**CSE 344 Computer Vision Homework 15** Name: Arka Sarkar Roll Number: 20182222 In [73]: import numpy as np import tensorflow as tf import pandas as pd from keras import layers from keras.layers import Input, Add, Dense, Activation, ZeroPadding2D, BatchNormalization, Flatten, Con v2D, AveragePooling2D, MaxPooling2D, GlobalMaxPooling2D import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from keras.models import Model, load model Reading the Dataset In [2]: train df = pd.read csv("dataset/mnist train.csv") test df = pd.read csv("dataset/mnist test.csv") train df In [3]: Out[3]: 1x1 1x2 1x3 1x4 1x5 1x6 1x7 1x8 1x9 ... 28x19 28x20 28x21 28x22 28x23 28x24 28x25 28x26 28x27 28x28 label 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 C 1 0 0 ... 0 0 59995 0 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 59996 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 C 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 59997 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 C 0 ... 0 0 0 0 C 59998 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 C 59999 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0 60000 rows × 785 columns In [4]: train = np.array(train df) test = np.array(test\_df) Y\_train = np.zeros((train.shape[0], 10)) X train = []Y\_test = np.zeros((test.shape[0], 10))  $X_{test} = []$ for i in range(train.shape[0]): X\_train.append(train[i,1:].reshape((28,28,1)))  $Y_{train[i, train[i, 0]]} = 1$ for i in range(test.shape[0]):  $X_{\text{test.append}}(\text{test[i,1:].reshape((28,28,1))})$ Y test[i,test[i,0]] = 1X train = np.array(X train) X\_test = np.array(X\_test) print(X\_test.shape) print(X\_train.shape) print(Y test.shape) print(Y\_train.shape) (10000, 28, 28, 1)(60000, 28, 28, 1)(10000, 10)(60000, 10)In [8]: | idx = 10sample = X\_train[idx] print(Y\_train[idx]) plt.imshow(sample, cmap = "gray") [0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.] Out[8]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2bd3655190> 5 10 15 20 25 10 15 20 25 In [19]: **def** LeNet5(input\_shape = (28,28,1), stride = [1,1], filters = [5,5], pooling = [2,2], activation = ["r elu", "relu", "relu", "relu"], n\_filters = [6,16], n\_layers = [120,84], pooling\_technique = "max"): s1, s2 = stridef1, f2 = filtersp1,p2 = poolinga1,a2,a3,a4 = activationnf1, nf2 = n filters  $nl1, nl2 = n_layers$ X input = Input(input\_shape)  $X = ZeroPadding2D((2,2))(X_input)$ X = Conv2D(filters = nf1, kernel\_size = (f1,f1), strides = (s1,s1), activation = a1, input\_shape = (32, 32, 1))(X)if(pooling\_technique == "max"): X = MaxPooling2D((p1, p1), strides=(2, 2))(X)elif(pooling technique == "avg"): X = AveragePooling2D((p1, p1), strides=(2, 2))(X)else: raise Exception("Wrong Pooling technique") X = Conv2D(filters = nf2, kernel size = (f2,f2), strides = (s2,s2), activation = a2)(X)if(pooling technique == "max"): X = MaxPooling2D((p2, p2), strides=(2, 2))(X)elif(pooling\_technique == "avg"): X = AveragePooling2D((p2, p2), strides=(2, 2))(X)raise Exception("Wrong Pooling technique") X = Flatten()(X)X = Dense(nl1, activation = a3)(X)X = Dense(n12, activation = a4)(X)X = Dense(10, activation = 'softmax')(X) model = Model(inputs = X input, outputs = X, name='LeNet5') return model Original LeNet 5 In [20]: model = LeNet5() model.summary() model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X\_train, Y\_train, epochs = 10, batch size = 512) preds = model.evaluate(X test, Y test) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) print ("Loss = " + str(preds[0])) print ("Test Accuracy = " + str(preds[1])) Model: "LeNet5" Param # Layer (type) Output Shape \_\_\_\_\_\_ input 7 (InputLayer) [(None, 28, 28, 1)] zero padding2d 6 (ZeroPaddin (None, 32, 32, 1) (None, 28, 28, 6) conv2d 12 (Conv2D) max pooling2d 12 (MaxPooling (None, 14, 14, 6) conv2d 13 (Conv2D) (None, 10, 10, 16) max pooling2d 13 (MaxPooling (None, 5, 5, 16) flatten 6 (Flatten) (None, 400) dense 18 (Dense) (None, 120) 48120 dense 19 (Dense) (None, 84) 10164 dense 20 (Dense) (None, 10) 850 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Total params: 61,706 Trainable params: 61,706 Non-trainable params: 0 Epoch 1/10 Epoch 2/10 Epoch 3/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 Epoch 10/10 Loss = 0.07327043265104294Test Accuracy = 0.98089998960495Modified LeNet5 filter size Stride Pooling technique. For example, you can try pooling by computing the "determinant" value. Activation function. For example, you can try out some new activation functions like "x\*sigmoid(x)". Number of layers · Number of filters **Changing Filter Size** In [21]: model = LeNet5(filters = [5,7])model.summary() model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical\_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X\_train, Y\_train, epochs = 10, batch\_size = 512) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) print ("Loss = " + str(preds[0])) print ("Test Accuracy = " + str(preds[1])) Model: "LeNet5" Layer (type) Output Shape Param # \_\_\_\_\_\_ [(None, 28, 28, 1)] input\_8 (InputLayer) zero\_padding2d\_7 (ZeroPaddin (None, 32, 32, 1) (None, 28, 28, 6) conv2d\_14 (Conv2D) 156 max pooling2d 14 (MaxPooling (None, 14, 14, 6) conv2d 15 (Conv2D) (None, 8, 8, 16) 4720 max pooling2d 15 (MaxPooling (None, 4, 4, 16) (None, 256) flatten\_7 (Flatten) dense\_21 (Dense) (None, 120) 30840 dense 22 (Dense) (None, 84) 10164 dense 23 (Dense) (None, 10) Total params: 46,730 Trainable params: 46,730 Non-trainable params: 0 Epoch 1/10 Epoch 2/10 Epoch 3/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 Epoch 10/10 Loss = 0.09038401395082474Test Accuracy = 0.9735999703407288**Changing Stride Size** In [22]: model = LeNet5(stride = [2,2]) model.summary() model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X\_train, Y\_train, epochs = 10, batch\_size = 512) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) print ("Loss = " + str(preds[0])) print ("Test Accuracy = " + str(preds[1])) Model: "LeNet5" Layer (type) Output Shape Param # \_\_\_\_\_\_ input 9 (InputLayer) [(None, 28, 28, 1)] zero\_padding2d\_8 (ZeroPaddin (None, 32, 32, 1) conv2d 16 (Conv2D) (None, 14, 14, 6) 156 max pooling2d 16 (MaxPooling (None, 7, 7, 6) 2416 conv2d 17 (Conv2D) (None, 2, 2, 16) max\_pooling2d\_17 (MaxPooling (None, 1, 1, 16) flatten 8 (Flatten) (None, 16) (None, 120) dense\_24 (Dense) 2040 dense 25 (Dense) (None, 84) 10164 850 dense\_26 (Dense) (None, 10) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Total params: 15,626 Trainable params: 15,626 Non-trainable params: 0 Epoch 1/10 Epoch 2/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 Epoch 10/10 Loss = 0.12403564155101776Test Accuracy = 0.9621000289916992**Changing Pooling Technique** model = LeNet5(pooling technique="avg") In [23]: model.summary() model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical\_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X\_train, Y\_train, epochs = 10, batch\_size = 512) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) print ("Loss = " + str(preds[0])) print ("Test Accuracy = " + str(preds[1])) Model: "LeNet5" Layer (type) Output Shape Param # \_\_\_\_\_\_ [(None, 28, 28, 1)] input\_10 (InputLayer) zero\_padding2d\_9 (ZeroPaddin (None, 32, 32, 1) conv2d 18 (Conv2D) (None, 28, 28, 6) 156 average\_pooling2d (AveragePo (None, 14, 14, 6) conv2d 19 (Conv2D) (None, 10, 10, 16) 2416 average\_pooling2d\_1 (Average (None, 5, 5, 16) flatten 9 (Flatten) (None, 400) dense\_27 (Dense) (None, 120) 48120 dense\_28 (Dense) (None, 84) 10164 dense\_29 (Dense) (None, 10) 850 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Total params: 61,706 Trainable params: 61,706 Non-trainable params: 0 Epoch 1/10 Epoch 2/10 Epoch 3/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 Epoch 10/10 Loss = 0.046213697642087936Test Accuracy = 0.9847000241279602**Changing Activation Function** In [24]: | model = LeNet5(activation = ["sigmoid", "sigmoid", "sigmoid", "sigmoid"]) model.summary() model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical\_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X\_train, Y\_train, epochs = 10, batch\_size = 512) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) print ("Loss = " + str(preds[0])) print ("Test Accuracy = " + str(preds[1])) Model: "LeNet5" Layer (type) Param # Output Shape \_\_\_\_\_\_ input\_11 (InputLayer) [(None, 28, 28, 1)] zero padding2d 10 (ZeroPaddi (None, 32, 32, 1) conv2d 20 (Conv2D) (None, 28, 28, 6) 156 max\_pooling2d\_18 (MaxPooling (None, 14, 14, 6) (None, 10, 10, 16) conv2d 21 (Conv2D) 2416 max pooling2d 19 (MaxPooling (None, 5, 5, 16) flatten 10 (Flatten) (None, 400) dense 30 (Dense) (None, 120) 48120 dense\_31 (Dense) 10164 (None, 84) dense\_32 (Dense) 850 (None, 10) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Total params: 61,706 Trainable params: 61,706 Non-trainable params: 0 Epoch 1/10 Epoch 2/10 Epoch 3/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 Epoch 10/10 Loss = 0.06456702202558517Test Accuracy = 0.9793999791145325**Changing the Number of Layers** In [25]: | model = LeNet5(n\_layers=[240,168]) model.summary() model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical\_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X\_train, Y\_train, epochs = 10, batch\_size = 512) preds = model evaluate(X test, Y test) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) print ("Loss = " + str(preds[0])) print ("Test Accuracy = " + str(preds[1])) Model: "LeNet5" Output Shape Layer (type) Param # \_\_\_\_\_\_ input 12 (InputLayer) [(None, 28, 28, 1)] zero padding2d 11 (ZeroPaddi (None, 32, 32, 1) conv2d 22 (Conv2D) (None, 28, 28, 6) 156 max pooling2d 20 (MaxPooling (None, 14, 14, 6) conv2d 23 (Conv2D) 2416 (None, 10, 10, 16) max pooling2d 21 (MaxPooling (None, 5, 5, 16) flatten\_11 (Flatten) (None, 400) dense 33 (Dense) 96240 (None, 240) (None, 168) dense\_34 (Dense) 40488 (None, 10) dense 35 (Dense) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Total params: 140,990 Trainable params: 140,990 Non-trainable params: 0 Epoch 1/10 Epoch 3/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 Epoch 10/10 Loss = 0.07083163410425186Test Accuracy = 0.9815999865531921Changing the number of Filters In [26]: | model = LeNet5(n\_filters=[12,32]) model.summary() model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) model.fit(X train, Y train, epochs = 10, batch size = 512) preds = model.evaluate(X\_test, Y\_test) preds = model.evaluate(X test, Y test) print ("Loss = " + str(preds[0])) print ("Test Accuracy = " + str(preds[1])) Model: "LeNet5" Layer (type) Output Shape Param # \_\_\_\_\_\_ input 13 (InputLayer) [(None, 28, 28, 1)] zero padding2d 12 (ZeroPaddi (None, 32, 32, 1) conv2d 24 (Conv2D) (None, 28, 28, 12) 312 max pooling2d 22 (MaxPooling (None, 14, 14, 12) conv2d 25 (Conv2D) (None, 10, 10, 32) 9632 max pooling2d 23 (MaxPooling (None, 5, 5, 32) flatten 12 (Flatten) (None, 800) dense 36 (Dense) (None, 120) 96120 (None, 84) dense 37 (Dense) 10164 dense 38 (Dense) (None, 10) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Total params: 117,078 Trainable params: 117,078 Non-trainable params: 0 Epoch 1/10 Epoch 3/10 Epoch 4/10 Epoch 5/10 Epoch 6/10 Epoch 7/10 Epoch 8/10 Epoch 9/10 Epoch 10/10 Loss = 0.06884230673313141Test Accuracy = 0.98089998960495Model Test Accuracy Test Loss Original LeNet5 0.98089998960495 0.07327043265104294 LeNet with filter size (5,5) and (7,7) 0.9735999703407288 0.09038401395082474 0.9621000289916992 LeNet with stride size (2,2) and (2,2) 0.12403564155101776 LeNet with Average pooling 0.9847000241279602 0.046213697642087936 LeNet with Sigmoid Activation 0.9793999791145325 0.06456702202558517 LeNet with number of layers 240 and 0.9815999865531921 0.07083163410425186 LeNet with number of filters 12,32 0.98089998960495 0.06884230673313141