13X004: Imagerie Numérique

Autumn semester 2021-2022 Exams' questions

- Q1. HVS: explain the image formation in the eye. What are the differences in focusing between the ordinary cameras and the human eyes?
- Q2. HVS. Explain the fundamentals of color vision. Explain the additive and subtractive color mixings.
- Q3. HVS. Explain the CMYK model. Exemplify the reflection of colors. Explain the principles of halftoning. Why is K used in CMYK model in practice, while it is enough to have CMY to simulate any color?
- Q4. HVS. Explain the chromaticity color diagram. What is the achievable color gamut? Which factors determine the achievable color gamut for the screens and printers?
- Q5. Image acquisition. Explain the role of a sensor in imaging. Explain the principle of photon counting. Which size of sensors is of preference in practice? Explain the trade-offs.
- Q6. Image acquisition. Explain the design of modern sensors.
- Q7. Image acquisition. Explain the different types of noise in digital images. How can one reduce the noise in digital images?
- Q8. Image acquisition. Explain the principles of modern color imaging. What is a color filter array? What is the demosaicing?
- Q9. Histogram transformation. Explain and exemplify the example of contrast stretching and gamma correction. Where do we use these operations in practice?
- Q10. Histogram transformation. Explain and exemplify the example of histogram matching.
- Q11. Geometrical transformations. Explain what is the affine matrix. Explain the shift, scaling, flipping and change of aspect ratio.
- Q12. Geometrical transformations. Explain the affine family of transformations. Explain the rotation and shearing.
- Q13. Geometrical transformations. Explain the projective transformations.
- Q14. Spatial filters: Explain the difference between the convolution and correlation. Give examples.
- Q15. Spatial filters: Explain the border effects during the computation of 2D convolution. Define the total size of filtered images. Give examples.

- Q16. Spatial filters: Explain the properties of convolution.
- Q17. Spatial filters: Explain the advantages of separable filters for the computation of 2D convolution.
- Q18. Spatial filters: Explain the low-pass filtering. Exemplify the box and Gaussian filters.
- Q19. Spatial filters: Explain the high-pass filtering. Exemplify the Laplacian filter.
- Q20. Spatial filters: Explain the high-pass filtering. Exemplify the gradients.
- Q21. Spatial filters: Explain the unsharpened mask and its link to the Laplacian sharpening.