Matrix Theory (EE5609) Challenging Problem

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Arkadipta De MTech Artificial Intelligence AI20MTECH14002

Abstract—This document finds the kind of matrix V for which $V = PDP^T$, with $P^TP = I$.

Download latex codes from

https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/tree/master/ Challenge 6

1 Problem

 $V = PDP^T$, with $P^TP = I$. So P is an orthogonal matrix. For what matrices V do you get this kind of decomposition where P is an orthogonal ?

2 Proof

Let, **V** is an arbitrary $n \times n$ matrix. Now if there exists an orthogonal matrix **P** such that, **P**^T**VP** is a diagonal matrix **D**, then **V** is said to be orthogonally diagonalizable. Hence,

$$\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{D} \tag{2.0.1}$$

Left multiplying (2.0.1) by P we get,

$$\mathbf{P}\mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{D} \tag{2.0.2}$$

Right multiplying (2.0.2) by P^T we get,

$$\mathbf{P}\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{P}\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}} \tag{2.0.3}$$

Since P is orthogonal, $\mathbf{PP^T} = \mathbf{P^TP} = \mathbf{I}$, we can rewrite (2.0.3) as

$$\implies \mathbf{V} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}} \tag{2.0.4}$$

Transposing V in (2.0.4) we get,

$$\mathbf{V}^{\mathbf{T}} = (\mathbf{P}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}})^{\mathbf{T}} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{V}^{\mathbf{T}} = (\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}})^{\mathbf{T}} \mathbf{D}^{\mathbf{T}} \mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{V}^{\mathbf{T}} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{P}^{\mathbf{T}} \qquad [\because \mathbf{D}^{\mathbf{T}} = \mathbf{D}] \qquad (2.0.7)$$

$$\implies \mathbf{V}^{\mathbf{T}} = \mathbf{V} \tag{2.0.8}$$

Hence V is a symmetric matrix.