

Data visualization with advanced Excel

Introduction to joins



Introduction to joins

Introduction to joins

- **What are joins and how are they used within a relational database?**

Joins allow two different rows from different tables to come together to become one large row containing the values from both rows.

Introduction to joins

Vlookup

- **Are types of relationships**
- **Allow us to append related data to the end of a row**

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Through the primary and foreign key bridges**
- **Preserve the integrity of table 1**
- **Prevents the need to store data in more than 1 table**

Introduction to joins

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Joins

If we did not have joins, data would have to be captured in both tables as opposed to only one.

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Joins

There are two primary types of joins:

- **Inner join**
- **Outer Join**

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Joins

- **Inner join**

Refers to the intersection of the two tables.

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Joins

- Inner join

A



B

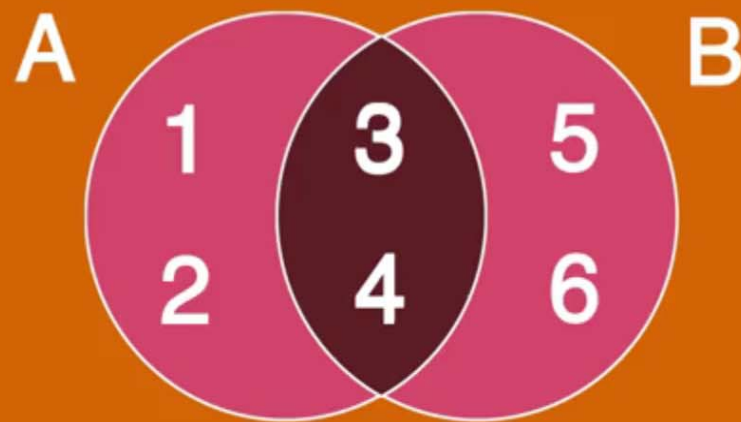


Introduction to joins

Joins

- Inner join

A	B
3	3
4	4



Introduction to joins

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Joins

- Inner join

Driver	ID#	Vehicle license
John	01	5348908
Cindy	03	9348450

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Joins

- **Outer join**

Is the union of A and B, all the columns in A and all the columns in B.

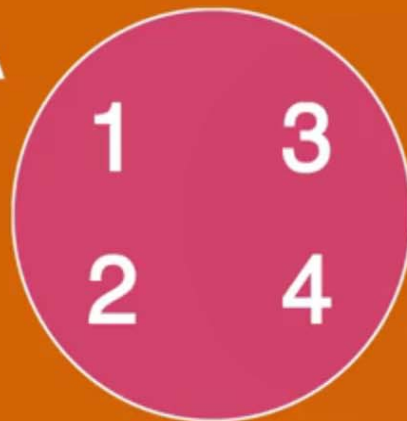
If something in A does not have a corresponding data in B, then the B portion is null, and vice versa.

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Joins

- **Outer join**

A



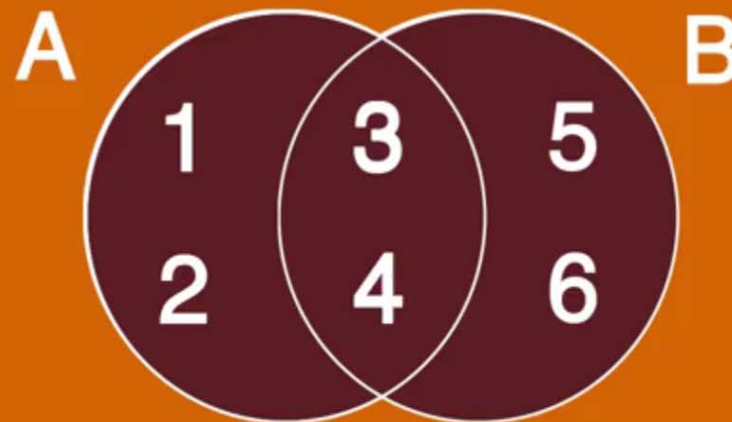
B



Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join**

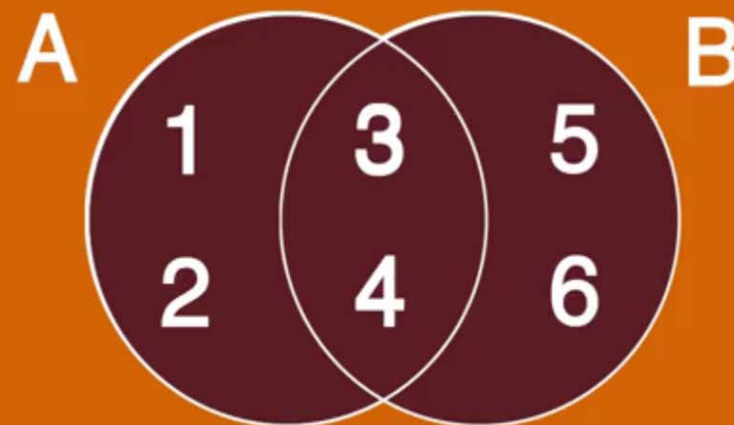


A	B
1	null
2	null
3	3
4	4
null	5
null	6

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join**

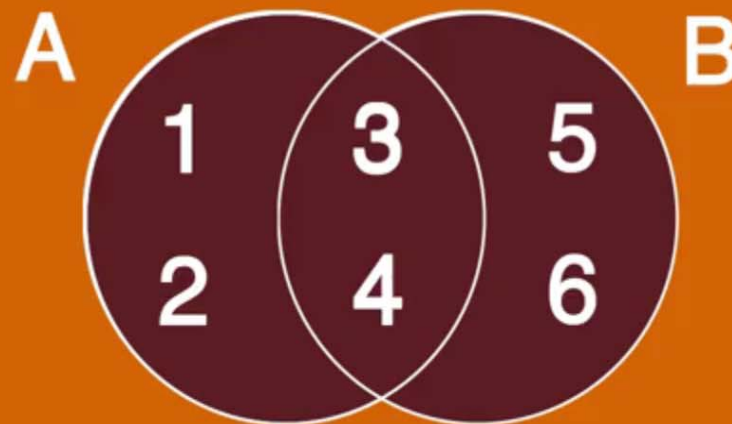


A	B
1	null
2	null
3	3
4	4
null	5
null	6

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join**



A	B
1	null
2	null
3	3
4	4
null	5
null	6

Introduction to joins

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Joins

- **Outer join**

Driver	Gender	ID#	Vehicle license	Make	Model
John	M	01	5348908	Toyota	Prius
Null	null	01	9348450	Audi	A3
Peter	M	02	null	null	null
Cindy	F	03	2349824	BMW	M4

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Joins

- **Outer join**

Left outer join

Right outer join

Introduction to joins

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Joins

- **Outer join – Left outer join**

Will give all columns in A, plus any common columns in B.

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Joins

- **Outer join – Left outer join**

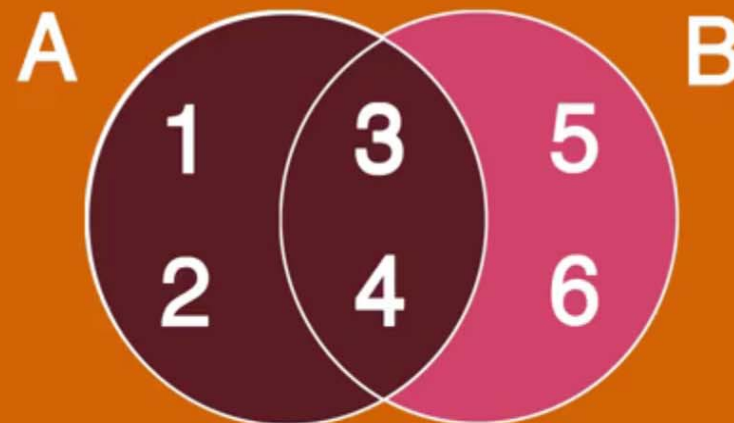


A	B
1	null
2	null
3	3
4	4

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join – Left outer join**



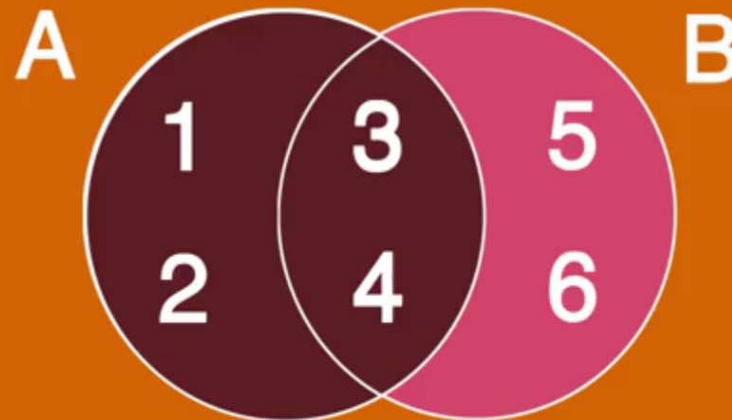
A	B
1	null
2	null
3	3
4	4

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Joins

- **Outer join – Left outer join**



A	B
1	null
2	null
3	3
4	4

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join – Left outer join**

Driver	Gender	ID#	Vehicle license	Make	Model
John	M	01	5348908	Toyota	Prius
Peter	M	02	null	null	null
Cindy	F	03	2349824	BMW	M4

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join – Right outer join**

Will give all columns in Table B, plus any common columns in Table A.

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join – Right outer join**

A



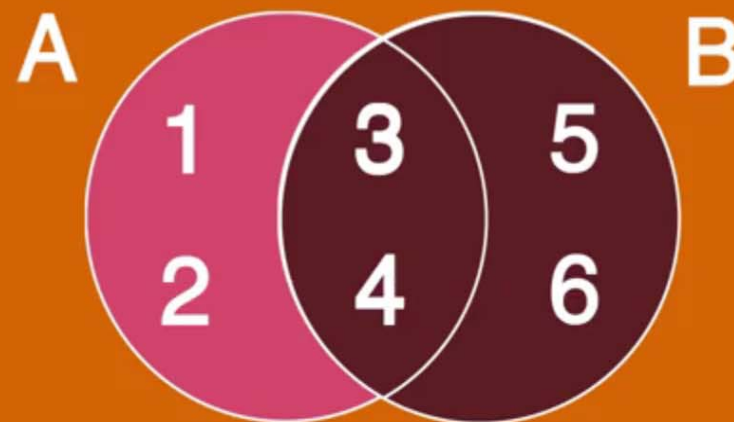
B



Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join – Right outer join**

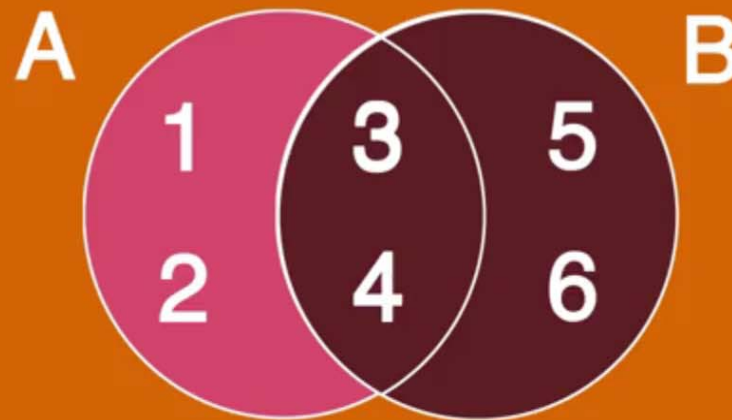


A	B
3	3
4	4
null	5
null	6

Introduction to joins

Joins

- **Outer join – Right outer join**



A	B
3	3
4	4
null	5
null	6

Introduction to joins

Joins

In this video:

- **The concept of joins**
- **Explored different types of joins**