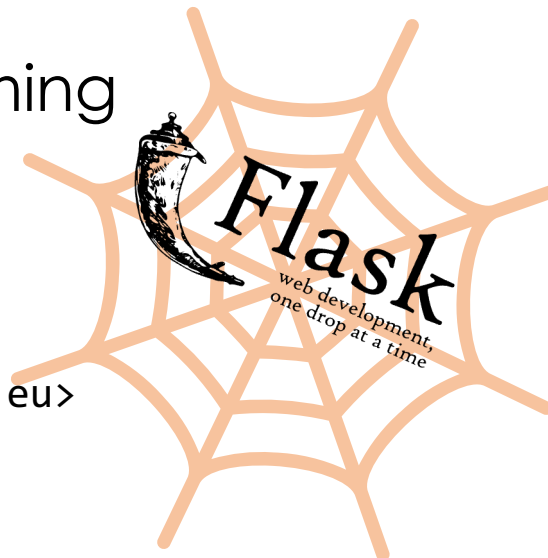


Web / BD

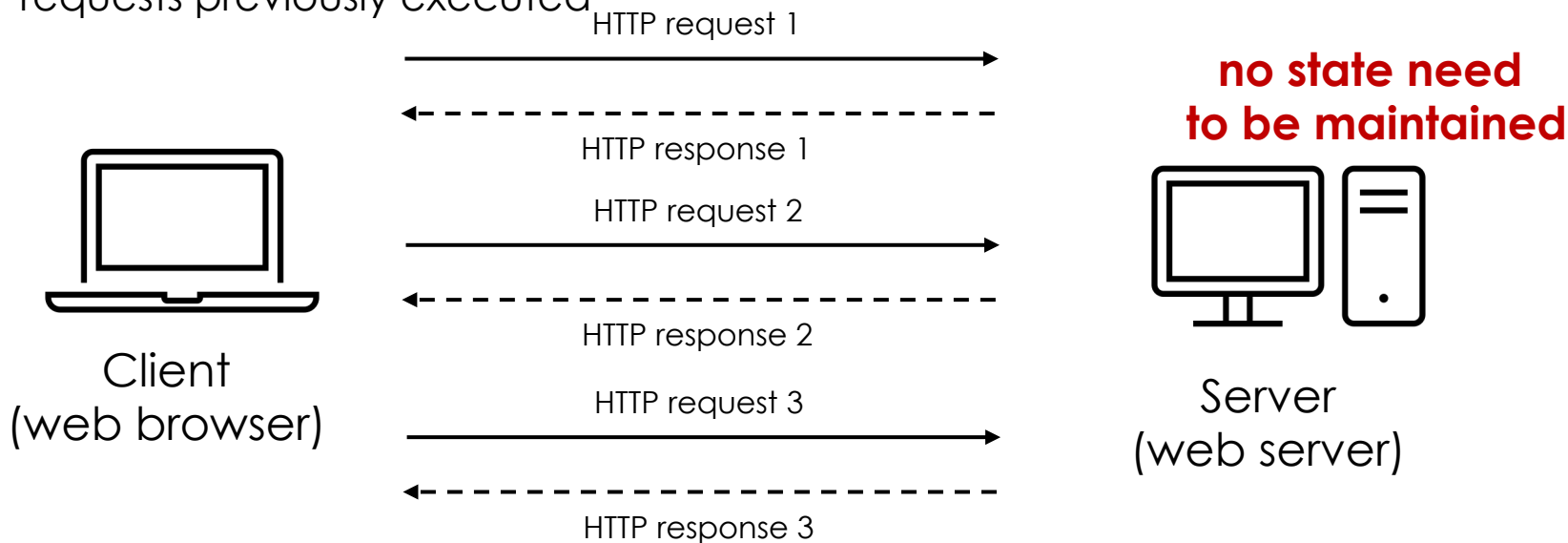
Introduction to Web Programming
2025-2026

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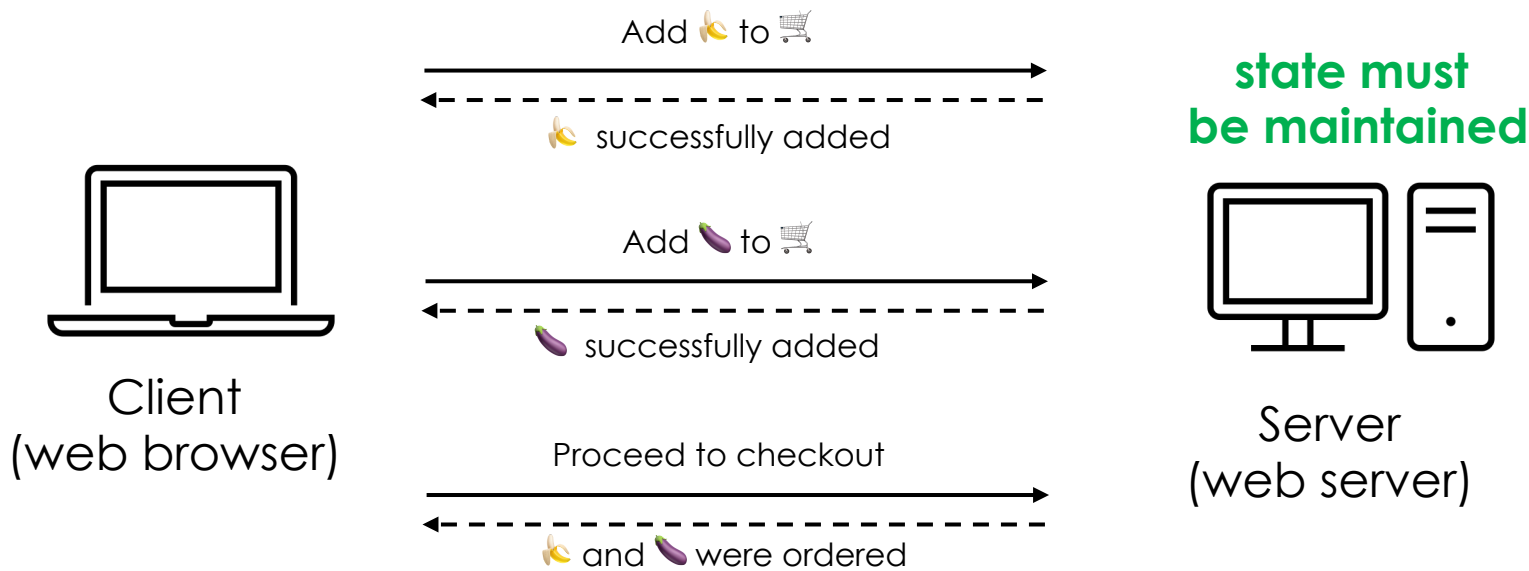
HTTP/1: A stateless protocol

- Protocol does not require server to retain information over successive requests from the same client
- Each request is executed independently without any knowledge of the requests previously executed



Web Application are often stateful

- An application must often track user's progress from page to page over successive requests
- i.e. shopping cart, user logged in or not, user preferences, etc

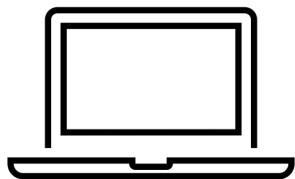


Session

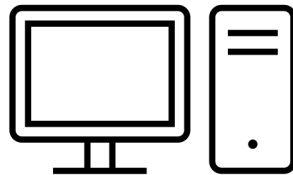
- A **session** is used to store information related to a user, across different requests, as they interact with a web app
- The data stored for a session are generally considered **temporary data**, as the session will **eventually expire**
- Two kinds of session in web development:
 - Client-side: sessions are stored client-side:
data are (re)sent with every requests
 - Server-side: sessions are stored server-side:
an identifier is usually attached to every requests

Client-side Session

- Client-side: sessions are stored client-side
- data are *usually* (re)sent with every requests



Client
(web browser)



Server
(web server)



Data kept at client

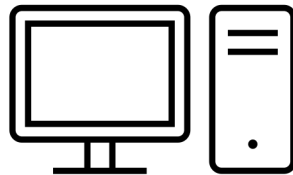
session: 🛒:{🍌🍆}

Server-side Session

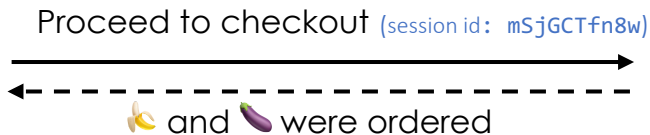
- Sessions are stored server-side
- an identifier is *usually* attached to every requests to retrieve the session data at server side



Client
(web browser)



Server
(web server)



Data kept at client

session id: mSjGCTfn8w

Data kept at server

p0ZoB1FwH6 -> 🛒: {}
mSjGCTfn8w -> 🛒: {🍌, 🍆}
yt4Xx5nHMB -> 🛒: {🎁}

How to send some data with every requests?

Using parameter(s)

```
GET /add_article?session_id=mSjGCTfn8w&article=🍌 HTTP/1.1  
Host: www.nozama.com
```

```
GET /add_article?session_id=mSjGCTfn8w&article=🍆 HTTP/1.1  
Host: www.nozama.com
```

...

- Tedious but it works!

Using HTTP Cookies!

<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc6265>

GET /browse_article HTTP/1.1

Host: www.nozama.com

HTTP/1.1 200

Content-type: text/html

Set-Cookie: session_id=mSjGCTfn8w

...

GET /add_article?article=👉 HTTP/1.1

Host: www.nozama.com

Cookie: session_id=mSjGCTfn8w

HTTP/1.1 200

Content-type: text/html

...

GET /add_article?article=👉 HTTP/1.1

Host: www.nozama.com

Cookie: session_id=mSjGCTfn8w

HTTP/1.1 200

Content-type: text/html

- Client request #1
- Server response #1
- Client request #2
- Server response #2
- Client request #3
- Server response #3

HTTP Cookies

<https://developer.mozilla.org/fr/docs/Web/HTTP/Cookies>

- Cookie:

- Set of key/value pairs exchanged between HTTP client and HTTP server
- Stored at client side (by the web browser)
- Sent with every request (according to the domain/path attributes)

- Cookie Attributes:

- Expiration date
- Path
- Domain
- Secure; HttpOnly;

```
Set-Cookie: session_id=
mSjGCTfn8w;expires=Sun, 17-Jan-2038
23:08:01 GMT;path=/;domain=.nozama.com
```

- Expiration:

- When expiration date has passed
- When removed by client or update to old date by server
- Browser is closed and cookie is not persistent

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Application	Filter	Only show cookies with an issue
Manifest	Name	Value
Service workers	session-id-time	2082/78/2011
Storage	sess-at-acbfr	"X1Y2GBz3c9kz1Q6oSV+WNjKTFr+0vPIDodV48="
	x-acbfr	"UXd295NA@YoXqMi34AYR2Yo85aUJUD6@"
	csn-hit	tsz-fPdrTAB2R02FMWQGGQX1700767396512&t:1700...
	s_ppv	68
	JSESSIONID	24B31B546514FBA8B75F0DC2EE43BC6
	s_dslv	1671454337902
	s_vnum	2037352872567%26vn%3D8
	sst-acbfr	Sst1IPQGXpOChTMgP2ScWUaaLUEWBCWgJ_XiPoyNas...
	fr_FR	fr_FR
	lc-acbfr	lc-acbfr
	s_nr	1671454337900-Repeat
	s_sq	%5B%5BB%5D%5D
	session-token	tt6m3SicLpcDbr2Oxpr1AaJb74ORHnuEo1OABn9+rsB0...
	session-id	259-5639288-7414241
	l18n-prefs	EUR
	ubid-acbfr	262-0441543-2775653
	at-acbfr	AtzajlWBIHugibEw7YFq2t3GWPM2Pb0Pro1E2FvpVWN...
	s_cc	true
	Cookie Value	24B31B546514FBA8B75F0DC2EE43BC6

Cookies using Flask

<https://flask.palletsprojects.com/en/3.0.x/quickstart/#cookies>

```
@app.route('/some_route')
```

```
def route_that_set_a_cookie():
```

```
    # do something
```

```
    some_data = 'somevalue'
```

```
    resp = make_response(render_template('mynice.html', ...))
```

```
    resp.set_cookie('mycookie', some_data)
```

```
    return resp
```

```
@app.route('/some_other_route')
```

```
def route_that_read_a_cookie():
```

```
    # do something
```

```
    some_data = request.cookies.get('mycookie')
```

```
    return ...
```

Server-side Session using Flask

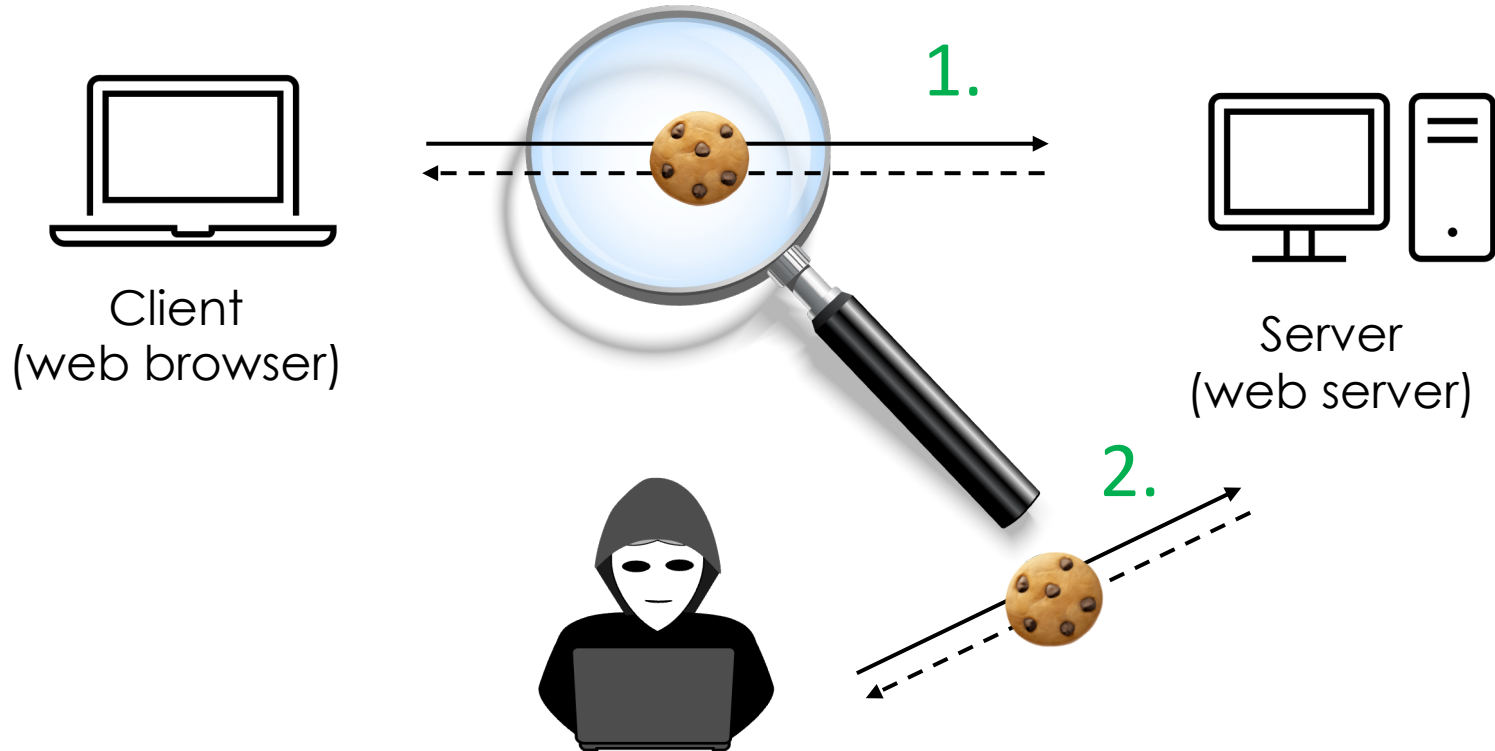
<https://flask.palletsprojects.com/en/3.0.x/quickstart/#sessions>

```
from flask import Flask, session
app = Flask(__name__)
app.secret_key = 'SOME_SECRET'
app.config['PERMANENT_SESSION_LIFETIME'] = timedelta(minutes=1)

@app.route('/')
def route_that_store_a_value_in_a_session():
    session['email'] = 'johndoe@telecomnancy.eu'
    return 'Hello CS54'

@app.route('/another')
def route_that_read_a_value_from_a_session():
    return session['email']
```

Session Cookie Hijacking



Flask-Session

<https://flask-session.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

```
from flask import Flask, session
from flask_session import Session

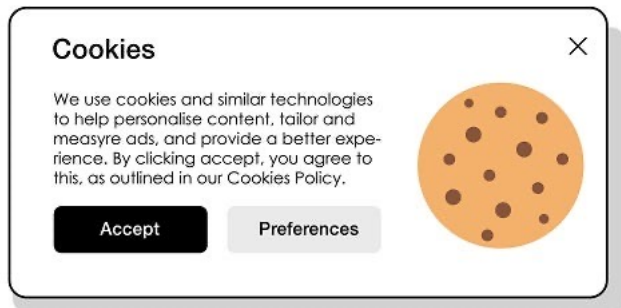
app = Flask(__name__)
SESSION_TYPE = 'filesystem'
app.config.from_object(__name__)
Session(app)

@app.route('/set/')
def set():
    session['somekey'] = 'somevalue'
    return 'ok'

@app.route('/get/')
def get():
    return session.get('somekey', 'value if not set')
```

Server-side Session with Storage

Cookies Policy – Do you know why?



Quel est le cadre juridique applicable ?

L'article 5(3) de la directive 2002/58/CE modifiée en 2009 pose le principe :

- d'un [consentement](#) préalable de l'utilisateur avant le stockage d'informations sur son terminal ou l'accès à des informations déjà stockées sur celui-ci ;
- sauf si ces actions sont strictement nécessaires à la fourniture d'un service de communication en ligne expressément demandé par l'utilisateur ou ont pour finalité exclusive de permettre ou faciliter une communication par voie électronique.

L'article 82 de la loi Informatique et Libertés transpose ces dispositions en droit français.

La CNIL rappelle que le consentement prévu par ces dispositions renvoie à la définition et aux conditions prévues aux articles 4(11) et 7 du RGPD. Il doit donc être libre, spécifique, éclairé, univoque et l'utilisateur doit être en mesure de le retirer, à tout moment, avec la même simplicité qu'il l'a accordé.

Afin de rappeler et d'expliciter le droit applicable au dépôt et à la lecture de traceurs dans le terminal de l'utilisateur, la CNIL a adopté le 17 septembre 2020 des [lignes directrices](#), complétées par une [recommandation](#) visant notamment à proposer des exemples de modalités pratiques de recueil du consentement.

Third-Party Cookie Retargeting





To go further...

- Views and Blueprints
- SQLAlchemy (Python ORM)
- REST API (Marshmallow)
- Forms (WTF)
- Security (Authentication)
- Deployment (WSGI)
- ...