

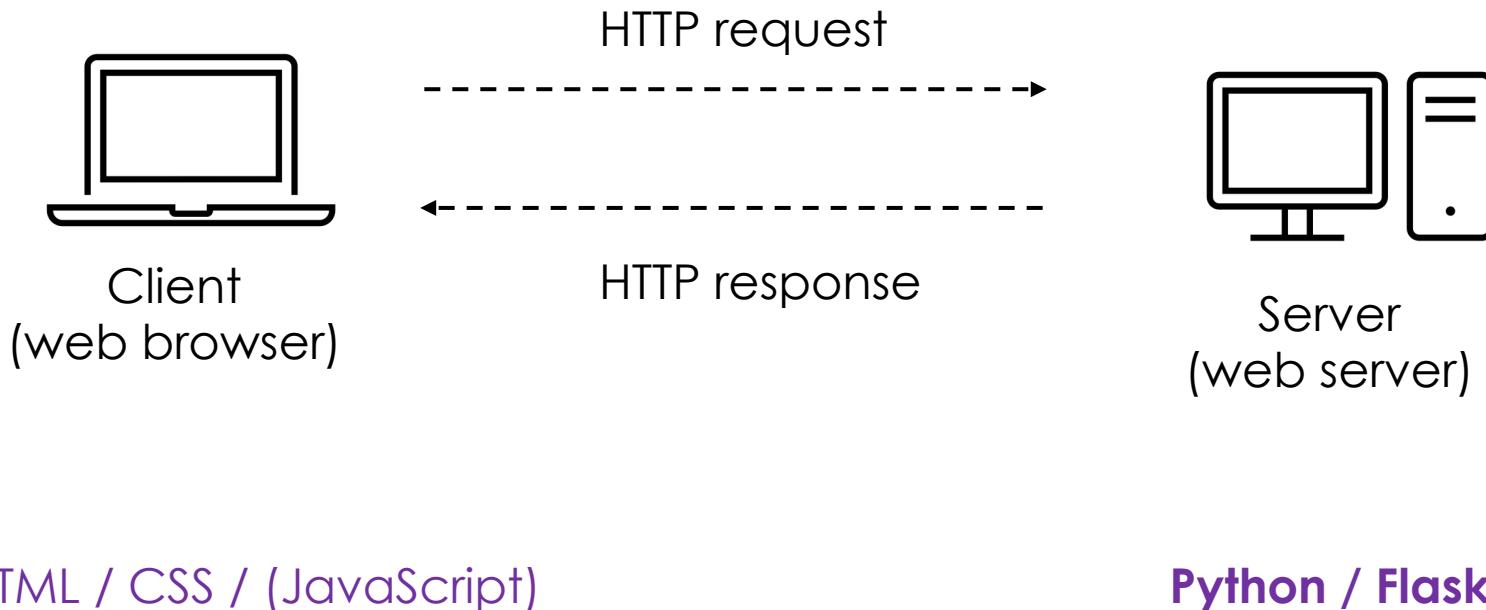
Web / BD

Introduction to Web Programming
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Client / Server Model



Flask

- Micro framework: Flask <https://flask.palletsprojects.com/en/stable/>
 - **Lightweight Micro-framework:** Minimal core (request handling, routing) with flexible expansion options
 - **Built-in Development Tools:** Integrated server and debugger for easy testing.
 - **Jinja2 Templating:** Dynamic HTML rendering with a powerful template engine.
 - **Modular Design:** Choose libraries and tools as needed, with no rigid structure.
 - **Extensible:** Add features like databases or authentication via extensions.

```
$ python3 -m venv venv
$ source venv/bin/activate
$ pip install Flask
```

Flask – First web application

In a file named `app.py`

```
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def index():
    return 'Hello Web/BD'
```

In the terminal:

```
$ flask run
* Environment: production
WARNING: This is a development
server. Do not use it in a
production deployment.
Use a production WSGI server
instead.
* Debug mode: off
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/
  (Press CTRL+C to quit)
```

Flask – How to run/configure the server

```
$ flask run
$ python -m flask run                                // alternatives
$ flask run --host=0.0.0.0 --port=8080 // passing options
```

// configuration using environment variables

```
$ export FLASK_APP=app.py
$ export FLASK_DEBUG=True                         // debug + autorefresh
$ export FLASK_RUN_HOST=localhost
$ export FLASK_RUN_PORT=8080
```

*\$ pip install python-dotenv // then put all env variables
 // in a file named .env*

// or in the code of your main file

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=8080, debug=True)
```

FLASK_APP=app.py
FLASK_DEBUG=True
FLASK_RUN_HOST=localhost
FLASK_RUN_PORT=8080

Routing - Decorators

```
@app.route("/halloween")  
  
@app.route("/halloween/")  
  
@app.route("/monsters/<int:monster_id>")  
  
@app.route("/some_full_path/<converter:variable_name>")
```

string (default): accepts any text without a slash

int: accepts positive integers

float: accepts positive floating point values

path: like string but also accepts slashes

uuid: accepts UUID strings

Routing - Example

```
@app.route("/monsters/<string:category>/<int:monster_id>")  
def monster_by_id(category: str, monster_id: int):  
    if category == "curcubitaceous" and monster_id == 666:  
        return { "name": "Jack O'Lantern",  
                 "id":666, "category": "curcubitaceous" }  
    else:  
        return {}
```

```
>>> GET /monsters/curcubitaceous/666 HTTP/1.1
```

Routing - Example

```
@app.route("/monsters/<string:category>/<int:monster_id>")  
def monster_by_id(category: str, monster_id: int):  
    if category == "curcubitaceous" and monster_id == 666:  
        return { "name": "Jack O'Lantern",  
                 "id":666, "category": "curcubitaceous" }  
    else:  
        return {}  
                                         automatically serialised as JSON Object
```

```
>>> GET /monsters/curcubitaceous/666 HTTP/1.1
```

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)

- Lightweight text-based data-interchange format
- Completely (programming) language independent
- Easy to understand, manipulate and generate
- Data types:
 - Strings ("hello"), numbers (integers, real), booleans (true or false), null
 - Arrays: ordered values wrapped in [and]
 - (JSON) object: Unordered key-value pairs wrapped in { }

```
{ "name": "Alice",  
  "age": 30,  
  "email": "alice@example.com",  
  "is_active": true,  
  "skills": ["Python", "Flask"],  
  "address": {  
    "street": "123 Main St",  
    "city": "Wonderland",  
    "zip": "12345"  
  }  
}
```

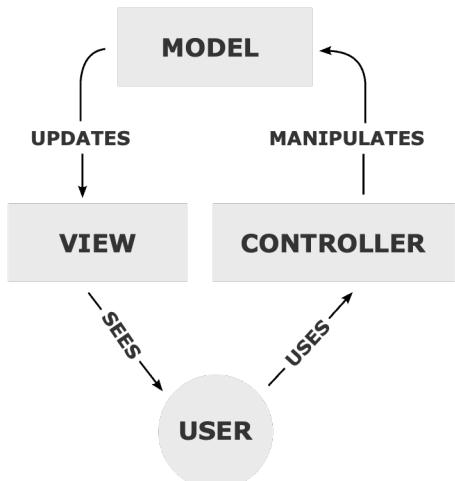
Of course, Python provides a built-in `json` module.

What Not To Do

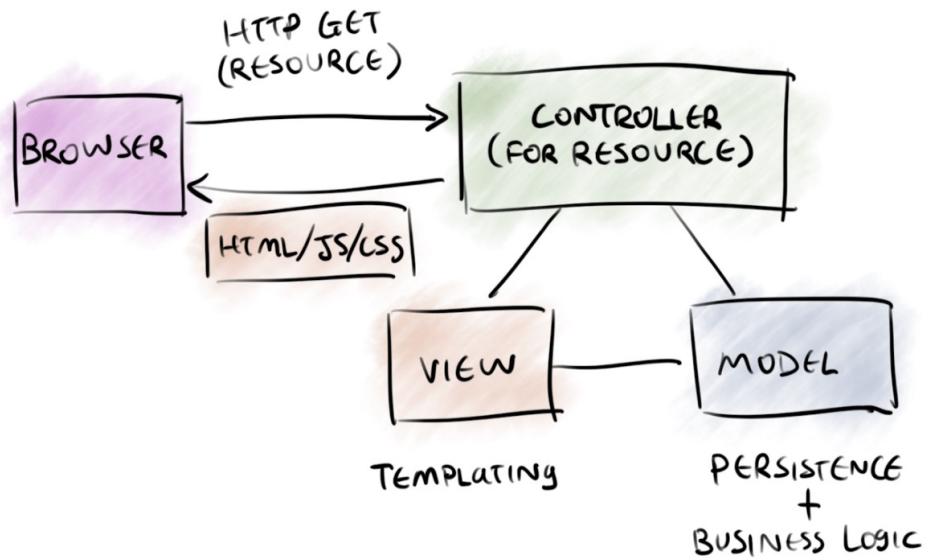
```
@app.route("/halloween")
def halloween():
    return """
<html>
<head>
<title>Halloween</title>
<style>
body { background: #000000; text-align:center; }
</style>
</head>
<body>

</body>
</html>
"""
```

Model-View-Controller Pattern (MVC)



[Source: Wikipedia]



[Source: Medium, Robert Zhu]

Templates (powered by Jinja2)

```
<!doctype html>
<html>                                In a file templates/hello.html
<title>Hello from Flask</title>
<body>
  {% if name %}
    <h1>Hello {{ name }}!</h1>
  {% else %}
    <h1>Hello, World!</h1>
  {% endif %}
</body>
</html>                                from flask import render_template
                                         @app.route('/hello/')
                                         @app.route('/hello/<login>')
                                         def hello(login=None):
                                         return render_template('hello.html', name=login)
```

HTTP Methods

```
from flask import request

@app.route('/whois', methods=['GET'])
def whois():
    if request.method == 'GET':
        return request.args.get('name', 'John Doe')
    else:
        return '' # do something else
```

```
>>> GET /whois?name=TheBoss HTTP/1.1
```

Forms (basic way of managing)

```
@app.route("/search", methods=["GET", "POST"])
def search():
    if request.method == "GET":
        return """<form action="/search" method="post">
                    <input name="q" type="search"/>
                    <input type="submit" value="Search"/>
                </form>"""
    elif request.method == "POST":
        return do_the_job(request.form['q'])
    else:
        return {}
```

Static Resources / Redirect

- (by default) `'/static'` route is used for **static resources** (images, files, etc.) and associated with **static/** directory.
- The url of a resource can be obtained using the following code:

```
url_for('static', filename='style.css')
```

Redirection and Errors

```
from flask import abort, redirect, url_for

@app.route('/')
def index():
    return redirect(url_for('login'))

@app.route('/login')
def login():
    abort(401)
    this_is_never_executed()

from flask import render_template
@app.errorhandler(404)
def page_not_found(error):
    return render_template('page_not_found.html'), 404
```

A large, blue, fuzzy monster with large white eyes and a wide, toothy grin. He is holding a large, round, brown cookie with chocolate chips in his right hand. He is surrounded by small cookie crumbs on a white background.

Coming next...



- Persistence
- Sessions