

Deep Learning

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October 28, 2020

1 Other Optimizers

Gradient Descent with Momentum

Let $L(w)$ be a loss function that we want to minimize. The algorithm gradient descent with momentum is the following

$$v_0 = 0,$$

$$v_t = \beta v_{t-1} + (1 - \beta) \nabla L(w_t),$$

$$w_{t+1} = w_t - \alpha v_t,$$

where α is the learning rate and $\beta \in [0, 1)$ is the parameter of exponential moving average.

Gradient Descent with Momentum



Image 2: SGD without momentum



Image 3: SGD with momentum

Let $L(w)$ be a loss function that we want to minimize. The algorithm RMSprop is the following

$$v_0 = 0,$$

$$v_t = \beta v_{t-1} + (1 - \beta) (\nabla L(w_t))^2,$$

$$w_{t+1} = w_t - \alpha \frac{\nabla L(w_t)}{\sqrt{v_t} + \varepsilon},$$

where α is the learning rate and $\beta \in [0, 1)$ is the parameter of exponential moving average.

ADAM

Let $L(w)$ be a loss function that we want to minimize. The algorithm ADAM is the following

$$m_0 = 0, v_0 = 0,$$

$$m_t = \beta_1 m_{t-1} + (1 - \beta_1) \nabla L(w_{t-1}),$$

$$\hat{m}_t = \frac{m_t}{1 - \beta_1^t},$$

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$$\hat{m}_t = \frac{m_t}{1 - \beta_1^t},$$

$$v_t = \beta_2 v_{t-1} + (1 - \beta_2) (\nabla L(w_{t-1}))^2,$$

$$\hat{v}_t = \frac{v_t}{1 - \beta_2^t},$$

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$$\hat{m}_t = \frac{m_t}{1 - \beta_1^t},$$

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$$\hat{v}_t = \frac{v_t}{1 - \beta_2^t},$$

$$w_t = w_{t-1} - \alpha \frac{\hat{m}_t}{\sqrt{\hat{v}_t} + \varepsilon},$$

where α is the learning rate and $\beta_1, \beta_2 \in [0, 1)$ are the parameters of exponential moving averages.