

# Matrix Theory (EE5609) Assignment 24

Arkadipta De  
MTech Artificial Intelligence  
AI20MTECH14002

**Abstract**—This document solves problem on ideals.

All the codes for the figure in this document can be found at

[https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/blob/master/Assignment\\_24](https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/blob/master/Assignment_24)

## 1 PROBLEM

Let  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & \alpha \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$ . Then the system  $\mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{b}$  over the real numbers has

- 1) No solution when  $\beta \neq 7$
- 2) Infinite number of solutions when  $\alpha \neq 2$
- 3) Infinite number of solutions when  $\alpha = 2$  and  $\beta \neq 7$
- 4) A unique solution if  $\alpha \neq 2$

## 2 SOLUTION

First we derive the Row Reduced Echelon Form (RREF) of the augmented matrix of the system  $\mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{b}$  as follows,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & \alpha & \beta \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_3=R_3-2R_1]{R_2=R_2-R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & \alpha-2 & \beta-2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2=\frac{1}{2}R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & \alpha-2 & \beta-2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1=R_1+R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & \alpha-2 & \beta-2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3=R_3-5R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \alpha-2 & \beta-7 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.4)$$

From the RREF of the augmented matrix of the system  $\mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{b}$  in (2.0.4) we make the following observations for different values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ ,

Values	Observations
$\beta \neq 7$	Then the existence of solution and the number of solutions will entirely depend on value of $\alpha$
$\alpha = 7$ $\beta \neq 7$	Then RREF in (2.0.4) will contain Zero Row in $R_3$ . Moreover solvability condition will not satisfy. $\Rightarrow$ system will have Zero solutions
$\alpha \neq 2$	RREF in (2.0.4) will have all pivots $\Rightarrow$ RREF in (2.0.4) will be fullrank $\Rightarrow \mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{b}$ have unique solution.

Hence, if  $\alpha \neq 2$  then the system  $\mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{b}$  has unique solution.