# CREATE A VNET AND IT'S SUBNETS AND LAUNCH A WINDOWS LINUX VM IN EACH SUBNET, VM SHOULD ABLE TO PING EACH OTHER. CREATE TWO VNETS AND CREATE A CONNECTION BETWEEN THEM USING VNET PEERING

#### 1. Create VNET1 with Two Subnets

```
# Create Resource Group
az group create --name MyResourceGroup1 --location eastus
# Create VNET1
az network vnet create \
 --name VNET1 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \
 --address-prefix 10.0.0.0/16 \
 --subnet-name Subnet1 \
 --subnet-prefix 10.0.1.0/24
# Create Subnet2 in VNET1
az network vnet subnet create \
 --vnet-name VNET1 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \
 --name Subnet2 \
 --address-prefix 10.0.2.0/24
```

#### 2) Create VNET2 with Two Subnets

```
# Create Resource Group
az group create --name MyResourceGroup2 --location
westus
# Create VNET2
az network vnet create \
 --name VNET2 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
 --address-prefix 10.1.0.0/16 \
 --subnet-name Subnet1 \
 --subnet-prefix 10.1.1.0/24
# Create Subnet2 in VNET2
az network vnet subnet create \
 --vnet-name VNET2 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
 --name Subnet2 \
 --address-prefix 10.1.2.0/24
3) Launch a Windows VM in Each Subnet of VNET1
# Create Windows VM in Subnet1 of VNET1
az vm create \
```

--resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \

--name WinVM1 \

```
--image Win2019Datacenter \
 --vnet-name VNET1 \
 --subnet Subnet1 \
 --admin-username azureuser \
 --admin-password YourPassword123!
# Create Windows VM in Subnet2 of VNET1
az vm create \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \
 --name WinVM2 \
 --image Win2019Datacenter \
 --vnet-name VNET1 \
 --subnet Subnet2 \
 --admin-username azureuser \
 --admin-password YourPassword123!
4) Launch a Linux VM in Each Subnet of VNET2
# Create Linux VM in Subnet1 of VNET2
az vm create \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
 --name LinuxVM1 \
 --image UbuntuLTS \
 --vnet-name VNET2 \
 --subnet Subnet1 \
 --admin-username azureuser \
 --generate-ssh-keys
```

```
# Create Linux VM in Subnet2 of VNET2
az vm create \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
 --name LinuxVM2 \
 --image UbuntuLTS \
 --vnet-name VNET2 \
 --subnet Subnet2 \
 --admin-username azureuser \
 --generate-ssh-keys
5) Enable VNet Peering between VNET1 and VNET2
# Create peering from VNET1 to VNET2
az network vnet peering create \
 --name VNET1-to-VNET2 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \
 --vnet-name VNET1 \
 --remote-vnet VNET2 \
 --allow-vnet-access
# Create peering from VNET2 to VNET1
az network vnet peering create \
 --name VNET2-to-VNET1 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
 --vnet-name VNET2 \
 --remote-vnet VNET1 \
```

## 6) Configure Network Security Groups (NSGs) to Allow ICMP Traffic

```
# Create NSG rules to allow ICMP traffic
# Create NSG rule in VNET1
az network nsg rule create \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \
 --nsg-name MyNSG \
 --name Allow-ICMP \
 --protocol lcmp \
 --priority 1000 \
 --direction Inbound \
 --source-address-prefixes '*' \
 --source-port-ranges '*' \
 --destination-address-prefixes '*' \
 --destination-port-ranges '*' \
 --access Allow
# Associate NSG with VNET1 subnets
az network vnet subnet update \
 --vnet-name VNET1 \
 --name Subnet1 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \
 --network-security-group MyNSG
```

```
az network vnet subnet update \
 --vnet-name VNET1 \
 --name Subnet2 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup1 \
 --network-security-group MyNSG
# Create NSG rule in VNET2
az network nsg rule create \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
 --nsg-name MyNSG \
 --name Allow-ICMP \
 --protocol lcmp \
 −−priority 1000 \
 --direction Inbound \
 --source-address-prefixes '*' \
 --source-port-ranges '*' \
 --destination-address-prefixes '*' \
 --destination-port-ranges '*' \
 --access Allow
# Associate NSG with VNET2 subnets
az network vnet subnet update \
 --vnet-name VNET2 \
 --name Subnet1 \
 --resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
 --network-security-group MyNSG
```

```
az network vnet subnet update \
--vnet-name VNET2 \
--name Subnet2 \
--resource-group MyResourceGroup2 \
--network-security-group MyNSG
```

### **Verification process**

From a Windows VM:
ping <Linux\_VM\_Private\_IP>

From a Linux VM:
ping <Windows\_VM\_Private\_IP>