

Matrix Theory (EE5609) Assignment 16

Arkadipta De
MTech Artificial Intelligence
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Abstract—This document proves a given transformation to be linear.

All the codes for the figure in this document can be found at

https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/blob/master/Assignment_16

1 PROBLEM

Let \mathbf{V} be the vector space of all $n \times n$ matrices over the field \mathbb{F} , and let \mathbf{B} be a fixed $n \times n$ matrix. If a transformation T defined as follows,

$$T(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{AB} - \mathbf{BA}$$

Prove that T is a linear transformation from \mathbf{V} into \mathbf{V}

2 SOLUTION

Let,

$$\mathbf{A}_1 \in \mathbf{V} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\mathbf{A}_2 \in \mathbf{V} \quad (2.0.2)$$

If c be any scalar of the field \mathbb{F} we get,

$$c\mathbf{A}_1 + \mathbf{A}_2 \in \mathbf{V} \quad (2.0.3)$$

Applying transformation T on $(c\mathbf{A}_1 + \mathbf{A}_2)$ we get,

$$T(c\mathbf{A}_1 + \mathbf{A}_2) = (c\mathbf{A}_1 + \mathbf{A}_2)\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{B}(c\mathbf{A}_1 + \mathbf{A}_2) \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$= c\mathbf{A}_1\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A}_2\mathbf{B} - c\mathbf{BA}_1 - \mathbf{BA}_2 \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$= c(\mathbf{A}_1\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{BA}_1) + (\mathbf{A}_2\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{BA}_2) \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= cT(\mathbf{A}_1) + T(\mathbf{A}_2) \quad (2.0.7)$$

From (2.0.7) we conclude that T is a linear transformation from vector space \mathbf{V} to \mathbf{V} .