

Candidate Report: Anonymous

Test Name:

Summary Timeline

Test Score Tasks in Test

62 out of 100 points Time Spent Task Score

62%

GenomicRangeQuery Submitted in: JavaScript

1 min 62%

TASKS DETAILS

1. GenomicRangeQuery Task Score Correctness Performance

Find the minimal nucleotide from a range of sequence DNA. 62%

Task description Solution

A DNA sequence can be represented as a string consisting of the letters A, C, G and T, which correspond to the types of successive nucleotides in the sequence. Each nucleotide has an *impact factor*, which is an integer. Nucleotides of types A, C, G and T have impact factors of 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively. You are going to answer several queries of the form: What is the minimal impact factor of nucleotides contained in a particular part of the given DNA sequence?

The DNA sequence is given as a non-empty string S = S[0]S[1]...S[N-1] consisting of N characters. There are M queries, which are given in non-empty arrays P and Q, each consisting of M integers. The K-th query $(0 \le K < M)$ requires you to find the minimal impact factor of nucleotides contained in the DNA sequence between positions P[K] and Q[K] (inclusive).

For example, consider string S = CAGCCTA and arrays P, Q such that:

```
P[0] = 2 Q[0] = 4

P[1] = 5 Q[1] = 5

P[2] = 0 O[2] = 6
```

The answers to these M = 3 queries are as follows:

- The part of the DNA between positions 2 and 4 contains nucleotides G and C (twice), whose impact factors are 3 and 2 respectively, so the answer is 2.
- The part between positions 5 and 5 contains a single nucleotide T, whose impact factor is 4, so the answer is 4.
- The part between positions 0 and 6 (the whole string) contains all nucleotides, in particular nucleotide A whose impact factor is 1, so the answer is 1.

Write a function:

```
function solution(S, P, Q);
```

that, given a non-empty string S consisting of N characters and two non-empty arrays P and Q consisting of M integers, returns an array consisting of M integers specifying the consecutive answers to all queries.

Result array should be returned as an array of integers.

For example, given the string S = CAGCCTA and arrays P, Q such that:

Programming language used: JavaScript

Total time used: 1 minutes

Effective time used: 1 minutes

Notes: not defined yet

Task timeline

22:12:08

```
Code: 22:12:32 UTC, js, final, score: 62 show code in pop-up
```

```
1
     const ensureValid = (S, P, Q) => {
         if (!S || !P || !Q || P.length != Q.length) {
2
 3
             throw error("Data is invalid");
4
 5
     }
7
     const getImpactFactor = (s) => {
8
         if (s === 'A') {
9
             return 1;
10
         } else if (s === 'C') {
11
             return 2;
12
         } else if (s === 'G') {
13
             return 3;
14
         } else if (s === "T") {
15
             return 4
16
         } else {
17
             return null;
18
         }
```

```
P[0] = 2 Q[0] = 4

P[1] = 5 Q[1] = 5

P[2] = 0 O[2] = 6
```

the function should return the values [2, 4, 1], as explained above.

Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an integer within the range [1..100,000];
- M is an integer within the range [1..50,000];
- each element of arrays P, Q is an integer within the range [0..N 1];
- $P[K] \le Q[K]$, where $0 \le K < M$;
- string S consists only of upper-case English letters A, C, G, T.

Copyright 2009–2019 by Codility Limited. All Rights Reserved. Unauthorized copying, publication or disclosure prohibited.

```
19
    }
20
21
     var solution = function solution(S, P, Q) {
22
23
         const result = [];
         const minImpactFactor = 1;
24
25
26
         ensureValid(S, P, Q);
27
28
         for (var i = 0; i < P.length; i++) {</pre>
             var substr = S.substring(P[i], Q[i] + 1);
29
30
31
             let impactFactor = null;
32
33
             for (let j = 0; j < substr.length; j++) {</pre>
                  const element = substr.substring(j, j+1);
34
35
36
                  const currentImpactFactor = getImpactFactor(element);
37
                  if (currentImpactFactor === null) {
                      throw error("Data is invalid");
38
39
                  }
40
41
                  if (impactFactor == null || impactFactor > currentImpactF
                      impactFactor = currentImpactFactor;
42
43
                  }
44
45
                  if (impactFactor === minImpactFactor) {
46
                      break;
47
                  }
48
             }
49
50
              result.push(impactFactor);
51
         }
52
53
54
         return result;
55
```

Analysis summary

The following issues have been detected: timeout errors.

Analysis ?

Detected time complexity: O(N * M)

expan	d all	Example	tests			
•	example example test		√ OK			
expan	d all	Correctnes	ss tests			
•	extreme_sinlge single character string		√ OK			
>	extreme_double double character string	3	√ OK			
•	simple simple tests		√ OK			
>	small_length_strin	_	√ OK			
>	small_random small random string, le	ength = ~300	√ OK			
collaps	se all	Performan	ce tests			
▼	almost_all_same_ gggggg??gggggg		X TIMEOUT ERROR Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.			
1.	6.000 s TIMEOUT ERROR, Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.					
2.	0.084 s OK					
▼	large_random large random string, le	ngth	X TIMEOUT ERROR Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.			

1.	6.000 s	5.000 s TIMEOUT ERROR, Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.					
•	extreme_ all max rang		X	TIMEOUT ERROR Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.			
1.	1. 6.000 s TIMEOUT ERROR, Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.						

PDF version of this report that may be downloaded on top of this site may contain sensitive data including personal information. For security purposes, we recommend you remove it from your system once reviewed.