

# Matrix Theory (EE5609) Assignment 1

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**Abstract**—This assignment solves a problem on checking whether two lines are parallel or perpendicular.

Below is the link to python code solution of this problem

## 1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Show that the line through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$  is parallel to the line through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ .

## 2 THEORY

The direction vector  $\mathbf{A}$  for a line through the points  $\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix}$  is given by

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 - x_1 \\ y_2 - y_1 \\ z_2 - z_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

For two lines having direction vectors  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  respectively, they will be perpendicular if the scalar product of the two direction vector is 0,

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0 \quad (2.0.2)$$

Where scalar product of two vectors,  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{pmatrix}$  and

$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix}$  is defined by

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix} = x_1 x_2 + y_1 y_2 + z_1 z_2 \quad (2.0.3)$$

And the two lines will be parallel if the cross product of the two direction vector is 0,

$$\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{0} \quad (2.0.4)$$

## 3 SOLUTION

Let the points be  $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{S} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ . From the theory, using equation 2.0.1, the direction vector for the line through the points  $\mathbf{P}$  and  $\mathbf{Q}$  is

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{P} - \mathbf{Q} \quad (3.0.1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.3)$$

Similarly, using equation 2.0.1, the direction vector for the line through the points  $\mathbf{R}$  and  $\mathbf{S}$  is

$$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{R} - \mathbf{S} \quad (3.0.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.6)$$

$$(3.0.7)$$

To check if the two lines are perpendicular, we perform scalar product of the two direction vectors

**A** and **B** using equation 2.0.3 as follows

$$\mathbf{AB} = \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{B} \quad (3.0.8)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -5 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.9)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{AB} = 6 + 10 - 16 \quad (3.0.10)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{AB} = 0 \quad (3.0.11)$$

Thus the direction vectors of the two lines satisfies the equation 2.0.2, hence proved that the lines are **perpendicular**. Hence they are not **parallel** with each other.

**Python Code:** The python code for the above solution can be found at - [https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/blob/master/Assignment\\_1/Codes/Solution\\_1.py](https://github.com/Arko98/EE5609/blob/master/Assignment_1/Codes/Solution_1.py)