

# Matrix Theory (EE5609) Assignment 11

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**Abstract**—This document proves that, each field of the characteristic zero contains a copy of the rational number field.

All the codes for the figure in this document can be found at

[https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/blob/master/Assignment\\_11](https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/blob/master/Assignment_11)

## 1 PROBLEM

Prove that, each field of the characteristic zero contains a copy of the rational number field.

## 2 SOLUTION

The characteristic of a field is defined to be the smallest number of times one must use the field's multiplicative identity (1) in a sum to get the additive identity. If this sum never reaches the additive identity (0), then the field is said to have characteristic zero. That is, the characteristic of a field is the smallest positive number  $n$  such that, addition of  $n$  times the multiplicative identity (1) is the additive identity (1) i.e

$$1 + 1 + \cdots + 1 = 0 \quad (2.0.1)$$

If such  $n$  does not exist, then the characteristic of the field is 0. Moreover for such field having 0 characteristic,

$$1 \neq 1 + 1 \neq 1 + 1 + \cdots \neq 0 \quad (2.0.2)$$

Now, let  $F$  be a field of characteristic zero. Hence

$$0 \in F \quad [\text{Additive Identity}] \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$1 \in F \quad [\text{Multiplicative Identity}] \quad (2.0.4)$$

Since the characteristic of  $F$  is zero hence,

$$1 \neq 1 + 1 \neq 1 + 1 + \cdots \neq 0 \quad (2.0.5)$$

As  $F$  is a field, it is closed under addition. Hence for addition of  $n$  number of 1 we have,

$$1 + 1 + \cdots + 1 = n \in F \quad (2.0.6)$$

And,

$$n \neq 0 \quad (2.0.7)$$

If  $\mathbb{Z}$  is the set of integers then we have,

$$\mathbb{Z} \subseteq F \quad (2.0.8)$$

As  $F$  is a field, every element in  $F$  will have a multiplicative inverse, thus,

$$\frac{1}{n} \in F \quad (2.0.9)$$

Also,  $F$  is closed under multiplication and thus,

$$\forall m, n \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \text{and } n \neq 0 \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$m \cdot \frac{1}{n} \in F \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$\implies \frac{m}{n} \in F \quad (2.0.12)$$

Hence, if  $\mathbb{Q}$  is the rational number field then,

$$\mathbb{Q} \subseteq F \quad (2.0.13)$$

Hence, proved that field  $F$  contains a copy of the rational number field.