2018222_HW7

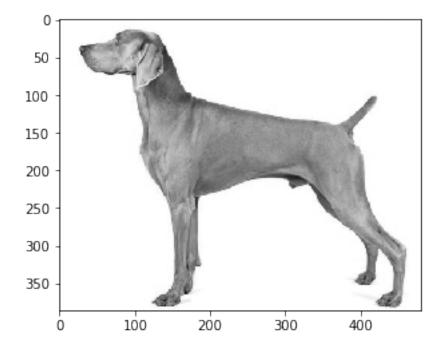
February 14, 2021

1 Computer Vision HW 7

Arka Sarkar ; 20181222

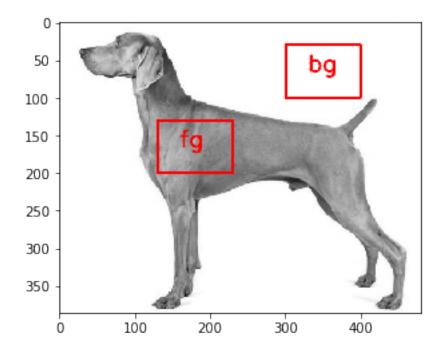
```
[22]: import numpy as np
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import copy
```

```
[23]: image = cv2.imread("dog2.png")
  plt.imshow(image)
  plt.show()
```



```
[24]: #background and foreground patch
color = (255, 0, 0)
thickness = 2
```

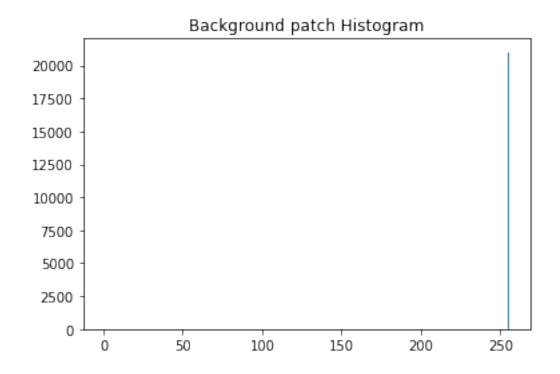
[25]: plt.imshow(bg_fg_image) plt.show()

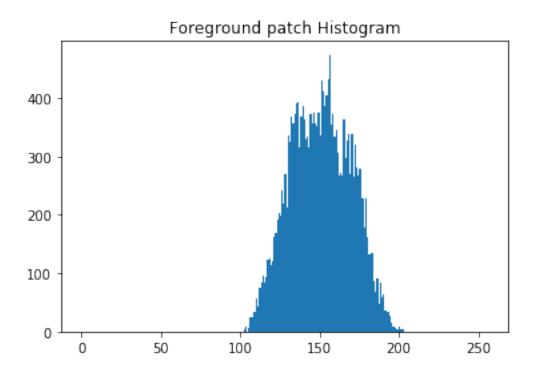


1.0.1 fg: foreground patch

1.0.2 bg: background patch

```
[26]: plt.hist(bg_patch.ravel(),256,[0,256])
   plt.title("Background patch Histogram")
   plt.show()
   plt.hist(fg_patch.ravel(),256,[0,256])
   plt.title("Foreground patch Histogram")
   plt.show()
```

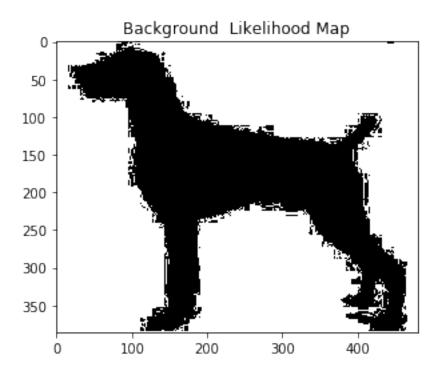


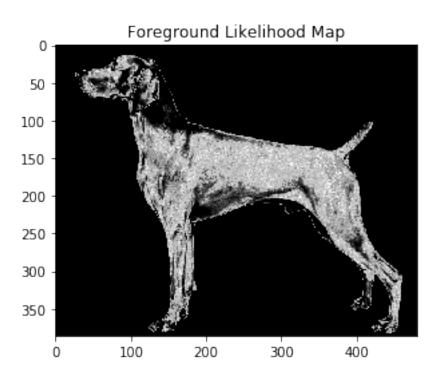


```
[76]: def fg_bg_likelihood_map(image,fg_patch, bg_patch):
    bg_pixels = bg_patch.ravel()
```

```
fg_pixels = fg_patch.ravel()
bg_prob_map = np.array([0 for i in range(256)])
fg_prob_map = np.array([0 for i in range(256)])
for i in range(len(fg_pixels)):
    fg_prob_map[fg_pixels[i]]+=1
for i in range(len(bg_pixels)):
   bg_prob_map[bg_pixels[i]]+=1
bg_prob_map = bg_prob_map/np.max(bg_prob_map)
fg_prob_map = fg_prob_map/np.max(fg_prob_map)
fg_likelihood_map = np.zeros((image.shape[0], image.shape[1]))
bg_likelihood_map = np.zeros((image.shape[0], image.shape[1]))
for i in range(image.shape[0]):
    for j in range(image.shape[1]):
        fg_likelihood_map[i,j] = fg_prob_map[int(np.mean(image[i,j]))]*255
        bg likelihood_map[i,j] = bg prob_map[int(np.mean(image[i,j]))]*255
plt.imshow(bg_likelihood_map , cmap = 'gray')
plt.title("Background Likelihood Map")
plt.show()
plt.imshow(fg_likelihood_map, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title("Foreground Likelihood Map")
plt.show()
return fg_prob_map, bg_prob_map
```

```
[77]: fg_prob_map, bg_prob_map = fg_bg_likelihood_map(image,fg_patch, bg_patch)
```





[81]: saliency_map = (fg_prob_map + (1 - bg_prob_map))/2 #computing saliency map saliency_image = np.zeros((image.shape[0], image.shape[1]))

```
for i in range(image.shape[0]):
    for j in range(image.shape[1]):
        saliency_image[i,j] = saliency_map[int(np.mean(image[i,j]))]*255

plt.imshow(saliency_image, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title("Saliency Map")
plt.show()
```

