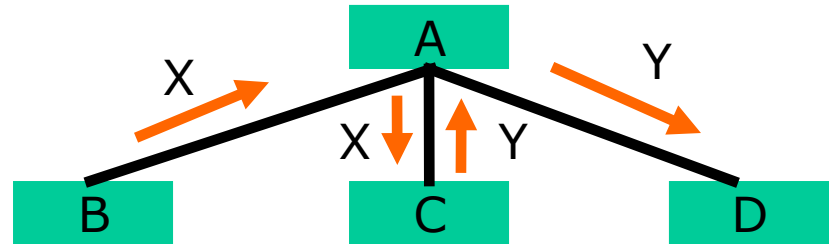


Lecture 06

System Design

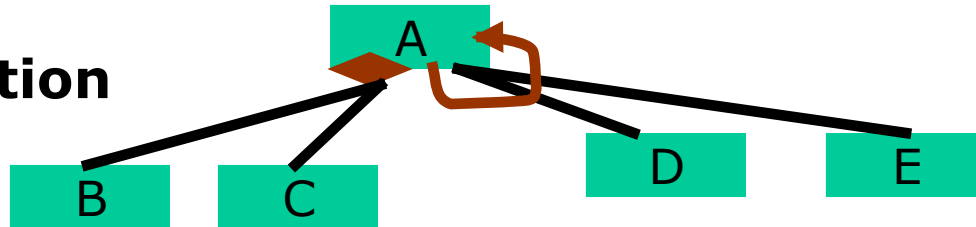
Structure Charts

- $A\{B; C; D;\}$



- Program modules are represented by rectangular boxes
- Conventions : to describe the system operation, it specify the **execution sequence** and **parameter passing**

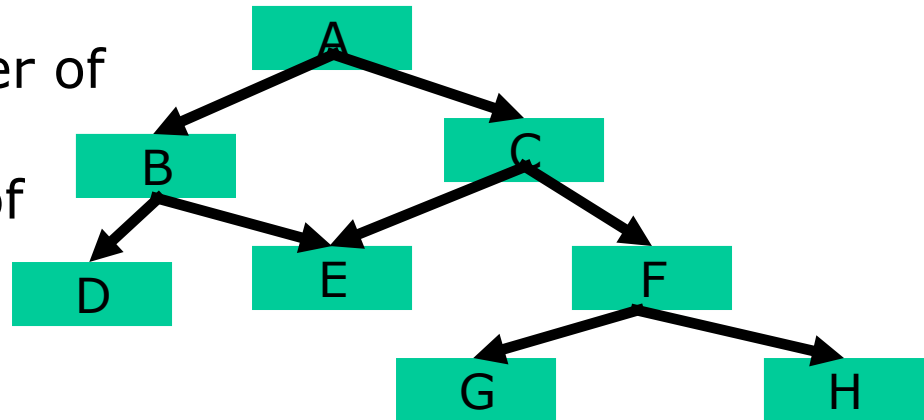
- **Decision & Iteration**



Structure Charts (Cont.)

- Some criteria are used for evaluation :

1. Span of Control : Number of immediate subroutines of a module



EX. C,D,E,F,G,H are the immediate subroutines of B.

Span of Control of module B is 6

- Ideally span of control Not > 7

Structure Charts (Cont.)

2. Fan_in : Total number of modules that call a particular module.

Ex. Fan_in of B is 1 and E is 2

- Ideally structure chart should have **high fan_in**

3. Fan_out : Total number of modules which are called by a particular module

Ex. Fan_out of B is 2

4. Scope of Control : All the module which are call the children of a particular module

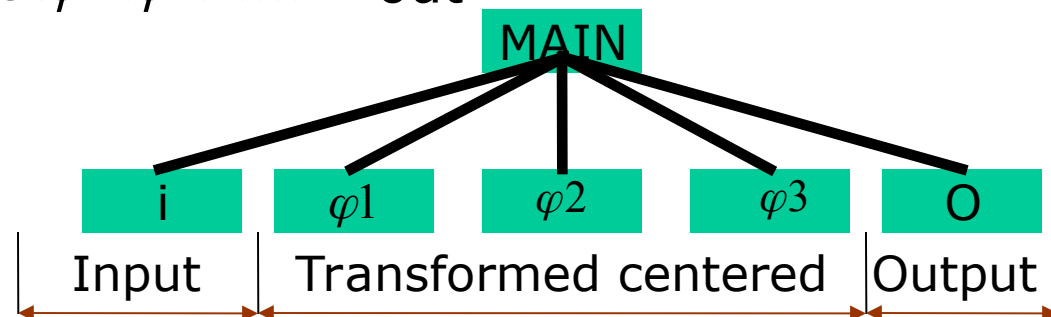
5. Scope of Effect : A decision consist of all the modules whose processing is conditional on the outcome of decision

Ex. Any change of B is effect of C, D & E

Structure Charts (Cont.)

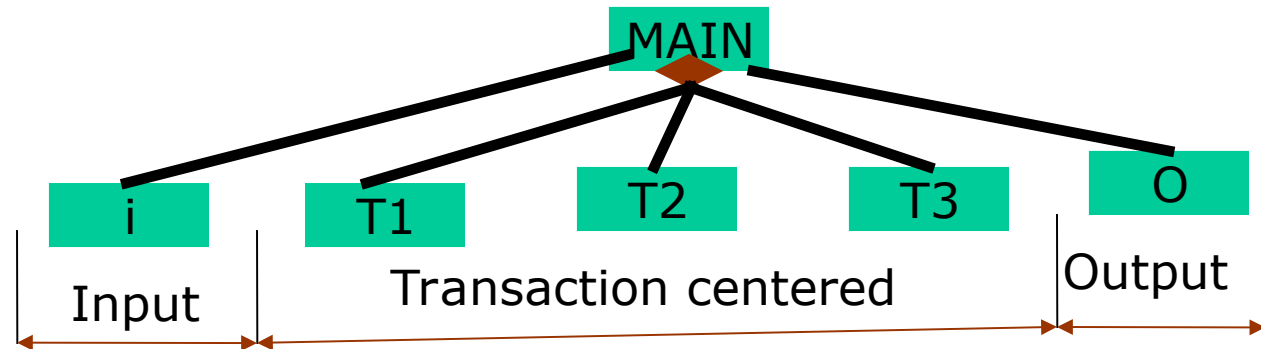
- Two types of Structure charts
 1. Transform centered Structure charts
 2. Transaction centered Structure charts
- Transform centered Structure charts :
 - Received an input
 - Transformed by a sequence of operation
 - Gives outputs

Ex. If the function is $(\varphi_3(\varphi_2(\varphi_1(I)))) = \text{out}$



Structure Charts (Cont.)

- Problem $\text{Out} = A3(B3(A2(B2(A1(B1(I))))))$
- $\text{Output} = \{T1(I), T2(I), T3(I)\}$



- Problem Output $= G2\{T1(g1(I)), T2(g1(I)), T3(g1(I))\}$

Problems

- Calculate the payback period from the table and state whether the project is worthwhile or not, when the rate of interest in an investment account is 8 percent.

Year	System Cost(\$)	System Benefits (\$)
0	1,50,000	
1		70,000
2		50,000
3		80,000
4		30,000
5		20,000

Problems

1. Using COCOMO I

- Determine the Effort to develop of a Software product
 - Determine the Duration to develop of a Software product
 - Determine the Number of People engaged to develop of a Software product.
- Input of your program is Lines of Code and Effort Adjustment Factor.
 - Also determine the type of project (i) Organic, (ii) Semi-detached and (iii) Embedded.

Problems

- Using COCOMO II
 - Determine the Object Point to develop of a Software product
 - Determine the New Object Point to develop of a Software product
 - Determine the Effort to develop of a Software product
 - Determine the Number of People engaged to develop Software product, if Duration of development of the software is 5 years.
- If the software consist of 10 Screens, 4 Reports and 15 3GL Components. Assume component based development and 60% reuse is applied.