

1.

a) $f(x) = x^3 - 750$.

b) $f'(x) = 3x^2$, $x_{\text{new}} = x + f(x)/f'(x)$
 $x_{\text{new}} = x + (x^3 - 750)/(3x^2)$

c)

$$x_0 = 9$$

$$x_1 = 9.08641975309$$

$$x_2 = 9.08560303758$$

Since I am at my desired tolerance, we can stop

d) Since I can guess that it is between 9 and 10,
it would take 9.5, 9.25, 9.125, 9.0625, 9.0950, In tolerance
6 iterations

e) For the Newton-Raphson method it would take 2 iterations of 5
operations each, which is 10 operations in total.

The bisection method would take 6 iterations of 6 operations each,
which is 36 operations in total.

2.

a) In Code.

b) $x_{n+1} = x_n - f(x_n)/f'(x_n)$

c) The criteria is $g'(x) < 1$. It is satisfied in the region of all of the roots.

d) The criteria is $g'(x) < 1$. It is satisfied in the region of all of the roots,
however it is not satisfied when $x < -2.5$

e) In code.

f) If the region is divergent, the fixed-point method will produce
incorrect results. There is still a chance that it will find a correct root.

3. All in the Code

4.

a) In Code.

b) After 6 iterations the error is effectively 0

c) The Convergence is more consistent of $m=2$ as expected since the
error is decreasing nonlinearly.