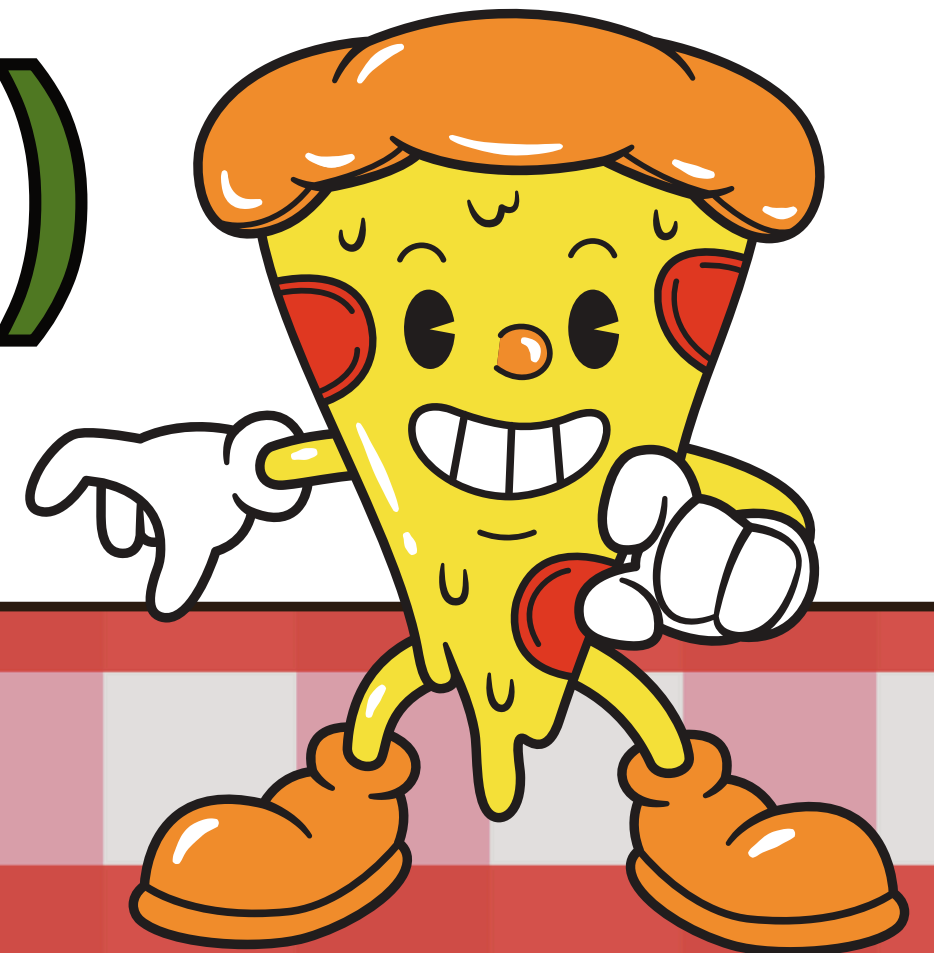


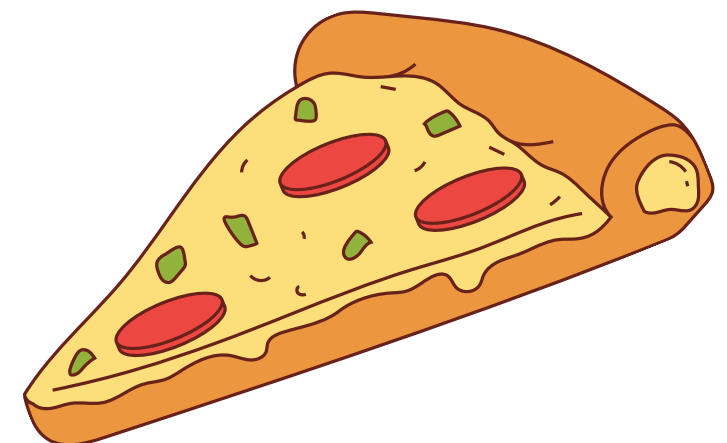
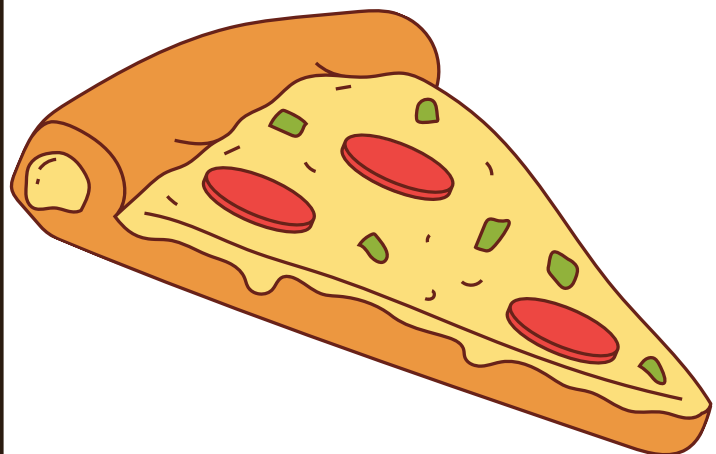
PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS (SQL)



Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
-- retrieve the total number of order placed
```

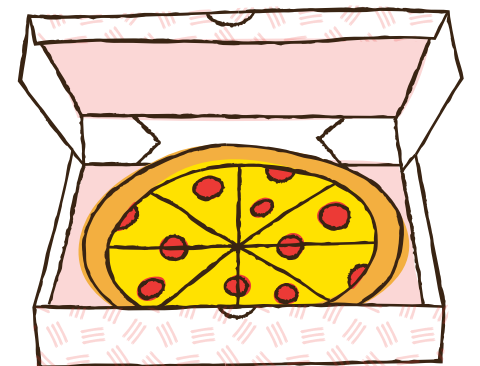
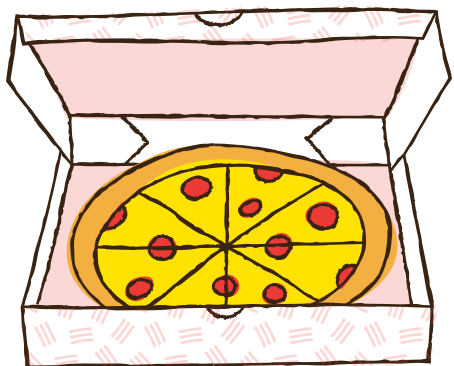
- **Select** count(order_id) **from** orders;



Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.





```
2 • select round(sum(od.quantity * p.price),2) as revenue from order_details od
3 join pizzas p
4 using (pizza_id)
```

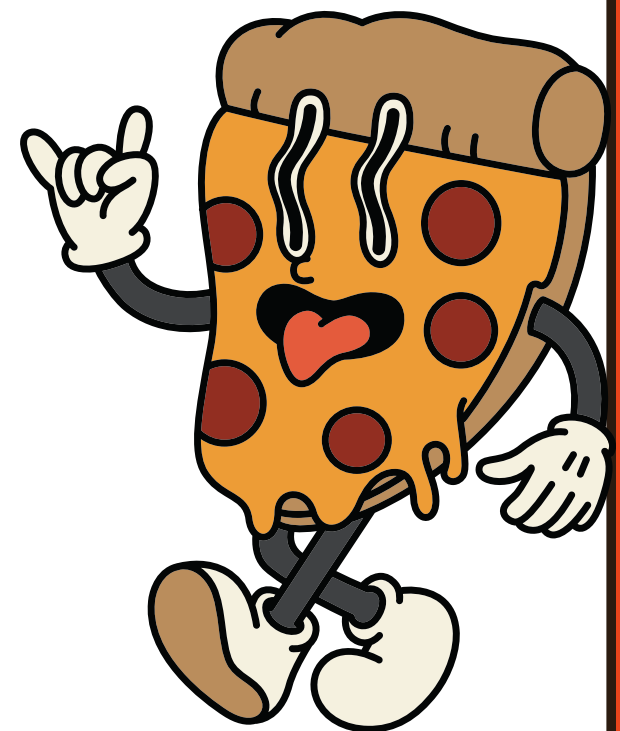
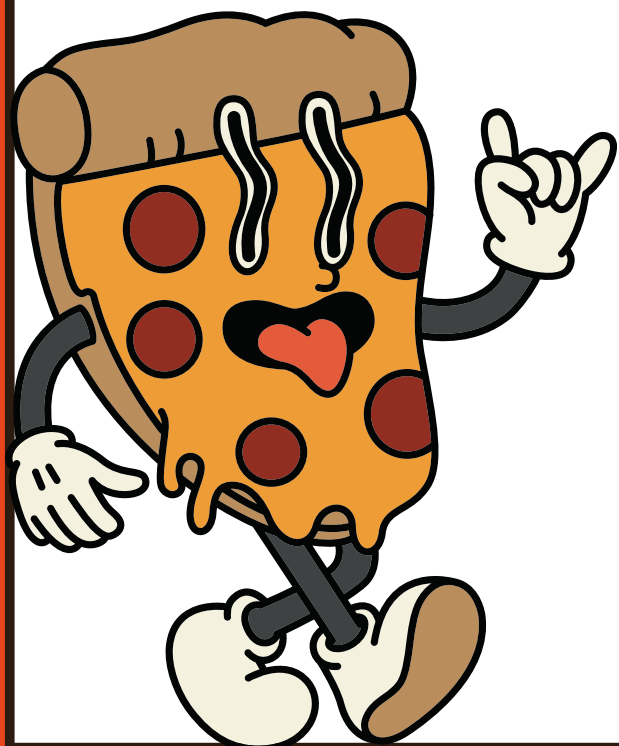
Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
revenue				
817860.05				



Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
1  -- Identify the highest-priced pizza.  
2  • select pizza_type_id, price from pizzas  
3  order by price desc  
4  limit 1
```

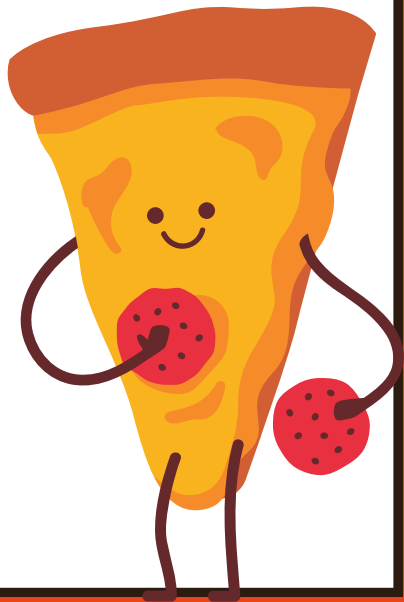
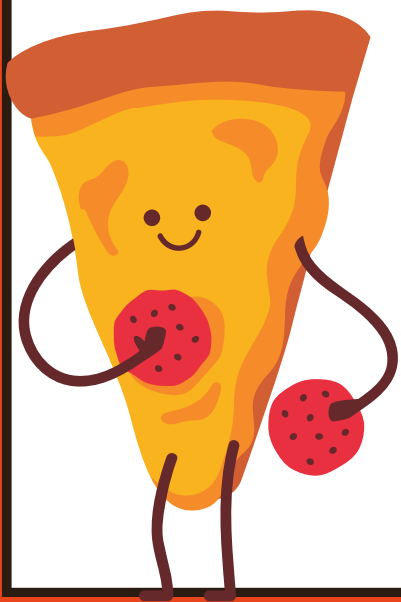
Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Export:  Wrap Cell Content:  Fetch rows:		
	pizza_type_id	price
▶	the_greek	35.95



Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

- ```
select count(od.quantity) as count_pizza_size, p.size
from pizzas p
join order_details od
using (pizza_id)
group by p.size
order by count_pizza_size desc
```



# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
2 • select sum(od.quantity) as pizza_order, pt.name from order_details od
3 JOIN pizzas p
4 using (pizza_id)
5 JOIN pizza_types pt
6 using (pizza_type_id)
7 group by od.quantity, pt.name
8 order by pizza_order desc
```

| Result Grid |                            | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows: |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-------------|
| pizza_order | name                       |              |         |                    |             |
| 2382        | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   |              |         |                    |             |
| 2321        | The Pepperoni Pizza        |              |         |                    |             |
| 2319        | The Hawaiian Pizza         |              |         |                    |             |
| 2316        | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza |              |         |                    |             |
| 2260        | The Thai Chicken Pizza     |              |         |                    |             |



# Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
3 • select pt.category, sum(od.quantity) as pizza_ordered from pizza_types pt
4 JOIN pizzas p
5 using(pizza_type_id)
6 JOIN order_details od
7 using (pizza_id)
8 group by pt.category
```

| Result Grid |          |               | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |
|-------------|----------|---------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|
|             | category | pizza_ordered |              |         |                    |
| ▶           | Classic  | 14888         |              |         |                    |
|             | Veggie   | 11649         |              |         |                    |
|             | Supreme  | 11987         |              |         |                    |
|             | Chicken  | 11050         |              |         |                    |

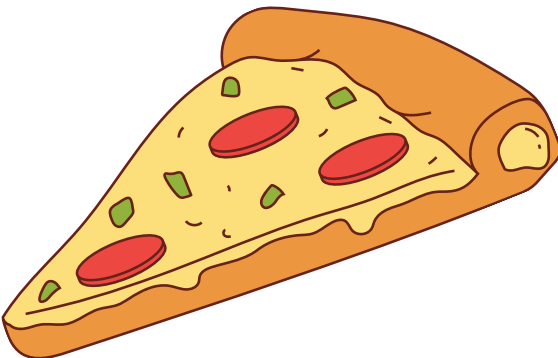
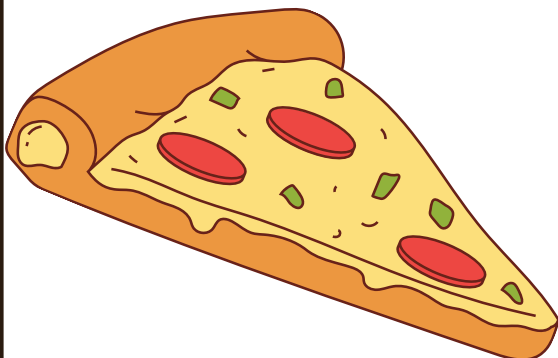




# Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
2 • select hour(time) as hour, count(order_id) from orders
3 group by hour
```

| Result Grid |      |                 | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |
|-------------|------|-----------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|
|             | hour | count(order_id) |              |         |                    |
| ▶           | 11   | 1231            |              |         |                    |
|             | 12   | 2520            |              |         |                    |
|             | 13   | 2455            |              |         |                    |
|             | 14   | 1472            |              |         |                    |

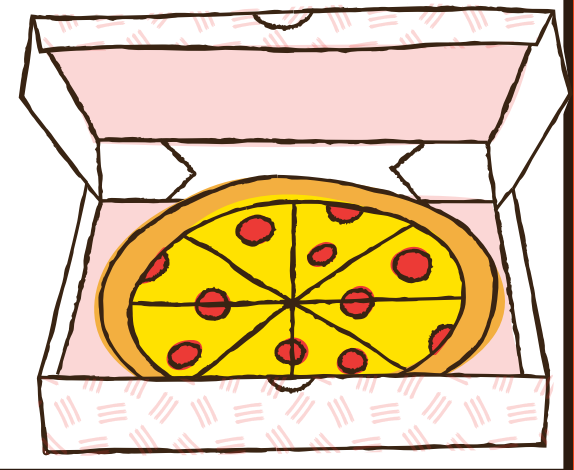
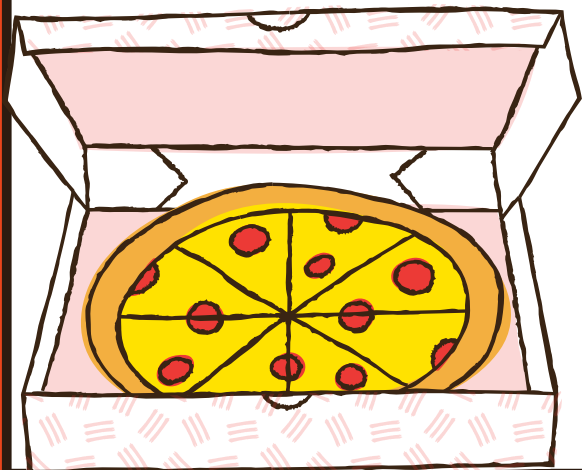




# find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

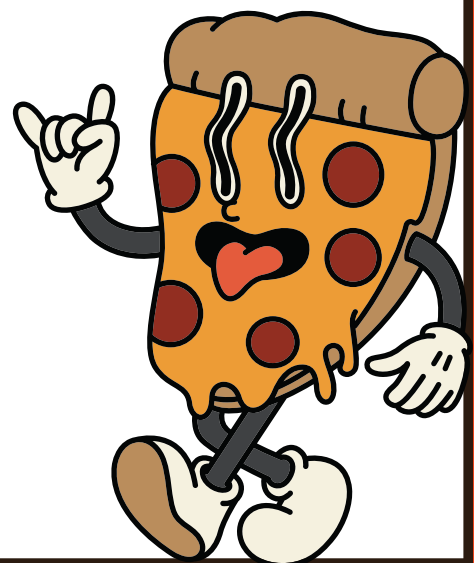
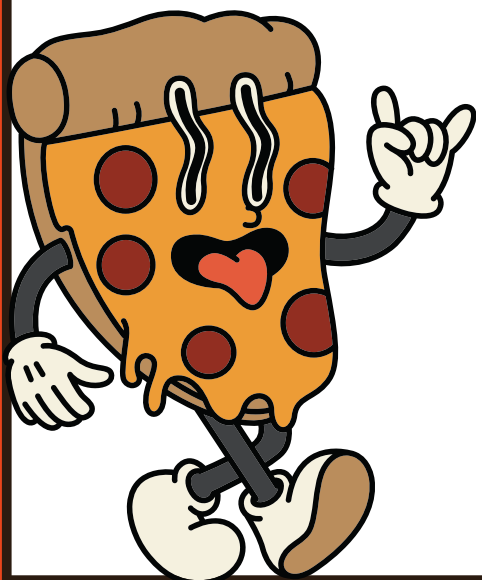
```
-- find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

• select count(name), category from pizza_types
 group by category
;
```



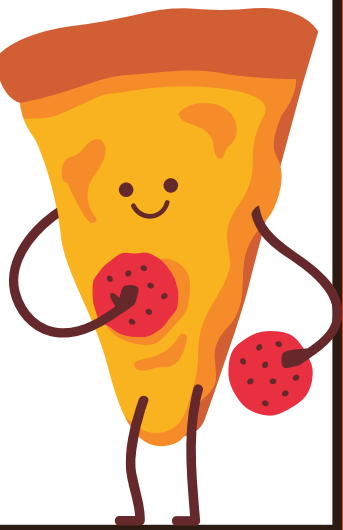
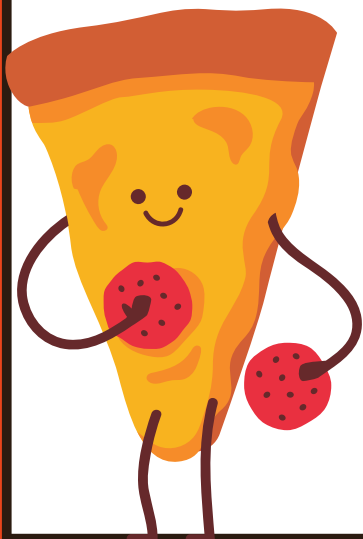
Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
with table1 as (select o.date , sum(od.quantity) as quantity from orders o
JOIN order_details od
using (order_id)
group by o.date)
Select round(avg(quantity),0) from table1
```



# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

- ```
select pt.name, sum(od.quantity*p.price) as revenue from pizza_types pt
JOIN pizzas p
using (pizza_type_id)
join order_details od
using (pizza_id)
group by pt.name
order by revenue desc
limit 3
```



Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select pt.category, round(sum(od.quantity*p.price)/(  
SELECT round(sum(od.quantity*p.price),2) AS total_sales  
FROM order_details od  
JOIN pizzas p  
USING (pizza_id))*100,2) as revenue_pct from pizza_types pt  
JOIN pizzas p  
using (pizza_type_id)  
JOIN order_details od  
using (pizza_id)  
group by pt.category
```



Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
with table1 as (select o.date, sum(od.quantity * p.price) as revenue
from order_details od
join pizzas p
using (pizza_id)
join orders o
using (order_id)
group by o.date)
select date, round(sum(revenue) over(order by date),2) as cum_rev
from table1
```



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
with table1 as(select pt.category, pt.name, round(sum(od.quantity*p.price),2) as revenue
from order_details od
join pizzas p
using (pizza_id)
join pizza_types pt
using (pizza_type_id)
group by pt.category, pt.name)
select *, dense_rank() over (partition by category order by revenue desc) as ranking
from table1
```

