## Table 8—Critical Values for the Sign Test

Reject the null hypothesis when the test statistic *x* is less than or equal to the value in the table.

	One-tailed, $\alpha = 0.005$	$\alpha = 0.01$	$\alpha = 0.025$	$\alpha = 0.05$
n	Two-tailed, $\alpha = 0.01$	$\alpha = 0.02$	$\alpha = 0.05$	$\alpha = 0.10$
8	0	0	0	1
9	0	0	1	1
10	0	0	1	1
. 11	0	1	1	2
12	1	1	2	2
13	1	1 1	2	3
14	1	2	3	3
15	2 .	2	3	3
16	2	2	3	4
17	2	3	4	4
18	3	3	4	5
19	3	4	4	5
20	3	4	5	5
21	4	4	5	6
22	4	5	5	6
23	4	5	6	7
24	5	5	6	7
25	5	6	6	7

Note: Table 8 is for one-tailed or two-tailed tests. The sample size n represents the total number of + and - signs. The test value is the smaller number of + or - signs.

From *Journal of American Statistical Association* Vol. 41 (1946), pp. 557–566. W. J. Dixon and A. M. Mood.

## Table 9—Critical Values for the Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test

Reject the null hypothesis when the test statistic  $w_s$  is less than or equal to the value in the table.

	One-tailed, $\alpha = 0.05$	$\alpha = 0.025$	$\alpha = 0.01$	$\alpha = 0.005$
n	Two-tailed, $\alpha = 0.10$	$\alpha = 0.05$	$\alpha = 0.02$	$\alpha = 0.01$
5	1	_	_	_
6	2	1	_	
7	4	2	0	-
8	6	4	2	0
9	8	6	3	2
10	11	8	5	3
11	14	11	7	5
12	17	14	10	7
13	21	17	13	10
14	26	21	16	13
15	30	25	20	16
16	36	30	24	19
17	41	35	28	23
18	47	40	33	28
19	54	46	38	32
20	60	52	43	37
21	68	59	49	43
22	75	66	56	49
23	83	73	62	55
24	92	81	69	61
25	101	90	77	68
26	110	98	85	76
27	120	107	93	84
28	130	117	102	92
29	141	127	111	100
30	152	137	120	109

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