Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab Assessment-2

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Question 1:

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ASSESSMENT LAB 2

Back

Question 1

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Write a program to apply LC Branch and Bound to find out the maximum profit gain by the thief using the following information for the 0/1 knap sack problem.

N=4, M=15 Profit =(10,10,12,18) weight = (2, 4, 6, 9)

Test	Input	Result
1	4 15 10 10 12 18 2 4 6 9	Profit =38 solution = {1,1,0,1}

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
      #include <stdio.h>
       #include <string.h>
   3
       #include <limits.h>
       #include <stdlib.h>
   4
       float UB = 0;
   8
       struct node
   9
  10
           float cost;
           char items[4];
  11
  12
           int item_no;
  13
  14
  15
       struct node *newNode(char it[4], int it_no)
  16
           struct node *node1 = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  17
  18
           node1->cost = INT_MIN;
  19
           strncpy(node1->items, it, sizeof(node1->items));
           node1->item_no = it_no;
  20
  21
           return node1;
  22
  23
       struct node *ans;
  24
  25
  26
       struct Queue
  27
           struct node *n[100];
  28
  29
           int front;
  30
           int back;
  31
  32
  33
       void enqueue(struct Queue *Q, struct node *node1)
  34
  35
           Q->front += 1;
  36
           Q->n[Q->front] = node1;
  37
       }
  38
```

```
39
   void dequeue(struct Queue *Q)
40
        Q->back += 1;
41
    }
42
43
    float ub_cost_calc(int n,int m,int p[n],int w[n],struct node *node1)
44
45
46
        char s[n];
         strncpy(s, node1->items, sizeof(s));
47
        int wt = 0;
float pf = 0;
48
49
50
        int i;
51
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
52
             if (s[i] == '1')
53
54
             {
55
                 if (wt + w[i] <= m)
56
                 {
57
                     wt += w[i];
58
                    pf -= p[i];
59
60
                 else
61
62
                     break;
63
64
             }
        }
65
66
67
        if (UB > pf)
68
            UB = pf;
69
70
71
        if (wt < m && i < n)
72
73
            float extp = (float)p[i] / w[i];
74
            pf -= (m - wt) * extp;
75
76
        return pf;
77
    }
78
```

```
79
      void addToQueue(int n,int m,struct node *root,struct Queue *Q,int p[n]
 81
          if (!root)
 82 ,
 83
             return;
 84
 85
          int it_no = root->item_no;
 86
         if (it_no >= n)
 87
         {
 88
             return;
 89
          char it[4];
 90
         strncpy(it, root->items, sizeof(it));
 91
 92
         it[it_no] = '0';
 93
 94
 95
         // Check if cost > UB
 96
         root->cost = ub_cost_calc(n, m, p, w, root);
          if (root->cost > UB)
100
         {
101
             return;
102
103
104
105
106
          for (int i = it_no + 1; i < n; i++)
107
108
             char it1[4];
             strncpy(it1, root->items, sizeof(it1));
109
110
             it1[i] = '0';
111
             struct node *newN = newNode(it1, i);
112
             enqueue(Q, newN);
113
         }
114
115
116
     int main()
117 • {
         int n, m;
scanf("%d", &n);
118
119
```

```
scanf("%d", &m);
120
121
          int p[n], w[n];
122
123
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
124
125
             scanf("%d", &p[i]);
126
127
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
128
         {
             scanf("%d", &w[i]);
129
130
131
132
          struct node *root = newNode("1111", 0);
133
134
         struct Queue *Q = (struct Queue *)malloc(sizeof(struct Queue));
135
136
         Q->front = -1;
137
          Q->back = 0;
138
139
         enqueue(Q, root);
140
141
         while (Q->front >= Q->back)
142
143
             addToQueue(n, m, Q->n[Q->back], Q, p, w);
144
             dequeue(Q);
145
          int total_profit = 0;
146
147
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
148 •
149
             if (ans->items[i] == '1')
150
             {
151
                  total_profit += p[i];
152
             }
153
         printf("Profit =%d\n", total_profit);
printf("solution = {%c", ans->items[0]);
154
155
156
          for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
157
             printf(",%c",ans->items[i]);
158
159
160
         printf("}");
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	4 15 10 10 12 18 2 4 6 9	Profit =38 solution = {1,1,0,1}	Profit =38 solution = {1,1,0,1}	~

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161 }

Passed all tests! <

Question 2

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ASSESSMENT LAB 2

Back

Question 2

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Apply Branch and Bound technique to solve the Job Selection Problem by writing a program using the following information

Number of Jobs =4

Jobs	1	2	3	4
Penalty	5	10	6	3
Deadline	1	3	2	1
Time	1	2	1	1

Test	Result
1	Cost = 5
	Upper Bound = 8
	Jobs Completed within deadline are J2 and J3 $$

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
      #include <stdio.h>
       #include <limits.h>
   3
       #include <string.h>
   4
       #include <stdlib.h>
   5
   6
       int UB = INT_MAX;
   7
   8
       struct node
   9 ,
  10
           int cost;
           char jobs[4];
  11
           int job_no;
  12
  13
       };
  14
  15
       struct node *ans;
  16
  17
       struct Queue
  18 🔻
  19
           int front;
  20
           int back;
           struct node *n[100];
  21
  22
       };
  23
       void enqueue(struct Queue *Q, struct node *n)
  24
  25 •
  26
           Q->front += 1;
  27
           Q->n[Q->front] = n;
  28
  29
  30
       void dequeue(struct Queue *Q)
  31 •
  32
           Q->back += 1;
  33
  34
  35
       struct node *newNode(char j[4], int jn)
  36 ₹
  37
           struct node *node1 = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  38
           node1->cost = 0;
           strncpy(node1->jobs, j, sizeof(node1->jobs));
  39
  40
           node1->job_no = jn;
```

```
41
         return node1;
42
    }
43
    void addToQueue(int n, struct node *root, struct Queue *Q, int penalty
44
45 •
46
         if (!root)
47
         {
48
             return;
49
50
         int jn = root->job_no;
51
        if (jn >= n)
52 •
53
             return;
54
         }
55
         char j[4];
56
         int local_ub = 0;
57
         strncpy(j, root->jobs, sizeof(j));
58
59
        j[jn] = '1';
60
61
         int total_time = 0;
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
62
63 1
64
             if (j[i] == '1')
65
66
                 total_time += time[i];
67
             }
68
69
         int possible = 0;
70
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
71 ,
72
             if (j[i] == '1')
73 ,
74
                 if (total_time <= deadline[i])</pre>
75 1
76
                     possible = 1;
77
                     break;
78
                 }
79
80
```

```
81
         if (!possible)
 82 🔻
         {
 83
             return;
         }
 85
         for (int i = 0; i < jn; i++)
 86
 87 •
             if (j[i] == '0')
 88
 89 ,
 90
                 root->cost += penalty[i];
 91
                 local_ub += penalty[i];
 92
 93
 94
         for (int i = jn + 1; i < n; i++)
 95 1
         {
 96
             local_ub += penalty[i];
97
98
99
         UB = local_ub > UB ? UB : local_ub;
100
101
         if (root->cost > UB)
102 •
         {
103
             return;
         }
104
105
106
         ans = root;
107
         for (int i = jn + 1; i < n; i++)
108
109 •
110
             char j1[4];
             strncpy(j1, root->jobs, sizeof(j1));
111
             j1[i] = '1';
112
             struct node *newN = newNode(j1, i);
113
114
             enqueue(Q, newN);
115
116
117
118
     int main()
119 ₹ {
         int n = 4;
120
```

```
121
         int penalty[4] = {5, 10, 6, 3};
122
         int deadline[4] = {1, 3, 2, 1};
123
         int time[4] = \{1, 2, 1, 1\};
124
         struct Queue *Q = (struct Queue *)malloc(sizeof(struct Queue));
125
126
         Q->front = -1;
127
         Q->back = 0;
         struct node *root = newNode("0000", 0);
128
129
         enqueue(Q, root);
130
131
         while (Q->front >= Q->back)
132 •
             addToQueue(n, Q->n[Q->back], Q, penalty, deadline, time);
133
134
             Q->back++;
135
         }
136
         printf("Cost = %d\n", ans->cost);
137
138
         printf("Upper Bound = %d\n", UB);
         printf("Jobs Completed within deadline are ");
139
140
141
         int first = 1;
142
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
143 1
             if (ans->jobs[i] == '1')
144
145
                  if (first)
146
147
148
                      first = 0;
                      printf("J%d ", i + 1);
149
150
                  }
151
                 else
152
                  {
153
                      printf("and J%d ", i + 1);
154
155
156
157
         return 0;
158
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	1	Cost = 5	Cost = 5	
		Upper Bound = 8	Upper Bound = 8	
		Jobs Completed within deadline are J2 and J3	7-6- 01	

Question 3

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ASSESSMENT LAB 2

Back

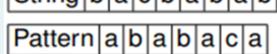
Question 3

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 $\begin{picture}(100,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(0,0){10$

Write a program to apply KMP String Matching algorithm to verify the given pattern is present in the string or not. If present display its occurrences



Test	Input	Result
1	bacbabababacaab ababaca	Pattern is found in the string Number of Shifts needed is 6

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2
    #include <string.h>
 3
 4
    int max(int a, int b)
 5 🔻
    {
        return a > b ? a : b;
 6
 7
 8
9
    int main()
10 •
    {
        char str1[40];
11
12
        char pat1[20];
13
        char str[20];
14
        char pat[10];
15
        fgets(str1, 40, stdin);
16
17
        fgets(pat1, 20, stdin);
18
19
        for (int i = 0; i < strlen(str1) / 2; i++)</pre>
20 1
             str[i] = str1[2 * i];
21
22
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < strlen(pat1) / 2; i++)</pre>
23
24
         {
25
             pat[i] = pat1[2 * i];
26
        pat[strlen(pat) - 1] = '\0';
27
28
        // printf("%ld %ld\n", strlen(pat),strlen(str));
29
30
        int pi_table[strlen(pat)];
31
32
        // puts(str);
        // printf("******\n");
33
        // puts(pat);
34
35
        for (int i = 0; i < strlen(pat); i++)</pre>
36
37 •
38
             pi_table[i] = 0;
39
40
```

```
41
         for (int i = 1; i < strlen(pat); i++)</pre>
42 ,
             if (pat[0] == pat[i])
43
44
                  for (int j = 0; j < strlen(pat) - i; j++)
45
46
                      if (pat[j] == pat[i + j])
47
48
                          pi_table[i + j] = max(pi_table[i + j], j + 1);
49
                      }
50
51
                      else
52 1
                      {
                          break;
53
54
                      }
55
56
57
         }
58
59
         // for(int i=0; i<strlen(pat); i++)</pre>
60
         // {
         //
                printf("%d ", pi_table[i]);
61
         // }
62
63
         int i = 0, j = 0;
64
         while (i < strlen(str))</pre>
65
66 1
             // printf("[%d %d] ",i,j);
67
             if (j == strlen(pat))
68
69
                  printf("Pattern is found in the string\n");
70
71
                 printf("Number of Shifts needed is %ld", i - strlen(pat));
72
                 return 0;
73
74
             if (str[i] == pat[j])
75
             {
76
                  i++;
77
                  j++;
78
             }
             else if (j == 0)
79
80
             {
81
                  i++;
82
             }
83
             else
84
85
                 j = pi_table[j - 1];
86
87
88
        printf("Pattern is not found in the string");
89
        return 0;
90
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got
~	1	b a c b a b a b a b a c a a b a b a b a c a	Pattern is found in the string Number of Shifts needed is 6	
4				•

Question 4

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ASSESSMENT LAB 2



Question 4

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♥ Flag question

Write a program to apply the Rabin Karp String Matching algorithm to check whether the given pattern is present in the String or not

Note: Use the Robin Karp Finger Print function to verify the pattern is present in the string or not

1	Test	Input	Result	
1	1	c c a c c a a e d b a d b a	The given pattern is present in the String	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) #include <stdio.h> 1 #include <string.h> 2 3 4 int hash_fn(char *start, int len) 5 , int hash_val = 0; 6 7 for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) 8 { 9 hash_val = 10 * hash_val + ((int)start[i] - 96); 10 } 11 return hash_val; 12 13 int check_str(char *pat, char *str, int len) 14 15 * for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) 16 17 18 if (pat[i] != str[i]) 19 { 20 return 0; 21 } 22 23 return 1; 24 } 25 int main() 26 27 * 28 char str1[25]; 29 char pat1[10];

30

31

32 33

34

35 36

37

38 39

40

{

char str[15];

fgets(str1, 25, stdin);

fgets(pat1, 10, stdin);

str[i] = str1[2 * i];

for (int i = 0; i < strlen(str1) / 2; i++)</pre>

for (int i = 0; i < strlen(pat1) / 2; i++)</pre>

char pat[5];

```
41 •
        {
42
            pat[i] = pat1[2 * i];
43
44
45
        int pat_len = strlen(pat);
        int hash_p = hash_fn(&pat[0], strlen(pat));
46
47
48
        for (int i = 0; i < strlen(str) - pat_len + 1; i++)</pre>
49
             int hash_str = hash_fn(&str[i], strlen(pat));
50
             if (hash_str == hash_p)
51
52 1
                 if (check_str(&pat[0], &str[i], pat_len))
53
54 ,
                     printf("The given pattern is present in the String");
55
56
                     return 0;
57
58
59
60
        return 0;
61 }
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got
~	1	c c a c c a a e d b a d b a	The given pattern is present in the String	The g

F

Passed all tests! 🗸