

# Testing Analysis

## SWE303

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This testing analysis covers three methods from the POS system using suitable testing techniques. Boundary Value Testing was used for the `isSessionExpired()` method to check behavior around the session expiration limit. Decision Table / Equivalence Class Testing was applied to the `isSuccessful()` method, since its result depends on message types. The `getErrorMessages()` method was tested to ensure correct filtering and formatting of error and exception messages. All tests were implemented as unit tests using JUnit 5.

### Method 1: `isSessionExpired()`

```
19     public boolean isSessionExpired() { 7 usages
20         if (sessionStartTime == null) {
21             return true;
22         }
23         long currentTimeMillis = System.currentTimeMillis();
24         long sessionDurationMillis = 15 * 60 * 1000; // 15 minutes in milliseconds
25         long sessionEndTimeMillis = sessionStartTime.getTime() + sessionDurationMillis;
26
27         return currentTimeMillis > sessionEndTimeMillis;
28     }
29 
```

#### Package and class:

- **Package:** model
- **Class:** ApplicationSession.java

#### Purpose:

Checks whether the current application session has expired.  
The session is considered expired when:

- `sessionStartTime` is **null** (session not started), or
- the current time is **greater than** the session end time (15 minutes after start).

#### Test Design Technique:

#### Boundary Value Testing (BVT)

Session is considered valid when:

`sessionStartTime != null AND elapsed time  $\leq$  15 minutes`

Session is considered expired when:

`sessionStartTime == null OR elapsed time  $>$  15 minutes`

Boundary:

The critical boundary is at **15 minutes**.

⚠ Important detail (based on your code):

Your code uses `>` not `>=`, so:

- **exactly 15:00 is NOT expired**
- **after 15:00 (15:00 + 1ms or 15:01) IS expired**

Boundary	Session Start Time Example	Elapsed Time	Expected Behavior
<b>Min-1</b>	startTime set	14:59	Not expired (false)
<b>Min</b>	startTime set	15:00	Not expired (false)
<b>Min+1</b>	startTime set	15:01 (or 15:00 + 1ms)	Expired (true)
<b>Nominal valid</b>	startTime set	05:00	Not expired (false)
<b>Special case</b>	startTime = null	—	Expired (true)

**Preconditions (for all cases):**

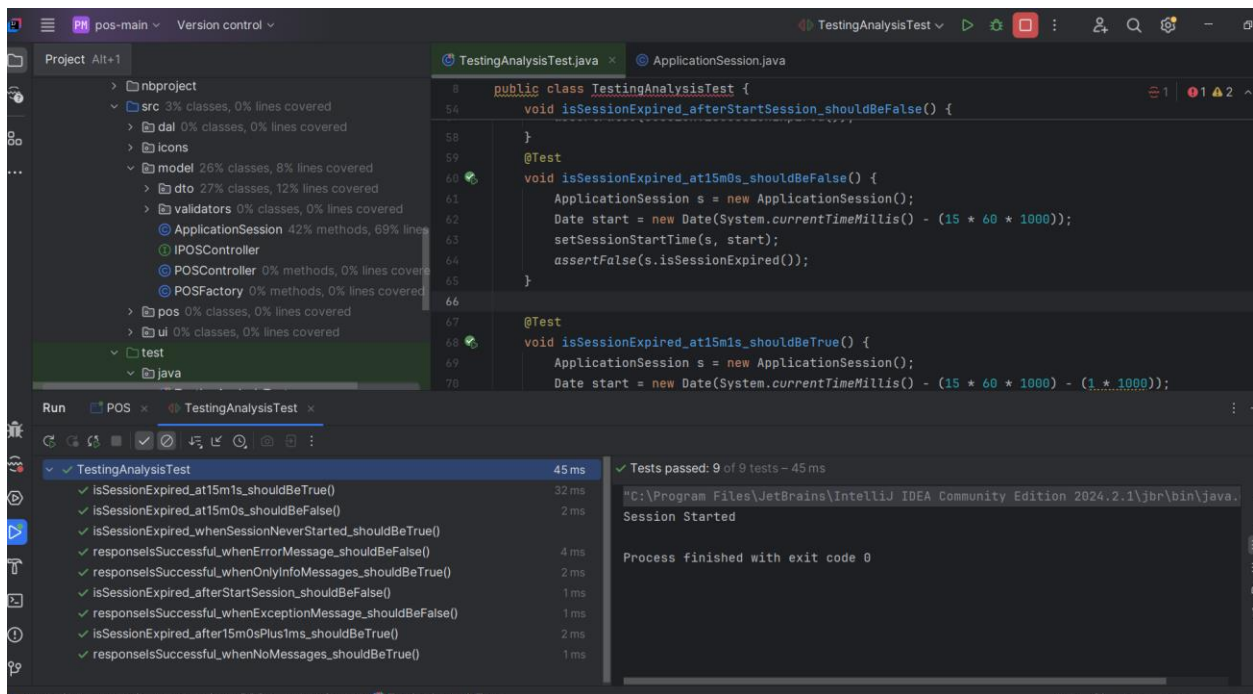
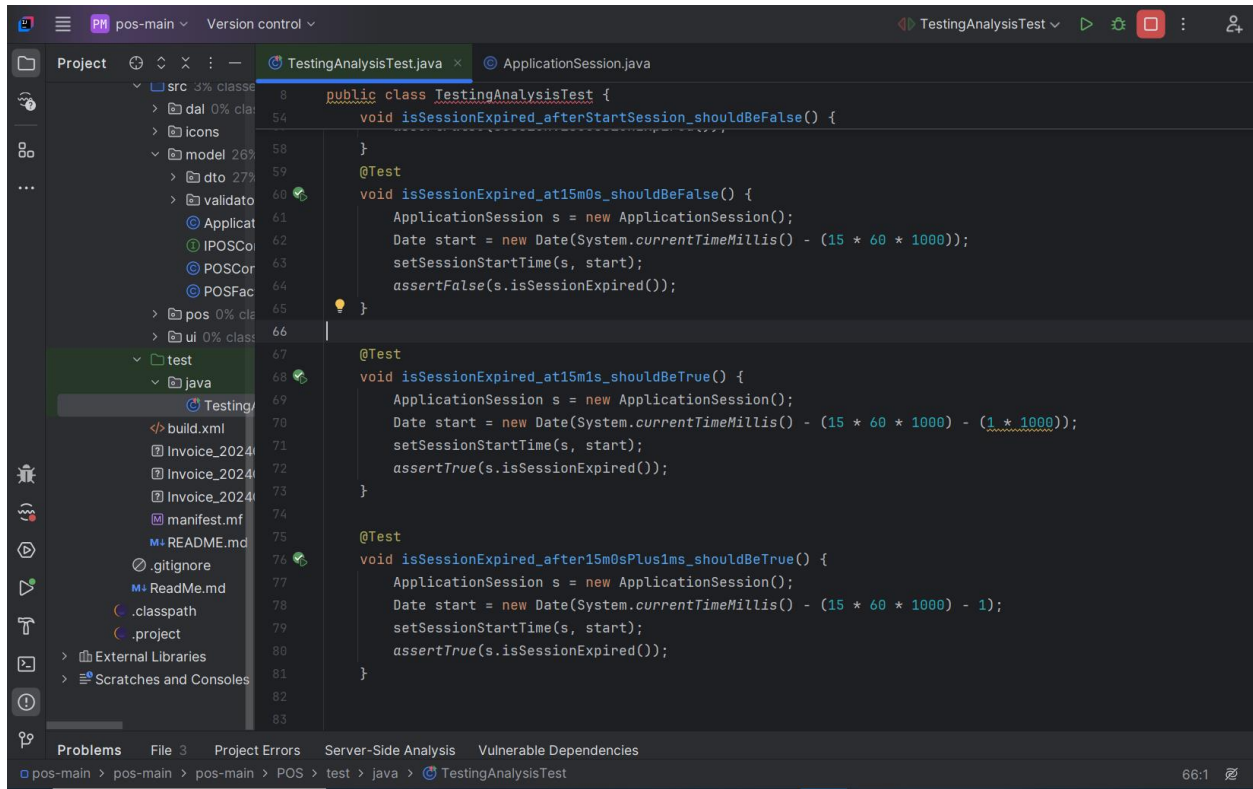
- ApplicationSession object is created successfully.
- System time is available (System.currentTimeMillis() works normally).
- sessionStartTime is either:
  - left null, or
  - set to a valid Date before calling isSessionExpired().

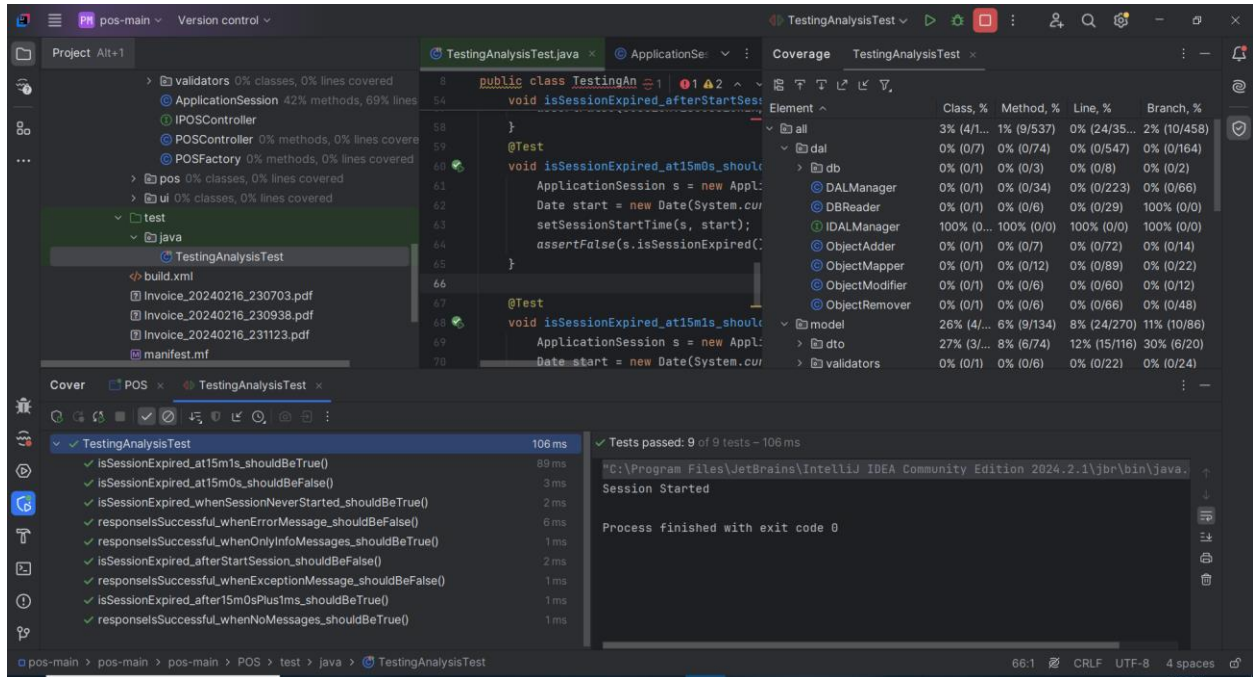
**Test Case Table**

Test Case ID	Input Condition	Expected Result
<b>TC-SES-001</b>	sessionStartTime = null	returns true
<b>TC-SES-002</b>	call startSession() then call isSessionExpired()	returns false
<b>TC-SES-003</b>	startTime = now - 14m59s	returns false
<b>TC-SES-004</b>	startTime = now - 15m00s	returns false
<b>TC-SES-005</b>	startTime = now - 15m01s	returns true

```
1 import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
2 import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.*;
3 import model.ApplicationSession;
4 import model.dto.*;
5 import java.lang.reflect.Field;
6 import java.util.Date;
7
8 public class TestingAnalysisTest {
9
10     private void setSessionStartTime(ApplicationSession session, Date date) { 3 usages
11         try {
12             Field f = ApplicationSession.class.getDeclaredField("sessionStartTime");
13             f.setAccessible(true);
14             f.set(session, date);
15         } catch (Exception e) {
16             fail("Could not set sessionStartTime: " + e.getMessage());
17         }
18     }
19
20     @Test
21     void isSessionExpired_whenSessionNeverStarted_shouldBeTrue() {
22         ApplicationSession s = new ApplicationSession();
23         assertTrue(s.isSessionExpired());
24     }
25
26     @Test
27     void responseIsSuccessful_whenNoMessages_shouldBeTrue() {
28         Response r = new Response();
29     }
30 }
```

```
8 public class TestingAnalysisTest {
9
10     @Test
11     void responseIsSuccessful_whenOnlyInfoMessages_shouldBeTrue() {
12         Response r = new Response();
13         r.messagesList.add(new Message("ok", MessageType.Information));
14         assertTrue(r.isSuccessful());
15     }
16
17     @Test
18     void responseIsSuccessful_whenErrorMessage_shouldBeFalse() {
19         Response r = new Response();
20         r.messagesList.add(new Message("bad", MessageType.Error));
21         assertFalse(r.isSuccessful());
22     }
23
24     @Test
25     void responseIsSuccessful_whenExceptionMessage_shouldBeFalse() {
26         Response r = new Response();
27         r.messagesList.add(new Message("db down", MessageType.Exception));
28         assertFalse(r.isSuccessful());
29     }
30
31     @Test
32     void isSessionExpired_afterStartSession_shouldBeFalse() {
33         ApplicationSession session = new ApplicationSession();
34         session.startSession();
35         assertFalse(session.isSessionExpired());
36     }
37 }
```





## Method 2: Response.isSuccessfull()

```
public boolean isSuccessfull() { return !hasError(); }
```

```
public boolean isSuccessfull() {
    return !hasError();
}
```

and hasError():

```
private boolean hasError() {
    for(Message m : messagesList) {
        if(m.type == MessageType.Error || m.type == MessageType.Exception)
            return true;
    }
    return false;
}
```

```

private boolean hasError() { 1 usage
    for(Message m : messagesList)
    {
        if(m.type == MessageType.Error || m.type == MessageType.Exception)
            return true;
    }
    return false;
}
}

```

- If there is **any** Error or Exception message → **isSuccessfull() = false**
- If there are **no** error/exception messages (even if Info/Warning exists) → **true**

### Equivalence Class Testing (ECT)

Boundary	MessagesList Example	Expected Behavior
Min-1	Only Information/Warning messages	<b>Success = true</b>
Min	No messages (empty list)	<b>Success = true</b>
Min+1	Exactly 1 Error message	<b>Success = false</b>
Nominal valid	Multiple Info/Warning only	<b>Success = true</b>
Special case	Exactly 1 Exception message	<b>Success = false</b>

This matches the idea of Min-1/Min/Min+1 but adapted to list-content.

### Preconditions

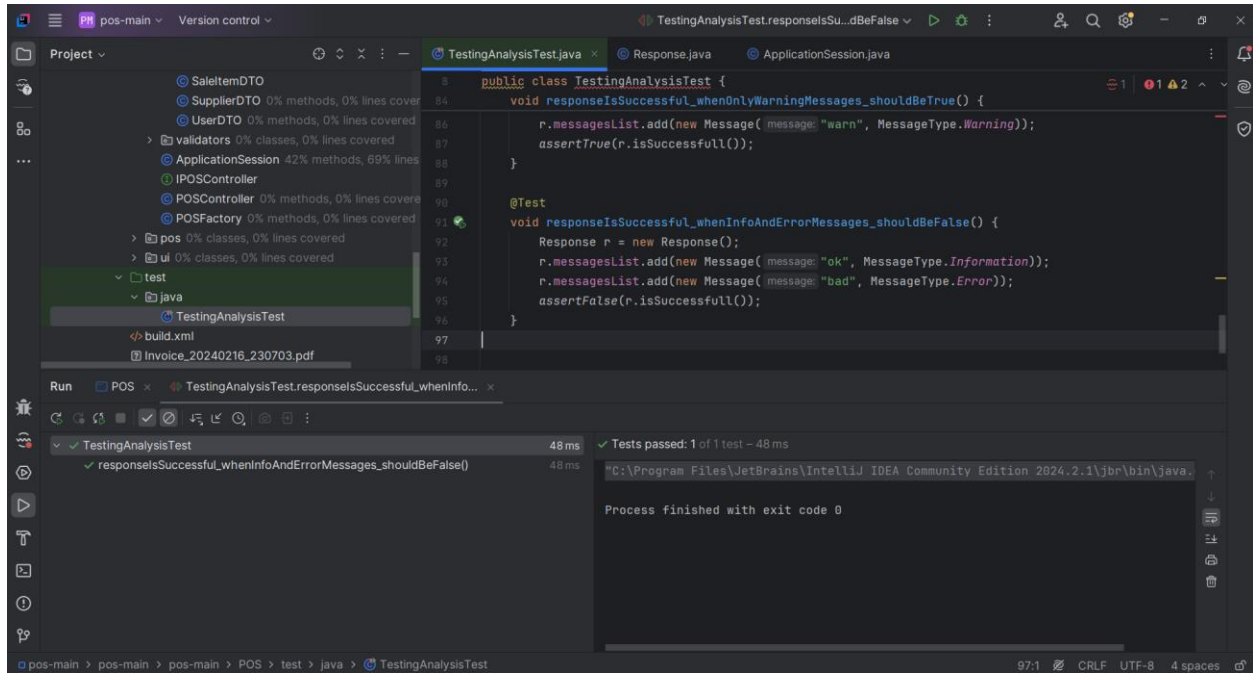
#### Preconditions (for all cases):

- Response object is created successfully
- messagesList is initialized (constructor creates an empty ArrayList)

### Test Case Table

Test Case ID	Input messages	Expected Result
TC-RES-001	empty messagesList	isSuccessfull() returns <b>true</b>
TC-RES-002	add Information message	returns <b>true</b>
TC-RES-003	add Warning message	returns <b>true</b>
TC-RES-004	add Error message	returns <b>false</b>
TC-RES-005	add Exception message	returns <b>false</b>
TC-RES-006	Info + Error together	returns <b>false</b>





### Method 3: Response.getErrorMessages()

```
public String getErrorMessages() { 8 usages
    StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
    for(Message m : messagesList)
    {
        if(sb.length() > 0)
            sb.append(",\n");
        if(m.type == MessageType.Error || m.type == MessageType.Exception)
            sb.append(m.message);
    }
    return sb.toString();
}
```

#### 1) What the method does

- It loops through messagesList
- It returns a single string containing only **Error** and **Exception** messages
- It separates multiple messages by ",\n"
- If no error/exception exists → it returns an **empty string**

#### A) Boundary Value Testing (BVT)

The boundary here is **number of Error/Exception messages included** and whether separators are added.

### Boundary Table

Boundary	MessagesList Example	Expected Behavior
Min-1	Only Information/Warning messages	returns empty string ""
Min	Exactly 1 Error message	returns "errorText" (no comma/newline)
Min+1	2 error-type messages	returns "m1,\n m2" (separator appears)
Nominal valid	Many errors/exceptions mixed with info	returns only errors/exceptions joined
Special case	messagesList is empty	returns ""

### B) Preconditions

#### Preconditions (for all cases):

- Response object is created successfully
- messagesList is initialized (constructor creates it)
- Each Message has a non-null message string (use simple text in tests)

### C) Test Case Table

Test Case ID	Input messages	Expected Result
TC-ERR-001	empty list	returns ""
TC-ERR-002	one Information	returns ""
TC-ERR-003	one Error: "bad"	returns "bad"
TC-ERR-004	one Exception: "db down"	returns "db down"
TC-ERR-005	Error "bad" + Exception "db down"	returns "bad,\n db down"
TC-ERR-006	Info "ok" + Error "bad"	returns "bad"

@Test

```
void getErrorMessages_whenEmpty_shouldReturnEmptyString() {  
    Response r = new Response();  
    assertEquals("", r.getErrorMessages());  
}
```

@Test

```
void getErrorMessages_whenOnlyInfo_shouldReturnEmptyString() {  
    Response r = new Response();  
    r.messagesList.add(new Message("ok", MessageType.Information));  
    assertEquals("", r.getErrorMessages());  
}
```

@Test

```
void getErrorMessages_whenOneError_shouldReturnThatMessage() {  
    Response r = new Response();  
    r.messagesList.add(new Message("bad", MessageType.Error));  
    assertEquals("bad", r.getErrorMessages());  
}
```



@Test

```
void getErrorMessages_whenOneException_shouldReturnThatMessage() {  
    Response r = new Response();  
    r.messagesList.add(new Message("db down", MessageType.Exception));  
    assertEquals("db down", r.getErrorMessages());  
}
```

@Test

```
void getErrorMessages_whenErrorAndException_shouldJoinWithCommaNewline() {  
    Response r = new Response();  
    r.messagesList.add(new Message("bad", MessageType.Error));  
    r.messagesList.add(new Message("db down", MessageType.Exception));  
    assertEquals("bad,\n" + "db down", r.getErrorMessages());  
}
```

@Test

```
void getErrorMessages_whenInfoAndError_shouldReturnOnlyError() {  
    Response r = new Response();  
    r.messagesList.add(new Message("ok", MessageType.Information));  
    r.messagesList.add(new Message("bad", MessageType.Error));  
    assertEquals("bad", r.getErrorMessages());  
}
```

