.5335E+02 7.6705E+01 n. 4.0643E+02 ax. 6.3895E+02 b. 5.0010E+02 c. 5.5720E-02 n. 5.0003E+02 c. 6.0025E+02 d. 6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 d. 7.0020E+02 d. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	5.7881E+03 8.1126E+02 4.2548E+03 8.2384E+03 5.0181E+02 4.3641E-01 5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	5.8734E+03 7.3492E+02 3.6677E+03 7.0143E+03 5.0188E+02 7.0170E-01 5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	1.0126E+04 4.8902E+02 8.7139E+03 1.0930E+04 5.0756E+02 1.0780E+00 5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	8.6936E+03 4.2610E+02 7.3129E+03 8.8509E+03 5.0621E+02 1.2899E+00 5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	4.9298E+03 7.0204E+02 3.4856E+03 6.8017E+03 5.0158E+02 4.9201E-01 5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F5 Mea Std. Mir Ma: F5 Mea Std. Mir Ma: F6 Mea Std. Mir Ma: F7 Mea Std. Mir Ma: F8 Mea Std. Mir Ma: F8 Mea	7.6705E+01 n. 4.0643E+02 ax. 6.3895E+02 bx. 5.0010E+02 l. 5.5720E-02 n. 5.0003E+02 ax. 6.0025E+02 l. 6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 ax. 7.0020E+02 l. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	8.1126E+02 4.2548E+03 8.2384E+03 5.0181E+02 4.3641E-01 5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	7.3492E+02 3.6677E+03 7.0143E+03 5.0188E+02 7.0170E-01 5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	4.8902E+02 8.7139E+03 1.0930E+04 5.0756E+02 1.0780E+00 5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	4.2610E+02 7.3129E+03 8.8509E+03 5.0621E+02 1.2899E+00 5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	7.0204E+02 3.4856E+03 6.8017E+03 5.0158E+02 4.9201E-01 5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F5 Mei Std. Mir Ma: F6 Mei Std. Mir Ma: F7 Mei Std. Mir Ma: F8 Mei Std. Mir Ma: F8 Mei Std. Mir Ma: F8 Mei Std. Mir Ma: Std. Mir Ma: Std. Mir Ma: Std.	4.0643E+02 ax. 6.3895E+02 an 5.0010E+02 b. 5.5720E-02 ax. 5.0003E+02 ax. 5.0023E+02 b. 6.1635E-02 ax. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 ax. 7.0020E+02 b. 1.1997E-01 ax. 7.0011E+02	4.2548E+03 8.2384E+03 5.0181E+02 4.3641E-01 5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	3.6677E+03 7.0143E+03 5.0188E+02 7.0170E-01 5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	8.7139E+03 1.0930E+04 5.0756E+02 1.0780E+00 5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	7.3129E+03 8.8509E+03 5.0621E+02 1.2899E+00 5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	3.4856E+03 6.8017E+03 5.0158E+02 4.9201E-01 5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F5 Mea Std Mir Ma. F6 Mea Std Mir Ma. F7 Mea Std Mir Ma. F8 Mea Std Mir Ma. F8 Mea Std Mir Ma.	6.3895E+02 can 5.0010E+02 can 5.5720E-02 can 5.0003E+02 can 6.0025E+02 can 6.0013E+02 can 6.0043E+02 can 7.0020E+02 can 7.0011E+02	8.2384E+03 5.0181E+02 4.3641E-01 5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	7.0143E+03 5.0188E+02 7.0170E-01 5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	1.0930E+04 5.0756E+02 1.0780E+00 5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	8.8509E+03 5.0621E+02 1.2899E+00 5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	6.8017E+03 5.0158E+02 4.9201E-01 5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F5 Meastd Std Mir Mass F6 Meastd Mir Mass F8 Meastd Mir Mass Std Mir Mir Mir Mass Std Mir Mir Mass Std Mir Mir Mir Mass Std Mir	5.0010E+02 5.5720E-02 n. 5.0003E+02 ax. 5.0023E+02 d. 6.0025E+02 d. 6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 dx. 7.0020E+02 d. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	5.0181E+02 4.3641E-01 5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	5.0188E+02 7.0170E-01 5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	5.0756E+02 1.0780E+00 5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	5.0621E+02 1.2899E+00 5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	5.0158E+02 4.9201E-01 5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F6 Mean Std Mir Man	5.5720E-02 n. 5.0003E+02 ax. 5.0023E+02 an 6.0025E+02 l. 6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 l. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	4.3641E-01 5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	7.0170E-01 5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	1.0780E+00 5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	1.2899E+00 5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	4.9201E-01 5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F6 Mea Std Mir Max Std Mir Max F8 Mea Std Mir Max Std Mir Mir Max Std Mir Max Std Mir	5.0003E+02 an 5.0023E+02 an 6.0025E+02 b. 6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 an 7.0020E+02 l. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	5.0103E+02 5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	5.0111E+02 5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	5.0489E+02 5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	5.0343E+02 5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	5.0077E+02 5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F6 Mea Std Mir Maa F7 Mea Std Mir Maa F8 Mea Std Mir Maa Std Mir Mir Maa Std Mir Maa Std Mir Maa Std Mir Mir Mir Maa Std Mir Mir Maa Std Mir	5.0023E+02 can 6.0025E+02 d. 6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ex. 6.0043E+02 f. 7.0020E+02 d. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	5.0295E+02 6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	5.0423E+02 6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	5.0925E+02 6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	5.0754E+02 6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	5.0262E+02 6.0086E+02
F6 Mea Std Min Ma F7 Mea Std Min Ma F8 Mea Std Min Ma An Ma	6.0025E+02 d. 6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 d. 7.0020E+02 d. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	6.0314E+02 1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	6.0470E+02 5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	6.0672E+02 <b>1.4627E-02</b>	6.0578E+02 6.8633E-01	6.0086E+02
F7 Mea Std Mir Max F7 Mea Std Mir Max F8 Mea Std Mir Max And Mir Max	6.1635E-02 n. 6.0013E+02 ax. 6.0043E+02 ran 7.0020E+02 l. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	1.1158E+00 6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	5.9591E-01 6.0358E+02	1.4627E-02	6.8633E-01	
F7 Mer Std. Mir Max F8 Mer Std. Mir Max F8 Mer Std.	n. <b>6.0013E+02</b> ax. <b>6.0043E+02</b> an <b>7.0020E+02</b> l. 1.1997E-01 n. <b>7.0011E+02</b>	6.0039E+02 6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02	6.0358E+02			6.4836E-01
F7 Mea Std Mir Ma F8 Mea Std Mir Ma	6.0043E+02 ean 7.0020E+02 l. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	6.0526E+02 7.4518E+02		6.0664E+02		
F7 Mean Std. Mir Maar Std. Mir Maar Std. Mir Maar Maar Maar Maar Maar Maar Maar	7.0020E+02 l. 1.1997E-01 n. 7.0011E+02	7.4518E+02	6.0594E+02		6.0451E+02	6.0034E+02
Std Mir Ma F8 Me Std Mir Ma	l. 1.1997E-01 n. <b>7.0011E+02</b>			6.0672E+02	6.0671E+02	6.0263E+02
Mir Ma: F8 Me: Std Mir Ma:	n. <b>7.0011E</b> + <b>02</b>		7.6837E+02	8.4669E+02	8.3693E+02	7.0505E+02
F8 Mea Std Mir Ma		1.8213E+01	1.7948E+01	4.0519E-03	1.6653E+01	7.3943E+00
F8 Mea Std Mir Ma	v 7 በበሩበፑ⊥በጎ	7.2206E+02	7.4181E+02	8.4668E+02	7.8067E+02	7.0022E+02
Std. Mir Ma	/.UUUUE⊤U2	7.9600E+02	8.0233E+02	8.4669E+02	8.4532E+02	7.3276E+02
Mir Ma	ean <b>8.0560E+02</b>	2.5287E+05	2.0307E+06	5.2997E+07	1.3494E+08	2.4313E+04
Ma	l. <b>1.9933E+0</b> 0	2.4207E+05	1.9601E+06	4.8026E+06	1.1344E+08	5.3643E+04
	n. <b>8.0243E+02</b>	1.3456E+04	2.7359E+05	2.7546E+07	2.3184E+07	8.9345E+02
F9 Mes	ax. <b>8.1130E+02</b>	1.0746E+06	7.4089E+06	5.4053E+07	4.1706E+08	2.6220E+05
	ean 9.1154E+02	9.1299E+02	9.1297E+02	9.1448E+02	9.1372E+02	9.1270E+02
Std	l. 5.7953E-01	5.0796E-01	3.7837E-01	1.6519E-01	2.3166E-01	4.6885E-01
Mir	n. <b>9.0964E+02</b>	9.1192E+02	9.1213E+02	9.1409E+02	9.1302E+02	9.1168E+02
Ma	9.1248E+02	9.1381E+02	9.1372E+02	9.1472E+02	9.1384E+02	9.1361E+02
F10 Me	ean <b>2.8943E+04</b>	1.6654E+07	2.6138E+07	4.5831E+08	4.8069E+08	6.4696E+06
Std	l. <b>1.6696E+04</b>	1.7826E+07	2.1379E+07	2.0077E+08	2.0943E+08	4.4551E+06
Mir	n. <b>9.0270E+03</b>	1.9628E+06	8.6157E+05	1.3365E+08	1.2348E+08	8.5831E+05
Ma	1x. 7.9377E+04	7.6502E+07	9.1932E+07	1.0716E+09	9.6548E+08	2.0127E+07
F11 Me	ean 1.1160E+03	1.2580E+03	1.2493E+03	2.1603E+03	1.1782E+03	1.1762E+03
Std	l. <b>2.9913E+0</b> 0	1.0845E+02	3.3478E+01	1.8503E+02	3.9351E+01	4.0542E+01
Mir	n. <b>1.1088E+03</b>	1.1354E+03	1.1917E+03	1.6648E+03	1.1265E+03	1.1269E+03
Ma	1.1226E+03	1.5333E+03	1.3212E+03	2.2953E+03	1.2742E+03	1.2586E+03
F12 Mea	ean 1.4632E+03	2.0772E+03	2.1096E+03	6.4953E+05	2.6818E+05	1.8561E+03
Std	l. 1.5136E+02	2.9238E+02	2.5355E+02	7.4224E+05	3.7611E+05	1.9228E+02
Mir	n. <b>1.2653E+03</b>	1.4482E+03	1.6102E+03	1.3714E+04	3.6802E+03	1.5323E+03
Ma	1.8060E+03	2.9826E+03	2.6650E+03	2.2006E+06	1.5298E+06	2.3170E+03
F13 Mea	ean 1.5164E+03	1.6166E+03	1.6078E+03	1.6650E+03	1.6638E+03	1.5859E+03
Std	1. 5.7521E-13	1.6472E+01	2.5129E+01	2.1497E+01	1.7431E+01	2.9209E+01
Mir	n. <b>1.5164E+03</b>	1.5695E+03	1.5595E+03	1.6255E+03	1.6408E+03	1.5367E+03
Ma	1.5164E+03	1.6448E+03	1.6420E+03	1.7149E+03	1.7092E+03	1.6395E+03
F14 Mea	ean <b>1.6122E+03</b>	1.7478E+03	1.7596E+03	2.2669E+03	2.1261E+03	1.6903E+03
Std	4.6828E+00	6.2266E+01	4.1715E+01	1.0972E+02	1.3996E+02	3.9297E+01
Mir	n. <b>1.6046E+03</b>	1.6536E+03	1.6846E+03	2.0010E+03	1.8927E+03	1.6359E+03
Max	ix. 1.6232E+03	1.8888E+03	1.8387E+03	2.3614E+03	2.2859E+03	1.7719E+03



F15	Mean	2.2679E+03	2.9539E+03	2.8861E+03	3.9129E+03	3.1384E+03	2.7891E+03
	Std.	1.2153E+02	1.7875E+02	9.4271E+01	5.2513E+02	3.8907E+01	1.3205E+02
	Min.	2.0248E+03	2.3725E+03	2.6772E+03	3.2430E+03	2.9696E+03	2.6049E+03
	Max.	2.5276E+03	3.1513E+03	3.0590E+03	5.5383E+03	3.1513E+03	3.1182E+03
F16	Mean	5.4348E+03	1.6708E+10	3.3845E+10	8.4721E+10	1.2088E+11	5.5428E+09
	Std.	6.1724E+03	7.9612E+09	9.0265E+09	2.2016E+06	1.6764E+10	3.9158E+09
	Min.	2.5312E+02	5.1071E+09	1.8478E+10	8.4717E+10	8.9684E+10	1.6152E+09
	Max.	2.0890E+04	3.7569E+10	5.0892E+10	8.4726E+10	1.6265E+11	2.2269E+10
F17	Mean	3.4033E+03	6.9869E+03	7.4593E+03	1.1089E+04	1.0026E+04	6.8347E+03
	Std.	4.4688E+02	8.8741E+02	5.3137E+02	4.6558E+02	9.7259E+02	8.4959E+02
	Min.	2.3963E+03	4.5902E+03	6.1541E+03	1.0197E+04	8.2513E+03	5.1333E+03
	Max.	4.2795E+03	8.3727E+03	8.6952E+03	1.1957E+04	1.0982E+04	8.7741E+03
F18	Mean	8.1194E+02	1.3180E+03	1.4081E+03	1.7248E+03	1.5946E+03	1.2724E+03
	Std.	2.5568E+01	7.5898E+01	4.8608E+01	1.7556E-01	5.6972E-07	6.8593E+01
	Min.	7.8068E+02	1.1684E+03	1.2891E+03	1.7242E+03	1.5946E+03	1.0807E+03
	Max.	9.0057E+02	1.4673E+03	1.4972E+03	1.7250E+03	1.5946E+03	1.4191E+03
F19	Mean	1.9046E+03	2.6562E+05	5.9329E+05	4.2810E+07	7.4851E+07	1.4864E+04
	Std.	1.1034E+00	4.2048E+05	7.4387E+05	5.9525E+06	5.5141E+07	1.0991E+04
	Min.	1.9025E+03	1.6125E+04	2.9117E+04	2.1468E+07	1.3591E+07	3.6370E+03
	Max.	1.9070E+03	1.8505E+06	4.0880E+06	4.5587E+07	2.6057E+08	4.3351E+04
F20	Mean	2.6948E+03	4.3902E+07	2.3874E+07	9.5742E+08	1.0656E+09	9.4382E+06
	Std.	3.0323E+02	3.2325E+07	1.4931E+07	4.6134E+08	6.2351E+08	5.3930E+06
	Min.	2.2626E+03	2.0796E+06	7.0661E+06	1.9211E+08	1.8609E+08	1.2644E+06
	Max.	3.4486E+03	1.4972E+08	8.2690E+07	1.8151E+09	2.7649E+09	2.3772E+07
F21	Mean	2.2975E+03	3.5681E+03	4.6587E+03	9.5107E+03	3.1215E+03	3.5532E+03
	Std.	1.9936E+02	5.3540E+02	9.6474E+02	2.0584E+03	3.7151E+02	4.0939E+02
	Min.	1.9543E+03	2.7288E+03	3.1710E+03	5.3046E+03	2.4166E+03	2.8305E+03
	Max.	2.8462E+03	4.8721E+03	7.3654E+03	1.3049E+04	3.9756E+03	4.5439E+03
F22	Mean	1.4491E+04	7.8713E+07	4.1458E+07	9.3466E+08	1.6298E+07	2.1570E+07
	Std.	9.8249E+03	1.3622E+08	6.5056E+07	4.3636E+08	2.3204E+07	3.2494E+07
	Min.	2.9181E+03	1.2849E+06	1.2744E+06	2.3712E+08	2.7210E+05	5.6391E+05
	Max.	3.3276E+04	6.5347E+08	3.5152E+08	2.0445E+09	8.7099E+07	1.6616E+08
F23	Mean	2.3000E+03	2.3069E+03	2.3167E+03	2.3727E+03	2.3021E+03	2.3027E+03
	Std.	1.0799E-07	4.7245E+00	9.4477E+00	1.1416E+01	4.8729E-01	9.5346E-01
	Min.	2.3000E+03	2.3023E+03	2.3040E+03	2.3464E+03	2.3016E+03	2.3015E+03
	Max.	2.3000E+03	2.3211E+03	2.3458E+03	2.3855E+03	2.3038E+03	2.3049E+03
F24	Mean	2.5000E+03	2.5810E+03	2.5945E+03	2.6457E+03	2.5373E+03	2.5799E+03
	Std.	6.4197E-07	2.9338E+01	1.8873E+01	8.0230E+00	4.0445E+01	3.8391E+01
	Min.	2.5000E+03	2.5224E+03	2.5557E+03	2.6341E+03	2.5054E+03	2.5089E+03
	Max.	2.5000E+03	2.6168E+03	2.6188E+03	2.6617E+03	2.6069E+03	2.6113E+03
F25	Mean	3.2327E+03	6.0144E+03	7.2298E+03	1.3791E+04	4.1554E+03	4.1932E+03
	Std.	4.8574E+01	7.9630E+02	9.6476E+02	9.5320E-01	2.6020E+02	2.3828E+02
	Min.	3.1882E+03	4.5586E+03	5.3289E+03	1.3787E+04	3.7936E+03	3.8199E+03
	Max.	3.3232E+03	7.3338E+03	9.3136E+03	1.3792E+04	4.8572E+03	4.6288E+03
F26	Mean	3.0000E+02	8.3394E+04	8.1796E+04	3.1660E+08	5.4458E+09	5.4295E+04
	Std.	1.2595E-09	7.6529E+03	7.8188E+03	4.0441E+08	1.8661E+10	9.6507E+03

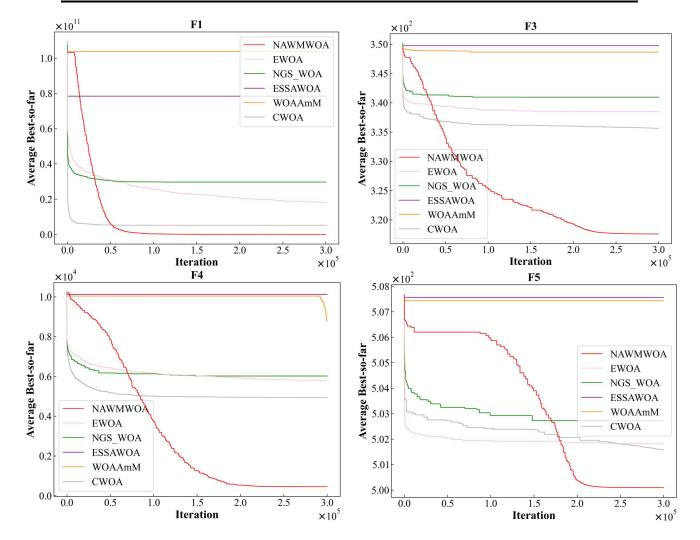


	Min.	3.0000E+02	5.4993E+04	6.4930E+04	2.1924E+05	2.4924E+05	2.8392E+04
	Max.	3.0000E+02	9.4229E+04	9.4229E+04	9.2557E+08	9.8826E+10	7.2381E+04
F27	Mean	8.6473E+02	1.7382E+04	3.4542E+04	1.0874E+05	8.7314E+04	5.6606E+03
	Std.	4.4300E+01	1.0870E+04	1.1872E+04	9.4656E+03	6.5881E+03	2.3207E+03
	Min.	8.1895E+02	5.1150E+03	1.2910E+04	7.7066E+04	5.3690E+04	2.5943E+03
	Max.	9.9667E+02	5.4336E+04	5.9294E+04	1.1320E+05	8.9122E+04	1.1304E+04
F28	Mean	6.0004E+02	6.0194E+02	6.0219E+02	6.1390E+02	6.0471E+02	6.8523E+02
	Std.	5.7507E-02	1.0176E+00	9.8597E-01	3.3375E+00	2.6078E+00	1.0835E+01
	Min.	6.0000E+02	6.0048E+02	6.0031E+02	6.0592E+02	6.0082E+02	6.5590E+02
	Max.	6.0022E+02	6.0410E+02	6.0428E+02	6.2059E+02	6.0828E+02	7.0335E+02
F29	Mean	8.7381E+02	9.6508E+02	1.0071E+03	1.3187E+03	1.0809E+03	9.8491E+02
	Std.	1.9688E+01	3.0497E+01	3.2520E+01	3.1420E-03	3.8918E+01	3.3217E+01
	Min.	8.4366E+02	9.1823E+02	9.6218E+02	1.3187E+03	9.7174E+02	9.2220E+02
	Max.	9.1992E+02	1.0430E+03	1.0748E+03	1.3187E+03	1.1322E+03	1.0556E+03
F30	Mean	1.1802E+03	7.4494E+03	8.8561E+03	3.3346E+04	1.7408E+04	7.0906E+03
	Std.	2.6360E+02	1.3044E+03	1.1625E+03	2.4528E+03	4.9105E+02	9.7621E+02
	Min.	9.0809E+02	5.0149E+03	7.2682E+03	2.1968E+04	1.4764E+04	4.2831E+03
	Max.	1.8766E+03	9.8193E+03	1.1602E+04	3.4145E+04	1.7499E+04	8.8019E+03
F31	Mean	1.2286E+04	8.3971E+08	1.6423E+09	2.4570E+10	2.1977E+10	3.6395E+08
	Std.	8.1102E+03	1.5321E+09	1.4146E+09	4.2470E+09	5.1287E+09	8.4899E+08
	Min.	2.2954E+03	1.6297E+06	1.7031E+07	1.2035E+10	9.1656E+09	1.1197E+06
	Max.	3.1332E+04	7.1410E+09	6.2598E+09	2.8273E+10	3.3636E+10	3.6161E+09
F32	Mean	2.0327E+03	2.2336E+03	2.2643E+03	2.8405E+03	2.4287E+03	2.3173E+03
	Std.	5.4425E+00	8.3008E+01	4.9448E+01	1.4245E+02	2.0399E+02	8.0037E+01
	Min.	2.0247E+03	2.0856E+03	2.1215E+03	2.5455E+03	2.1954E+03	2.1323E+03
	Max.	2.0421E+03	2.3602E+03	2.3703E+03	3.1188E+03	2.8166E+03	2.4588E+03
F33	Mean	2.2766E+03	2.7007E+03	2.8243E+03	2.8121E+05	2.6923E+05	2.4741E+03
	Std.	4.4559E+01	4.7823E+02	7.7155E+02	3.4899E+05	4.5405E+05	3.2480E+02
	Min.	2.2256E+03	2.2587E+03	2.2625E+03	3.1990E+03	1.0803E+04	2.2546E+03
F2.4	Max.	2.3790E+03	4.8371E+03	6.6505E+03	1.5242E+06	2.2006E+06	3.9297E+03
F34	Mean	2.8428E+03	6.6413E+03	7.0789E+03	3.4382E+04	1.3419E+04	2.6188E+03
	Std.	2.1029E+02	2.1841E+03	9.3931E+02	9.8539E+03	1.1796E-04	3.2204E+01
	Min.	2.5425E+03	4.5502E+03	5.7177E+03	1.8719E+04	1.3419E+04	2.5745E+03
E2.5	Max.	3.7892E+03	1.3419E+04	9.4258E+03	4.8353E+04	1.3419E+04	2.7282E+03
F35	Mean	2.8982E+03	3.0888E+03	3.0669E+03	5.5281E+03	3.1548E+03	7.5573E+03
	Std.	5.7016E+01	4.3435E+01	3.8083E+01 2.9914E+03	1.8010E+03 3.5326E+03	<b>1.5916E+01</b> 3.1287E+03	8.3804E+02
	Min. Max.	2.8061E+03 3.0039E+03	2.9756E+03 3.1920E+03	2.9914E+03 3.1341E+03	3.3326E+03 1.4395E+04	3.1287E±03 3.1968E±03	6.0644E+03 9.3194E+03
F36	Mean	3.6510E+03	1.0663E+04	3.1341E+03 1.1332E+04	2.5691E+04	8.6199E+03	5.7411E+03
F30	Std.	3.0310E+03 1.6097E+02	1.0003E+04 1.3509E+03	6.4217E+02	5.6460E+03	1.2891E+03	1.7660E+03
	Min.	3.4214E+03	7.6216E+03	9.9983E+03	1.7901E+04	5.4207E+03	3.9837E+03
	Max.	4.0601E+03	1.2938E+04	1.2627E+04	4.0619E+04	1.0056E+04	1.0559E+04
F37	Mean	2.8002E+03	2.8000E+03	2.8147E+03	1.0227E+04	2.8016E+03	3.3304E+03
1 .5 /	Std.	1.5430E-01	2.0863E-04	7.8124E+00	1.5264E+03	3.4222E+00	1.5106E+02
	Min.	2.8000E+03	2.8000E+03	2.8017E+03	5.3954E+03	2.8001E+03	3.1249E+03
	Max.	2.8006E+03	2.8000E+03	2.8301E+03	1.3223E+04	2.8192E+03	3.7372E+03
	1114/11	2.0000E 103	2.00001103	2.030111.03	1.5225E   OT	2.01/21/03	5.757211.05



TABLE 8. Statistical results of NAWMWOA and other improved WOAs.

Method		NAWSWOA	EWOA	NGS-WOA	ESSAWOA	WOAAmM	CWOA
	Mean		36/0/1	37/0/0	37/0/0	37/0/0	36/0/1
+/=/-	Std.		33/0/4	33/0/4	30/0/7	31/0/5	34/0/3
+/-/-	Min.		36/0/1	37/0/0	37/0/0	37/0/0	37/0/0
	Max.		36/0/1	37/0/0	37/0/0	37/0/0	36/0/1
ARV		1.0541	3.2703	3.8649	5.7297	4.5946	2.4865





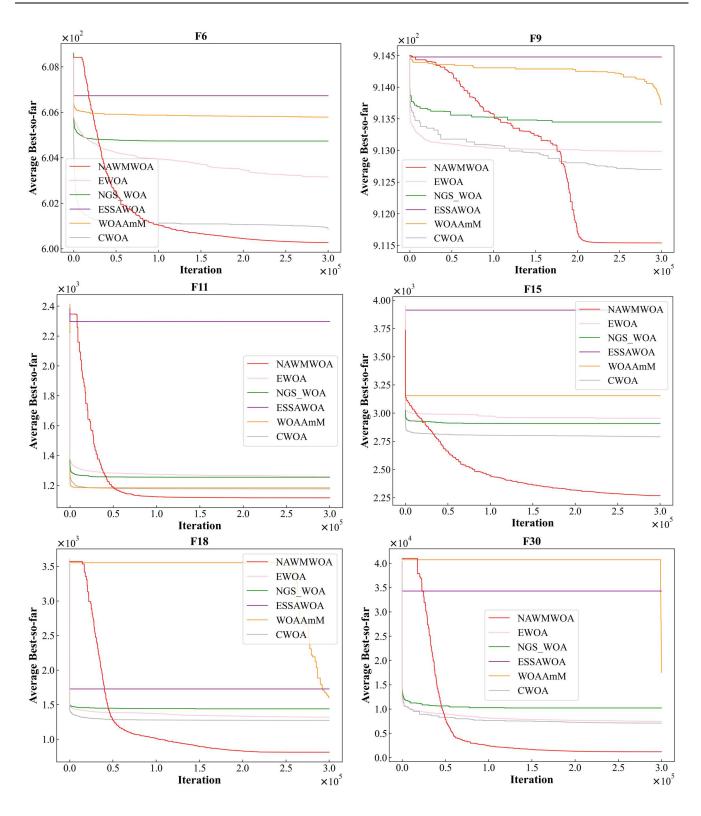


FIGURE 2. Convergence curves of NAWMWOA and other improved WOAs.



# D. COMPARISON WITH OTHER STATE-OF-THE-ART ALGORITHMS

In order to further demonstrate that the proposed NAWMWOA is superior to other algorithms, five state-ofthe-art algorithms (nonlinear based chaotic harris hawks optimization (NCHHO) [70], grey wolf optimizer algorithm with a two-phase mutation (TMGWO) [71], dispersed foraging slime mould algorithm (DFSMA) [72], incremental grey wolf optimizer (I-GWO) [73], enhanced arithmetic optimization algorithm (EAOA) [74]) are adapted to compare with NAWMWOA, which are variants of the corresponding original algorithm and have better performance than the original algorithm. Therefore, it is a difficult challenge for NAWMWOA. The configuration of the experiment is the same as the settings in the previous section, in which the number of iterations is set to 300000, the individual dimension is set to 30, and the number of populations is set to 30. The experiment is performed 30 times with the above configuration and calculated "Mean", "Std.", "Min." and "Max.". The details of the experimental results are presented in Table 9, Table 10 and Fig.3.

The NCHHO is a variant based on HHO proposed in 2021, which performs excellently among many novel algorithms in the field of meta-heuristics. Experimental data in Table 9 indicate that the proposed NAWMWOA generates 36 better "Mean", 32 better "Std.", 36 better "Min." and 36 better "Max." for all the 37 functions as compared with NCHHO. Compared with TMGWO and I-GWO, the better performance of NAWMWOA can be verified by the obtained 37 better "Mean", 27 better "Std.", 37 better "Min." and 36 " Max. " out of the 37 functions. DFSMA is an advanced algorithm for improving SMA proposed in 2021, which has an excellent ability to solve multimodal and hybrid functions. In terms of the comparison results between the proposed NAWMWOA and DFSMA, 25 better "Mean", 24 better "Std.", 25 better "Min." and 23 better " Max. " out of the 37 functions are obtained by NAWMWOA. Moreover, the EAOA is a famous state-of-theart algorithm. Compared with the EAOA, the proposed NAWMWOA products 37 better "Mean", 34 better "Std.", 37

better "Min." and 37 better "Max." out of the 37 functions. The results displayed in Table 9 verify the excellent performance of NAWMWOA.

The outstanding performance of NAWMWOA is further demonstrated by the statistics in Table 10. According to detailed statistical results of "Mean.", the NAWMWOA is superior to NCHHO, TMGWO, DFSMA, I-GWO, and EAOA on 36, 37, 24, 37, 37 out of 37 benchmark functions. It can be seen from the statistics in row "Min." that the NAWMWOA is superior to 36, 37, 25, 37, 37 out of 37 benchmark functions. In terms of "Max.", the NAWMWOA is more outstanding than the above five algorithms on 36, 36, 23, 37, 37 out of 37 benchmark functions. At the same time, the NAWMWOA is better than NCHHO, TMGWO, DFSMA, I-GWO, and EAOA on 31, 27, 24, 35, 34 out of 37 benchmark functions for "Std.". Moreover, the ARV of NAWMWOA shown in Table 10 is 1.3243, which is the smallest ARV among all state-of-the-art algorithms. The above statistics demonstrate that the NAWMWOA has a significant advantage compared with other state-of-the-art algorithms.

The convergence characteristics of six algorithms for 10 benchmark functions (F4, F5, F6, F8, F17, F24, F29, F30, F32, F36) are visually displayed in the form of curves in Fig. 3. Firstly, it can be seen from Fig. 3 that the convergence results of NAWMWOA are the smallest among the six state-of-theart algorithms and its advantages are particularly significant on F4, F9 and F30. Secondly, in all convergence curves except F8, the NAWMWOA is distinctly faster than the other five competitive algorithms in terms of the convergence speed. The mature convergence results and faster convergence speed of NAWMWOA are mainly due to three improvement strategies. The nonlinear convergence factor has the function of improving the balance between the two phases (exploration phase and development phase), thereby improving the convergence speed of the algorithm. The adaptive weight and the hybrid mutation strategy can improve population diversity and avoid falling into local optimum, Therefore, the accuracy of the algorithm convergence results is improved.

In summary, based on the experimental results and convergence curves, the NAWMWOA is the best choice compared with other five state-of-the-art algorithms.

TABLE 9. Comparison results of NAWMWOA and other improved algorithms.

Functions	Method	NAWMWOA	NCHHO	TMGWO	DFSMA	I-GWO	EAOA
F1	Mean	5.3868E+03	2.8224E+10	2.0413E+10	1.8084E+04	6.8438E+10	6.2620E+10
	Std.	3.9232E+03	7.8315E+09	1.4112E+09	2.2279E+04	6.7726E+09	5.3547E+09
	Min.	2.0909E+02	1.3610E+10	1.7741E+10	2.0287E+02	5.4098E+10	5.1786E+10
	Max.	1.0029E+04	4.3556E+10	2.3308E+10	9.6563E+04	8.2269E+10	7.2272E+10
F2	Mean	2.0000E+02	5.6737E+04	5.1811E+04	2.0335E+02	1.7562E+05	1.8892E+05
	Std.	1.9441E-03	2.6561E+03	1.1366E+03	1.6984E+00	2.8664E+04	2.3071E+05
	Min.	2.0000E+02	5.0791E+04	4.8356E+04	2.0090E+02	1.3561E+05	5.8667E+04
	Max.	2.0001E+02	5.9907E+04	5.3977E+04	2.0829E+02	2.4603E+05	1.1677E+06



F3	Mean	3.1758E+02	3.3874E+02	3.3487E+02	3.1409E+02	3.4634E+02	3.4465E+02
	Std.	3.7111E+00	1.8332E+00	8.8290E-01	2.8609E+00	2.6334E+00	2.3598E+00
	Min.	3.0974E+02	3.3361E+02	3.3166E+02	3.0934E+02	3.4111E+02	3.3849E+02
	Max.	3.2523E+02	3.4203E+02	3.3669E+02	3.2226E+02	3.5123E+02	3.4875E+02
F4	Mean	4.5335E+02	7.7605E+03	6.1355E+03	2.2371E+03	9.4303E+03	9.2185E+03
	Std.	7.6705E+01	5.4918E+02	1.6655E+02	5.6391E+02	5.7772E+02	5.2848E+02
	Min.	4.0643E+02	6.4625E+03	5.7429E+03	1.3566E+03	8.2599E+03	8.2511E+03
	Max.	6.3895E+02	8.6267E+03	6.4035E+03	3.4965E+03	1.0447E+04	1.0257E+04
F5	Mean	5.0010E+02	5.0366E+02	5.0170E+02	5.0018E+02	5.0473E+02	5.0500E+02
	Std.	5.5720E-02	9.3588E-01	1.2577E-01	9.9631E-02	7.7157E-01	9.2104E-01
	Min.	5.0003E+02	5.0204E+02	5.0127E+02	5.0004E+02	5.0258E+02	5.0248E+02
	Max.	5.0023E+02	5.0572E+02	5.0187E+02	5.0040E+02	5.0632E+02	5.0662E+02
F6	Mean	6.0025E+02	6.0506E+02	6.0487E+02	6.0026E+02	6.0690E+02	6.0600E+02
	Std.	6.1635E-02	4.7640E-01	7.1124E-02	5.1982E-02	6.6611E-01	1.8077E-01
	Min.	6.0013E+02	6.0393E+02	6.0472E+02	6.0018E+02	6.0561E+02	6.0558E+02
	Max.	6.0043E+02	6.0590E+02	6.0496E+02	6.0038E+02	6.0896E+02	6.0649E+02
F7	Mean	7.0020E+02	7.7313E+02	7.6819E+02	7.0029E+02	8.6796E+02	8.1813E+02
	Std.	1.1997E-01	1.0258E+01	7.2739E+00	1.9763E-01	3.9568E+01	1.0480E+01
	Min.	7.0011E+02	7.4522E+02	7.5782E+02	7.0012E+02	7.8897E+02	7.9414E+02
	Max.	7.0060E+02	7.8925E+02	7.9485E+02	7.0070E+02	9.5643E+02	8.3376E+02
F8	Mean	8.0560E+02	1.6174E+06	8.2806E+05	8.0520E+02	1.0063E+08	1.3053E+07
	Std.	1.9933E+00	2.4442E+06	5.1470E+05	1.5702E+00	1.3762E+08	5.4467E+06
	Min.	8.0243E+02	5.9820E+04	2.3559E+05	8.0352E+02	1.3220E+07	3.1282E+06
	Max.	8.1130E+02	1.0968E+07	1.5967E+06	8.1193E+02	7.0412E+08	2.3527E+07
F9	Mean	9.1154E+02	9.1362E+02	9.1305E+02	9.1096E+02	9.1407E+02	9.1399E+02
	Std.	5.7953E-01	9.9102E-02	2.2045E-01	7.8282E-01	2.1433E-01	1.7556E-01
	Min.	9.0964E+02	9.1337E+02	9.1263E+02	9.0870E+02	9.1352E+02	9.1355E+02
	Max.	9.1248E+02	9.1373E+02	9.1342E+02	9.1234E+02	9.1446E+02	9.1431E+02
F10	Mean	2.8943E+04	2.2976E+07	1.0496E+07	7.3883E+04	3.1955E+08	1.5395E+08
	Std.	1.6696E+04	1.4145E+07	3.2219E+06	4.4986E+04	1.8761E+08	5.9460E+07
	Min.	9.0270E+03	3.8207E+06	3.1820E+06	1.4144E+04	1.0922E+08	5.0838E+07
	Max.	7.9377E+04	6.9732E+07	1.5549E+07	2.0230E+05	7.8651E+08	3.3007E+08
F11	Mean	1.1160E+03	1.2488E+03	1.1824E+03	1.1158E+03	1.6677E+03	1.4606E+03
	Std.	2.9913E+00	3.2250E+01	9.4665E+00	3.3238E+00	2.2204E+02	8.8403E+01
	Min.	1.1088E+03	1.1798E+03	1.1539E+03	1.1079E+03	1.3100E+03	1.3391E+03
	Max.	1.1226E+03	1.3141E+03	1.1958E+03	1.1208E+03	2.1464E+03	1.6333E+03
F12	Mean	1.4632E+03	2.1240E+03	1.6243E+03	1.3863E+03	2.8310E+05	3.9173E+04
	Std.	1.5136E+02	1.7366E+02	<b>7.4763E+0</b> 1	9.9833E+01	6.0705E+05	3.8047E+04
	Min.	1.2653E+03	1.7075E+03	1.4710E+03	1.2390E+03	3.6926E+03	4.6290E+03
	Max.	1.8060E+03	2.4633E+03	1.7321E+03	1.6190E+03	3.0853E+06	1.6132E+05
F13	Mean	1.5164E+03	1.6212E+03	1.6196E+03	1.5164E+03	1.6521E+03	1.6490E+03
	Std.	5.7521E-13	1.0116E+01	2.8056E+00	7.5650E-07	1.9004E+01	1.9066E+01
	Min.	1.5164E+03	1.5966E+03	1.6101E+03	1.5164E+03	1.6235E+03	1.5959E+03
	Max.	1.5164E+03	1.6439E+03	1.6241E+03	1.5164E+03	1.7135E+03	1.7006E+03
F14	Mean	1.6122E+03	1.7385E+03	1.6800E+03	1.6093E+03	2.1040E+03	1.9235E+03
	Std.	4.6828E+00	4.1312E+01	4.2027E+00	2.4032E+00	1.3928E+02	7.5809E+01



	Min.	1.6046E+03	1.6804E+03	1.6723E+03	1.6052E+03	1.8498E+03	1.7957E+03
	Max.	1.6232E+03	1.8315E+03	1.6866E+03	1.6149E+03	2.4780E+03	2.1104E+03
F15	Mean	2.2679E+03	3.0456E+03	2.6413E+03	2.2468E+03	3.2464E+03	3.4409E+03
	Std.	1.2153E+02	9.6418E+01	1.0901E+02	7.4398E+01	1.9923E+02	2.7028E+02
	Min.	2.0248E+03	2.7944E+03	2.3644E+03	2.0787E+03	3.0082E+03	3.0219E+03
	Max.	2.5276E+03	3.1510E+03	2.7564E+03	2.3631E+03	3.9358E+03	4.0647E+03
F16	Mean	5.4348E+03	3.6049E+10	3.7860E+10	3.0711E+03	8.8945E+10	6.2317E+10
	Std.	6.1724E+03	4.9694E+09	1.9826E+09	3.2072E+03	2.2748E+10	7.3425E+09
	Min.	2.5312E+02	2.6496E+10	3.5518E+10	1.0040E+02	5.6912E+10	4.6213E+10
	Max.	2.0890E+04	4.6036E+10	4.7182E+10	1.6706E+04	1.4701E+11	7.7122E+10
F17	Mean	3.4033E+03	8.7960E+03	6.9176E+03	3.6604E+03	1.0206E+04	1.0156E+04
	Std.	4.4688E+02	6.0894E+02	2.6243E+02	5.7958E+02	5.6619E+02	4.2361E+02
	Min.	2.3963E+03	7.2071E+03	6.0797E+03	2.4094E+03	8.6632E+03	9.2505E+03
	Max.	4.2795E+03	9.9141E+03	7.3155E+03	4.6512E+03	1.1112E+04	1.1213E+04
F18	Mean	8.1194E+02	1.3138E+03	1.3329E+03	7.9504E+02	1.9464E+03	1.5576E+03
	Std.	2.5568E+01	4.0238E+01	3.7397E+01	1.8050E+01	5.1422E+02	6.7886E+01
	Min.	7.8068E+02	1.2340E+03	1.2518E+03	7.6223E+02	1.4146E+03	1.4137E+03
	Max.	9.0057E+02	1.4005E+03	1.3935E+03	8.3767E+02	3.2501E+03	1.6999E+03
F19	Mean	1.9046E+03	9.4628E+05	5.1307E+05	1.9048E+03	3.9451E+07	7.8285E+06
	Std.	1.1034E+00	7.5528E+05	3.5817E+04	1.4645E+00	3.6200E+07	5.5597E+06
	Min.	1.9025E+03	1.4215E+05	4.3411E+05	1.9025E+03	1.6943E+06	2.0858E+06
	Max.	1.9070E+03	3.0161E+06	5.8980E+05	1.9077E+03	1.5674E+08	2.6322E+07
F20	Mean	2.6948E+03	1.7328E+07	1.2178E+07	3.5239E+03	7.0609E+08	2.3362E+08
	Std.	3.0323E+02	7.5327E+06	1.0375E+06	3.4695E+02	4.1819E+08	1.3459E+08
	Min.	2.2626E+03	8.6651E+06	1.0681E+07	2.7963E+03	7.1530E+07	2.4923E+07
	Max.	3.4486E+03	4.5121E+07	1.5245E+07	4.2431E+03	1.9127E+09	6.2322E+08
F21	Mean	2.2975E+03	4.1168E+03	4.3350E+03	2.2909E+03	8.8019E+03	6.8637E+03
	Std.	1.9936E+02	3.8556E+02	2.0555E+02	2.8076E+02	2.6283E+03	9.5824E+02
	Min.	1.9543E+03	3.2095E+03	3.7919E+03	1.6255E+03	4.9170E+03	5.3957E+03
	Max.	2.8462E+03	5.1698E+03	4.6100E+03	2.8440E+03	1.4504E+04	9.1647E+03
F22	Mean	1.4491E+04	4.388E+07	3.9020E+07	1.6266E+04	7.3784E+08	4.8860E+08
	Std.	9.8249E+03	4.9552E+07	8.1518E+06	6.2862E+03	3.6909E+08	2.8480E+08
	Min.	2.9181E+03	4.3349E+06	2.3773E+07	3.2972E+03	1.6682E+08	6.4935E+07
	Max.	3.3276E+04	2.2932E+08	5.5032E+07	2.7118E+04	1.4607E+09	1.1871E+09
F23	Mean	2.3000E+03	2.3133E+03	2.3112E+03	2.3000E+03	2.3646E+03	2.3578E+03
	Std.	1.0799E-07	7.2334E+00	1.4044E+00	1.0183E-04	1.1271E+01	8.1893E+00
	Min.	2.3000E+03	2.3042E+03	2.3085E+03	2.3000E+03	2.3349E+03	2.3360E+03
	Max.	2.3000E+03	2.3307E+03	2.3134E+03	2.3000E+03	2.3845E+03	2.3733E+03
F24	Mean	2.5000E+03	2.5952E+03	2.5572E+03	2.5000E+03	2.6427E+03	2.6312E+03
	Std.	6.4197E-07	1.6538E+01	4.9469E+00	4.1978E-04	1.0874E+01	8.2425E+00
	Min.	2.5000E+03	2.5569E+03	2.5447E+03	2.5000E+03	2.6149E+03	2.6122E+03
	Max.	2.5000E+03	2.6167E+03	2.5644E+03	2.5000E+03	2.6587E+03	2.6446E+03
F25	Mean	3.2327E+03	6.9198E+03	6.0670E+03	3.2435E+03	2.1726E+04	1.0650E+04
	Std.	4.8574E+01	8.7839E+02	9.6925E+01	3.0478E+01	8.5190E+03	9.6257E+02
	Min.	3.1882E+03	5.7003E+03	5.6659E+03	3.1882E+03	9.9377E+03	8.9424E+03



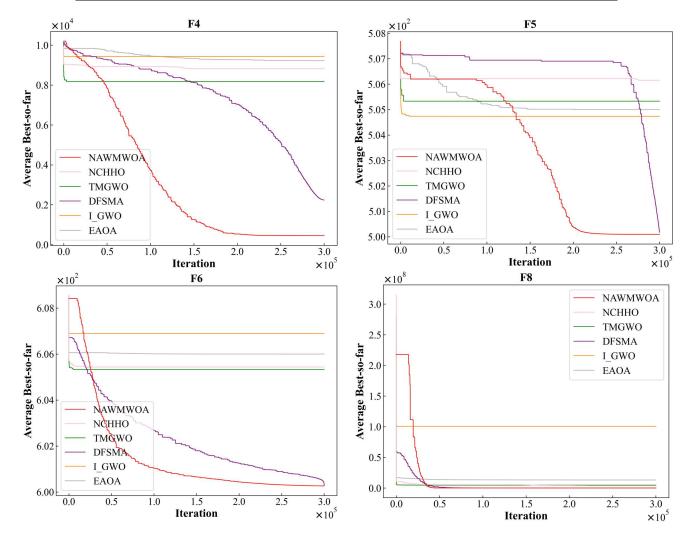
F26	Mean	3.0000E+02	7.8479E+04	7.9936E+04	3.0000E+02	2.8428E+05	1.2812E+05
	Std.	1.2595E-09	5.3567E+03	2.5205E+03	3.4946E-06	7.3352E+04	1.4756E+05
	Min.	3.0000E+02	6.1996E+04	7.0722E+04	3.0000E+02	1.2522E+05	8.4006E+04
	Max.	3.0000E+02	8.5630E+04	8.3105E+04	3.0000E+02	4.7314E+05	9.1954E+05
F27	Mean	8.6473E+02	2.9792E+04	2.9154E+04	8.6999E+02	1.0210E+05	7.3269E+04
	Std.	4.4300E+01	7.4021E+03	1.2681E+03	6.7769E+01	2.7778E+04	1.2553E+04
	Min.	8.1895E+02	1.7675E+04	2.5523E+04	8.1895E+02	6.4401E+04	3.7709E+04
	Max.	9.9667E+02	4.1513E+04	3.1040E+04	1.0211E+03	1.8212E+05	9.6980E+04
F28	Mean	6.0004E+02	6.0571E+02	6.0163E+02	6.0008E+02	7.3872E+02	6.0837E+02
	Std.	5.7507E-02	9.1113E-01	2.0686E-01	8.8510E-02	1.6942E+01	1.9024E+00
	Min.	6.0000E+02	6.0357E+02	6.0109E+02	6.0000E+02	7.0477E+02	6.0498E+02
	Max.	6.0022E+02	6.0745E+02	6.0199E+02	6.0040E+02	7.9316E+02	6.1179E+02
F29	Mean	8.7381E+02	1.0176E+03	1.0838E+03	8.8272E+02	1.1410E+03	1.2003E+03
	Std.	1.9688E+01	1.7085E+01	9.5270E+00	1.9033E+01	6.3153E+01	2.7159E+01
	Min.	8.4366E+02	9.7176E+02	1.0546E+03	8.4563E+02	1.0352E+03	1.1445E+03
	Max.	9.1992E+02	1.0331E+03	1.1005E+03	9.3172E+02	1.3167E+03	1.2533E+03
F30	Mean	1.1802E+03	9.7374E+03	8.5557E+03	2.3958E+03	1.9338E+04	1.6932E+04
	Std.	2.6360E+02	1.1238E+03	4.5009E+02	1.8143E+03	7.5183E+03	2.1753E+03
	Min.	9.0809E+02	6.3472E+03	7.4705E+03	9.0163E+02	1.1365E+04	1.1325E+04
	Max.	1.8766E+03	1.1313E+04	9.1951E+03	6.5885E+03	4.3383E+04	2.1272E+04
F31	Mean	1.2286E+04	2.8366E+09	1.3490E+09	1.4839E+04	1.9733E+10	1.1758E+10
	Std.	8.1102E+03	1.5249E+09	1.3892E+08	1.1609E+04	6.0466E+09	3.2649E+09
	Min.	2.2954E+03	8.6762E+08	1.0156E+09	2.2784E+03	6.0760E+09	5.4025E+09
	Max.	3.1332E+04	7.4876E+09	1.6338E+09	4.8310E+04	3.0185E+10	1.8493E+10
F32	Mean	2.0327E+03	2.4768E+03	2.2799E+03	2.0344E+03	2.7872E+03	2.6485E+03
	Std.	5.4425E+00	9.0204E+01	1.3773E+01	8.4748E+00	1.7524E+02	1.6028E+02
	Min.	2.0247E+03	2.3055E+03	2.2492E+03	2.0233E+03	2.4409E+03	2.2900E+03
	Max.	2.0421E+03	2.6360E+03	2.3099E+03	2.0680E+03	3.0652E+03	2.9765E+03
F33	Mean	2.2766E+03	3.2283E+03	2.5138E+03	2.2802E+03	1.3485E+05	9.3817E+04
	Std.	4.4559E+01	1.0575E+03	7.2873E+01	4.6355E+01	2.0607E+05	9.6666E+04
	Min.	2.2256E+03	2.3052E+03	2.3819E+03	2.2291E+03	3.2451E+03	3.0768E+03
	Max.	2.3790E+03	7.2781E+03	2.6910E+03	2.4486E+03	1.0325E+06	3.6540E+05
F34	Mean	2.8428E+03	6.7202E+03	5.4831E+03	2.6994E+03	4.2501E+03	2.0840E+04
	Std.	2.1029E+02	8.0791E+02	8.9247E+01	1.1517E+02	7.2052E+02	6.9530E+03
	Min.	2.5425E+03	5.1758E+03	5.2911E+03	2.5525E+03	3.0416E+03	1.2397E+04
	Max.	3.7892E+03	8.5639E+03	5.6249E+03	3.0209E+03	5.7977E+03	3.5812E+04
F35	Mean	2.8982E+03	3.1216E+03	3.0284E+03	2.9237E+03	1.1286E+04	4.0573E+03
	Std.	5.7016E+01	8.7335E+00	2.1266E+01	7.6179E+01	5.4841E+02	4.4854E+02
	Min.	2.8061E+03	3.0746E+03	2.9794E+03	2.7856E+03	1.0214E+04	3.1597E+03
	Max.	3.0039E+03	3.1235E+03	3.0648E+03	3.1923E+03	1.2343E+04	4.8843E+03
F36	Mean	3.6510E+03	1.1588E+04	9.9661E+03	3.7028E+03	2.8323E+04	1.4453E+04
	Std.	1.6097E+02	9.1898E+02	7.9788E+01	1.2047E+02	6.7182E+03	1.0771E+03
	Min.	3.4214E+03	9.9955E+03	9.7972E+03	3.4616E+03	1.7315E+04	1.2698E+04
	Max.	4.0601E+03	1.3852E+04	1.0112E+04	3.9489E+03	4.1993E+04	1.7070E+04
F37	Mean	2.8002E+03	2.8000E+03	2.8243E+03	2.8003E+03	4.9243E+03	5.8715E+03
	Std.	1.5430E-01	1.9261E-04	1.4597E+01	1.9041E-01	4.4482E+02	1.2028E+03



Min.	2.8000E+03	2.8000E+03	2.8040E+03	2.8001E+03	3.9397E+03	3.3300E+03
Max.	2.8006E+03	2.8000E+03	2.8612E+03	2.8008E+03	5.6352E+03	8.3329E+03

TABLE 10. Comparison results of NAWMWOA and other improved algorithms in terms of "Mean".

Method		NAWMWOA	NCHHO	TMGWO	DFSMA	I-GWO	EAOA
	Mean		36/0/1	37/0/0	24/1/12	37/0/0	37/0/0
+/=/-	Std.		31/0/6	27/0/10	24/0/13	35/0/2	34/0/3
	Min.		36/0/1	37/0/0	25/0/12	37/0/0	37/0/0
	Max.		36/0/1	36/0/1	23/0/14	37/0/0	37/0/0
ARV		1.3243	3.8108	3.1892	1.7297	5.7838	5.1622



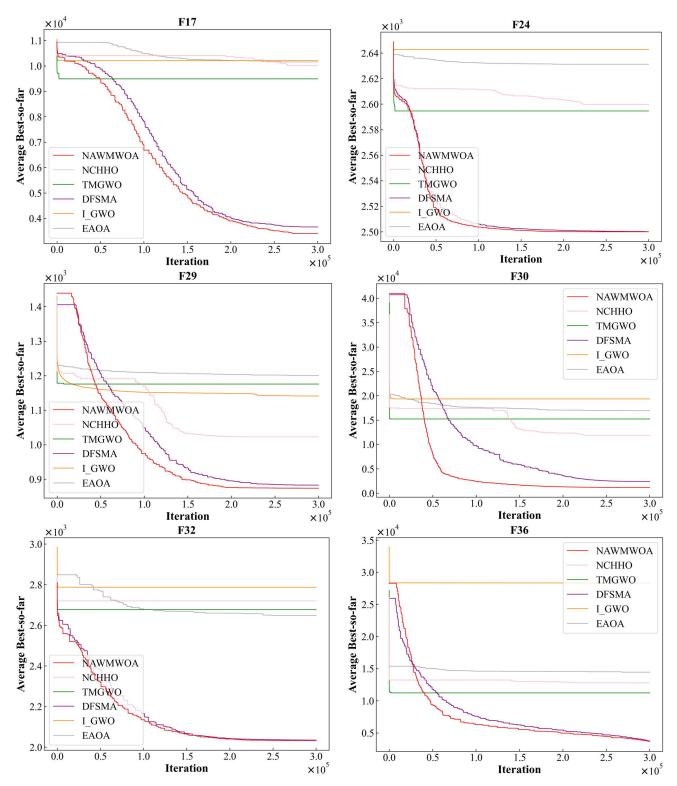


FIGURE 3. Convergence curves of NAWMWOA and other variants of WOA.

# E. ANALYSIS OF BALANCE AND DIVERSITY

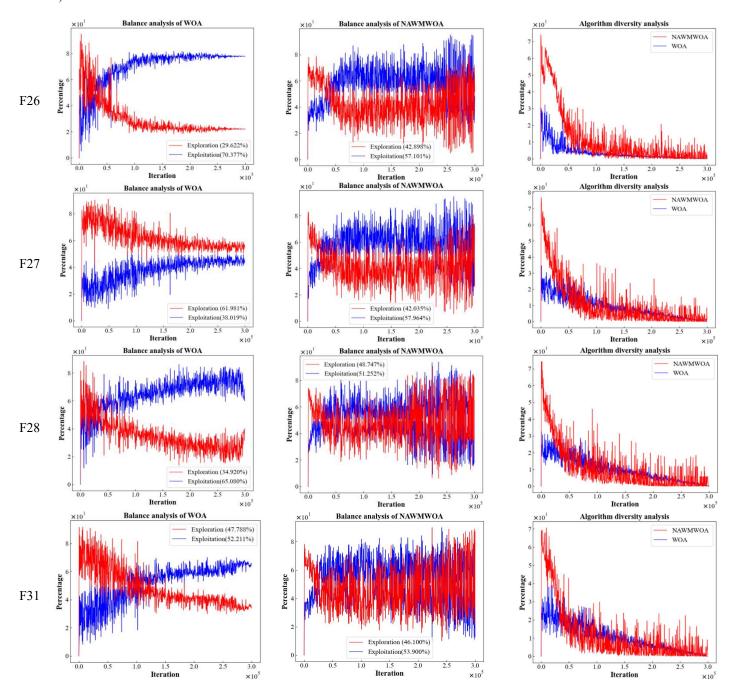
To further examine the improvement effect of the proposed strategies for NAWMWOA, the balance and population diversity of two algorithms are experimented with out of 4 categories of benchmark functions including Unimodal functions (F26), Basic functions (F27, F28), Hybrid functions (F31, F32), and Composition functions (F35, F36, F37). The experimental results are visually displayed in Fig. 4. The (a), (b) and (c) in Fig. 4 represent the balance analysis of WOA,



the balance analysis of NAWMWOA and the diversity comparison of the two algorithms, respectively. In (a), (b), the exploration curve and the exploitation curve are used to measure the balance of the algorithm.

First of all, it can be seen from (a) and (b) that both WOA and NAWMWOA have more exploration than exploitation in the early stage of iteration. NAWMWOA has improved its exploration ability on F26 and F28. However, the proportion of development is large in NAWMWOA out of Hybrid functions (F31, F32) and Composition functions (F35, F36, F37).

As can be seen from Fig.4 (c), the population diversity of both WOA and NAWMWOA showed a declining trend. However, compared with WOA, the population diversity of NAWMWOA is higher in the early iteration, which is conducive to improving the accuracy of the solution. In addition, the population diversity of NAWMWOA declines faster than that of WOA, indicating that NAWMWOA has a faster convergence rate than WOA, which further indicates that NAWMWOA considers both convergence rate and convergence accuracy.



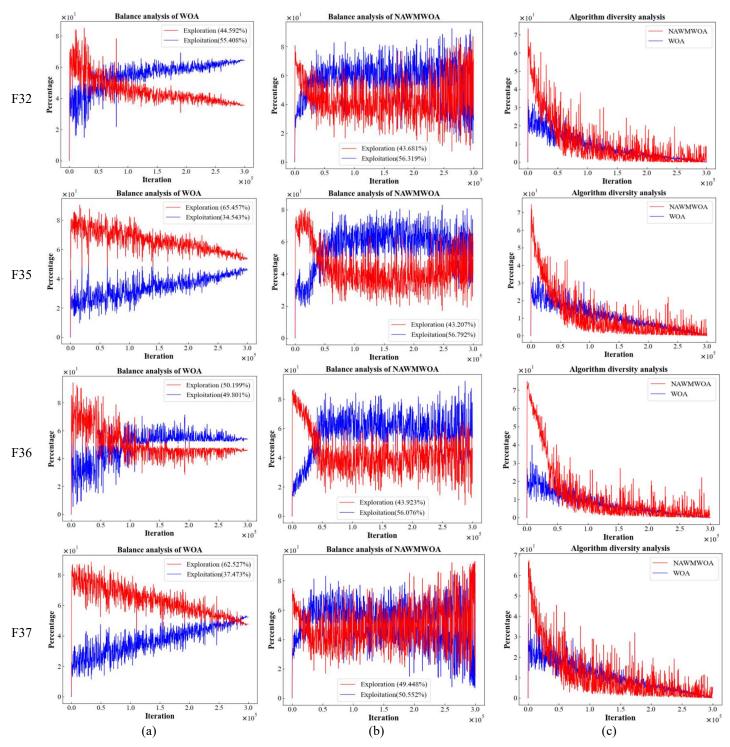


FIGURE 4. Balance analysis and diversity analysis performed by NAWMWOA and WOA.

# V. NAWMWOA FOR SOLVING ENGINEERING BENCHMARKS

In this section, three classical engineering benchmarks are adopted to test the feasibility of the proposed NAWMWOA in engineering problems, which include three-bar truss design [75] tension-compression spring design (TCSD) [76], and

welded beam design (WBD) [77]. Penalty functions for solving constraint problems mainly include static, dynamic, annealing, adaptive, co-evolutionary, and death penalty [78]. Although the death penalty abandons infeasible solutions, it has the characteristics of a small amount of calculation and simple method. Therefore, under the premise of ensuring the



experimental requirements, the death penalty is used to deal with the three constraint problems in this study.

#### A. THREE-BAR TRUSS DESIGN PROBLEM

In this engineering problem, the design objective is to achieve the minimum weight of the three-bar truss design based on three constraints. The design parameters include the length of the rods on both sides  $(A_1 = A_3)$  and the length of the middle rod  $(A_2)$ . The three-dimensional diagram of the three-bar truss design is shown in Fig. 5. The constraints and formula are explained as follows:

Consider:

$$\vec{x} = [x_1 \ x_2] = [A_1 \ A_2]$$

Minimize:

$$f(x_1, x_2) = (2\sqrt{2x_1} + x_2) \times l$$

Subject to:

$$g_1 = \frac{\sqrt{2}x_1 + x_2}{\sqrt{2}x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2}P - \sigma \le 0$$

$$g_2 = \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{2}x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2}P - \sigma \le 0$$

$$g_3 = \frac{1}{x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2}P - \sigma \le 0$$

$$0 \le A_1 \le 1 \text{ and } 0 \le A_2 \le 1$$

$$l = 100cm, P = 2KN/cm^2, \text{ and } \sigma = 2KN/cm^2$$



TABLE 11. Comparison results for three-bar truss design problem.

	Al	A2	D	
				D
A1=A3	P	X <sub>P</sub>		ļ

FIGURE 5. 3D model diagram and structural parameters of three-bar truss design problem.

In order to ensure the accuracy of the experiment, the results of all the compared algorithms are based on the death penalty function. Then, the proposed NAWMWOA and seven advanced meta-heuristics including African vultures optimization algorithm (AVOA) [79], arithmetic optimization algorithm (AOA) [80], SSA, moth flame optimization (MFO)[81]. wild horse optimizer (WHO) [82], HHO, and grasshopper optimization algorithm (GOA) [83] are utilized to experiment with three-bar truss design problem. The results obtained by NAWMWOA and other algorithms are provided in Table 11. From Table 11, it can be observed that the optimal solution obtained by NAWMWOA is 263.895833, which is superior to generated results of all the other approaches. The NAWMWOA ultimately provides the most effective design arrangement. Therefore, the proposed NAWMWOA is highly competitive in solving the three-bar truss design problem.

Algorithms	Optimal values for variables		— Optimum weight
	A1=A3	A2	— Optimum weight
NAWMWOA	0.78861147	0.40842825	263.895833
AVOA	0.78868039	0.40823341	263.895843
AOA	0.79369	0.39426	263.9154
SSA	0.78866541	0.40827578	263.895843
MFO	0.78824477	0.40946690	263.895979
WHO	0.798	0.3816	263.9181
ННО	0.78866281	0.40828313	263.895843
GOA	0.78889755	0.40761957	263.895881

#### B. TENSION-COMPRESSION SPRING DESIGN

Tension-compression spring design is a classical engineering design problem. The purpose of the spring design is to minimize the weight of the spring under the premise of constraints. The three design variables are wire diameter (d), mean coil diameter (D), and number of active coils (N). The three constraints are shear stress, surge frequency and deflection. Fig. 6 illustrates the 3D diagram of the spring. The

formulation of the Tension/compression spring design problem is explained as follows:

Consider:

$$\vec{x} = [x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3] = [d \ D \ N]$$

Minimize:

$$f(\vec{x}) = (x_3 + 2) x_2 x_1^2$$

Subject to:



In order to verify the superiority of the proposed NAWMWOA in the tension-compression spring design problem, eight advanced meta-heuristics are employed to solve the problem and the experimental results are displayed in Table 12, which includes AVOA, AOA, TSA, SSA, MFO, emperor penguin optimizer (EPO) [84], multi-verse optimizer (MVO) [85], and GWO. As can be seen in Table 12, In order to ensure fairness, all the algorithms employ similar penalty functions and the tension-compression spring design problem is executed 10 times. It can be seen from Table 12, that the optimal objective function value obtained by NAWMWOA is 0.0121181, which is better than the results of other 8 algorithms. The enhanced efficacy of the proposed NAWMWOA is verified by the tension-compression spring design problem compared with other well-established methods, which indicates that NAWMWOA has an excellent performance in solving problem Tension-compression spring

$$g_{1}(\vec{x}) = 1 - \frac{x_{2}^{3}x_{3}}{71785x_{1}^{4}} \le 0$$

$$g_{2}(\vec{x}) = \frac{4x_{2}^{2} - x_{1}x_{2}}{12566(x_{2}x_{1}^{3} - x_{1}^{4})} + \frac{1}{5108x_{1}^{2}} \le 0$$

$$g_{3}(\vec{x}) = 1 - \frac{140.45x_{1}}{x_{2}^{2}x_{3}} \le 0$$

$$g_{4}(\vec{x}) = \frac{x_{1} + x_{2}}{1.5} - 1 \le 0$$

FIGURE 6. 3D model diagram and structural parameters of tension-compression spring design problem.

TABLE 12. Comparison results for the tension-compression spring design problem.

Algorithms	Optimal values	Optimal values for variables			
	D	D	N	— Optimum weight	
NAWMWOA	0.0619193	0.635203	4.12079	0.0121181	
AVOA	0.0516698	0.3562553	11.3161	0.0126652	
AOA	0.05	0.349809	11.8637	0.012124	
TSA	0.05108	0.34289	12.089	0.0126555	
SSA	0.051207	0.345215	12.004032	0.0126763	
MFO	0.05	0.30950	6.3793	0.013970	
EPO	0.051087	0.342908	12.0898	0.0126569	
MVO	0.05	0.315956	14.22623	0.0128169	
GWO	0.050178	0.341541	12.07349	0.0126783	

design problem.

#### C. WELDED BEAM DESIGN PROBLEM

In order to further prove the feasibility and superiority of the proposed NAWMWOA in engineering design problems, WBD problems are adopted for experiments. The design objective of the WBD is to minimize the cost of the welded beam while satisfying the more conditions. the engineering benchmark constraints are thickness of the weld (h), length of the clamped bar (l), height of the bar (t), and thickness of the bar (b). The schematic diagram is shown in Fig. 7. The mathematical model is explained as follows: Consider:

$$\vec{x} = [x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3 \ x_4] = [h \ l \ t \ b]$$

Minimize:

$$f(\vec{x}) = 1.10471x_1^2 + 0.04811x_3x_4(14.0 + x_4)$$
  
Subject to:

$$g_{1}(\vec{x}) = \tau(\vec{x}) - \tau_{max} \le 0$$

$$g_{2}(\vec{x}) = \sigma(\vec{x}) - \sigma_{max} \le 0$$

$$g_{3}(\vec{x}) = \delta(\vec{x}) - \delta_{max} \le 0$$

$$g_{4}(\vec{x}) = x_{1} - x_{4} \le 0$$

$$g_{5}(\vec{x}) = P - P_{C}(\vec{x}) \le 0$$

$$g_{6}(\vec{x}) = 0.125 - x_{1} \le 0$$

$$g_{7}(\vec{x}) = 1.10471x_{1}^{2} + 0.04811x_{3}x_{4}(14.0 + x_{2}) -5.0 \le 0$$

Variable range:

$$0.1 \le x_1 \le 2, 0.1 \le x_2 \le 10, 0.1 \le x_3 \le 10, 0.1 \le x_4 \le 2$$
 Where



$$\begin{split} \tau(\vec{x}) &= \sqrt{(\tau')^2 + 2\tau'\tau''\frac{x_2}{2R} + (\tau'')^2}\tau' = \frac{P}{\sqrt{2}x_1x_2}\tau'' \\ \tau\left(\vec{x}\right) &= \sqrt{(\tau')^2 + 2\tau'\tau''\frac{x_2}{2R} + (\tau'')^2}\tau' \\ &= \frac{P}{\sqrt{2}x_1x_2}\tau'' = \frac{MR}{J}M = P(L + \frac{x_2}{2}) \\ R &= \sqrt{\frac{x_2^2}{4} + (\frac{x_1 + x_3}{2})^2} \\ J &= 2\left\{\sqrt{2}x_1x_2\left[\frac{x_2^2}{4} + \left(\frac{x_1 + x_3}{2}\right)^2\right]\right\} \\ \sigma(\vec{x}) &= \frac{6PL}{x_4x_3^2}, \delta(\vec{x}) = \frac{6PL^3}{Ex_3^2x_4} \\ P_c(\vec{x}) &= \frac{4.013E\sqrt{\frac{x_3^2x_4^6}{36}}}{L^2}(1 - \frac{x_3}{2L}\sqrt{\frac{E}{4G}}) \\ P &= 60001b, L = 14 \ in... \ max = 0.25 in.. \\ E &= 30 \times 1^6 psi, G = 12 \times 10^6 psi \\ \tau_{max} &= 13600 psi, \sigma_{max} = 30000 psi \end{split}$$

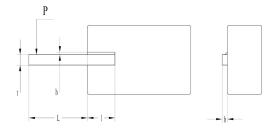


FIGURE 7. 3D model diagram and structural parameters of welded beam design problem.

In this experiment, the NAWMWOA and eight metaheuristic algorithms including WOA, double adaptive weights for stabilization of moth flame optimizer (WEMFO) [86], MFO, mine blast algorithm (MBA) [87], GSA, spotted hyena optimizer (SHO) [88], GWO and particle swarm optimization (PSO) [89] are utilized to solve the welded beam design problem with certain constraints. The experimental results are listed in Table 13, in which the NAWMWOA obtains the optimization results with a minimum value of 1.724852, indicating the best performance among all the comparison algorithms. It can be seen from the experimental results in Table 13 that NAWMWOA has the smallest experimental results, indicating that NAWMWOA has a prominent ability in solving welded beam design problem.



TABLE 13. Comparison results for welded beam design problem.

Algorithms	Optimal values for variables				Ontinavan vysialet
Algorithms	h	1	t	b	— Optimum weight
NAWMWOA	0.2057297	3.4704863	9.0366236	0.2057296	1.724852
WOA	0.205396	3.484293	9.037426	0.206276	1.730499
WEMFO	0.1	2.4074	5.8609	0.1	1.84670
MFO	0.19869	4.3017	10	0.20009	2.0100
MBA	0.20573	3.4705	9.0366	0.20573	1.7249
GSA	0.182129	3.856979	10.00000	0.202376	1.879952
SHO	0.205563	3.474846	9.035799	0.205811	1.725661
GWO	0.205678	3.475403	9.036964	0.206229	1.726995
PSO	0.197411	3.315061	10	0.201395	1.820395



#### **VI. CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

In this study, the nonlinear convergence factor, adaptive weight and hybrid mutation strategy are introduced into the original WOA and a novel variant of WOA called NAWMWOA is proposed. The nonlinear convergence factor improves the balance between exploration phase and development phase of the WOA. The adaptive weight has the function of overcoming the defect of original WOA that is easy to fall into local optimum in the early stage of iteration. The hybrid mutation strategy is introduced to improve the convergence accuracy of the algorithm. Two sets of advanced meta-heuristics are adopted to perform experiments with the proposed NAWMWOA on 37 benchmark functions (CEC2015, CEC2021, CEC2022), which includes five variants of WOA (EWOA, NGS-WOA, ESSAWOA, WOAAmM, CWOA), and five state-of-the-art algorithms (NCHHO, TMGWO, DFSMA, I-GWO, EAOA). The experimental results composed of "Mean", "Std.", "Max.", and "Min." conclude that the NAWMWOA performed significantly better than the other algorithms. In detail, the NAWMWOA outperforms EWOA, NGS-WOA, ESSAWOA, WOAAmM, and CWOA on 36, 37, 37, 37, and 36 out of 37 functions, respectively. In addition, the overall performance of NAWMWOA is generally superior to NCHHO, TMGWO, DFSMA, I-GWO, and EAOA on 36, 37, 24, 37, and 37 out of 37 functions. In order to demonstrate the effectiveness of the proposed NAWMWOA to solve practical problems, three kinds of classical engineering benchmarks including three-bar truss design problem, tension-compression spring design problem, and welded beam design problem are used for experiments. The experimental results show NAWMWOA has a better ability to solve practical problems than other algorithms in three kinds of engineering design problems.

The research and application of intelligent algorithms should have great improvement room in the future. It may be applied to intelligent medical and health protection systems [90], sustainable transport systems [91] and sustainable supplier selection [92] by combining machine learning algorithms and decision models. Since the introduction of algorithm models increases the complexity of algorithms and reduces the convergence efficiency, improving the convergence speed of algorithms is the main direction of future research.

#### **DECLARATION OF COMPETING INTEREST**

The authors declare that they have no known competing financial interests or personal relationships that could have appeared to influence the work reported in this paper.

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ZHI WANG received the bachelor degree from Tianjin University in 1994. He is an outstanding expert and is appointed as a member of the China hydrogen energy application modern industry chain expert advisory committee, the national pipeline network group technical expert committee, etc. He is currently the Chief Expert of SINOPEC Petroleum Engineering Corporation. His main research directions are oil and gas energy, hydrogen production, storage and transportation, 3D design software development for oil and gas

fields, CCUS engineering design, etc.



**LEI WU** received the bachelor degree from China University of Petroleum (East China) in 2010, and the Ph.D. degree from China University of Petroleum (East China) in 2016. He was the researcher of the Maritime Research Institute of Nanyang Technological University in Singapore from 2016 to 2019. He is a young expert of Taishan Scholars of Shandong Province and a leading talent of Qingdao West Coast New Area. His main research directions include intelligent design of offshore platforms, monitoring of

offshore oil and gas equipment, riser health monitoring, etc.



YAYUN LI received the bachelor degree from China University of Petroleum (East China) in 1995. She is currently the expert of SINOPEC Petroleum Engineering Corporation. Her main research directions include oil exploration, key technologies and equipment for oil and gas, intelligent operation and maintenance of oil fields.



**QIANG GUO** received the bachelor degree from Guilin Institute of Aerospace Technology. He is currently a master degree candidate in China University of Petroleum (East China). He is currently specializing in intelligent design of offshore platforms and monitoring of offshore oil and gas equipment, riser health monitoring, etc.