```
Taylor Whitlock
     Section 002
 3
     HW4
 4
 5
      2.4)
 6
           Algorithm A: O(n^2.32192809489)
 7
           Algorithm B: O(2^n)
8
           Algorithm C: O((n^2)\log(n))
9
10
           I would choose Algorithm C
11
12
     2.5)
13
           a. \Theta(n^0.631); A/(B^D) \rightarrow 2/(3^0) \rightarrow \Theta(n^0.631)
           b. \Theta(n^1.161); A/(B^D) \to 5/(4^1) \to \Theta(n^1(\log 4(5))) \to \Theta(n^1.161) c. \Theta(n\log(n)); A/(B^D) \to 7/(7^1) \to \Theta((n^1)\log(n)) \to \Theta(n\log(n))
14
15
           d. \Theta((n^2)\log(n)); A/(B^D) \rightarrow 9/(3^2) \rightarrow \Theta((n^2)\log(n))
16
17
           e. \Theta((n^3)\log(n)); A/(B^D) \to 8/(2^3) \to \Theta((n^3)\log(n))
18
19
      2.17)
20
           def div conq(A, offset):
                                             # A is a sorted array of integers, offset is to keep
           track of the index in the original array
21
                if len(A) == 1:
22
                     return True if A[0] == offset else False
23
                i = len(A) // 2
24
                if A[i] == i + offset:
25
                     return True
26
                elif A[i] < i + offset:</pre>
27
                     return div_conq(A[:i], offset)
28
                else:
29
                     return div conq(A[i:], offset + i)
```