## R and Python

## Intergration

dog\_table %>%

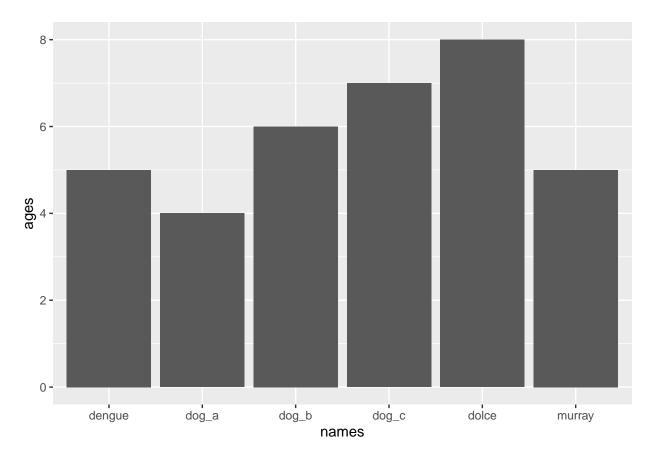
ggplot(aes(x = names, y = ages)) +

geom\_bar(stat = "identity")

One of the coolest things about some of the latest RStudio versions is the intergration between R and Python.

For example, you can not only run some Python in RStudio as you can see from the example.py script. You can also run both R and Python in the same RMarkdown document!

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
## v ggplot2 3.2.1
                  v purrr
                           0.3.2
## v tibble 2.1.3 v dplyr 0.8.3
## v tidyr 1.0.0 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr
         1.3.1
                 v forcats 0.4.0
## -- Conflicts -------
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                 masks stats::lag()
dog_table <- tibble(</pre>
 names = c("dengue", "dolce", "murray", "dog_a", "dog_b", "dog_c"),
 ages = c(5, 8, 5, 4, 6, 7)
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
# Set plot space as inline for inline plots display

# an example of a bar plot
ax = plt.subplot() # create an axis object, which the plot object which we can customize
our_dogs = ["dengue", "dolce", "murray", "dog_a", "dog_b", "dog_c"]
dogs_age = [5, 8, 5, 4, 6, 7]

plt.bar(range(len(our_dogs)), dogs_age)
```

## <BarContainer object of 6 artists>

```
ax.set_xticks(range(0,len(our_dogs))) # set ticks values, as a method of the axes
```

## [<matplotlib.axis.XTick object at 0x11a282390>, <matplotlib.axis.XTick object at 0x11bf65c88>, <matp
ax.set\_xticklabels(our\_dogs) # set tick labels, also as a method of the axes</pre>

## [Text(0,0,'dengue'), Text(0,0,'dolce'), Text(0,0,'murray'), Text(0,0,'dog\_a'), Text(0,0,'dog\_b'), Text(0,

```
plt.title('Age of Random Dogs')
plt.xlabel('Dogs')
plt.ylabel('Age')
plt.show()
```

