Практическое задание N^o2

Общая терминология по используемым данным

Предоставляемые данные для разработки моделей и алгоритмов трекинга мяча в теннисе представляют собор набор игр (game), состоящих из нескольких клипов (clip), каждый из которых состоит из набора кадров (frame). Обратите внимание на структуру организации файлов внутри предоставляемого датасета для полного понимания.

Большинство алгоритмов трекинга объектов работают с несколькими последовательными кадрами, и в данном задании также подразумевается использование этого приема. Последовательность нескольких кадров будем именовать стопкой (stack), размер стопки (stack_s) является гиперпараметром разрабатываемого алгоритма.

Заготовка решения

Загрузка датасета

Для работы с данными в ноутбуке kaggle необходимо подключить датасет. File -> Add or upload data, далее в поиске написать tennis-tracking-assignment и выбрать датасет. Если поиск не работает, то можно добавить датасет по url:

https://www.kaggle.com/xubiker/tennistrackingassignment. После загрузки данные датасета будут примонтированы в ../input/tennistrackingassignment.

Установка и импорт зависимостей

Установка необходимых пакетов (не забудьте "включить интернет" в настройках ноутбука kaggle):

```
!pip install moviepy --upgrade
!pip install gdown
```

После установки пакетов для корректной работы надо обязательно перезагрузить ядро. Run -> Restart and clear cell outputs. Без сего действа будет ошибка при попытке обращения к библиотеке moviepy при сохранении визуализации в виде видео. Может когда-то авторы библиотеки это починят...

Импорт необходимых зависимостей:

```
from pathlib import Path
from typing import List, Tuple, Sequence
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image, ImageDraw, ImageFont
```

```
from tqdm import notebook

from moviepy.video.io.ImageSequenceClip import ImageSequenceClip

import math

import gc
import random
import csv

from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras import backend as K
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.interpolate import interpld
import gdown
```

Набор функций для загрузки данных из датасета

Функция load_clip_data загружает выбранный клип из выбранной игры и возвращает его в виде numpy массива [n_frames, height, width, 3] типа uint8. Для ускорения загрузки используется кэширование - однажды загруженные клипы хранятся на диске в виде npz архивов, при последующем обращении к таким клипам происходит загрузка npz архива.

Также добавлена возможность чтения клипа в половинном разрешении 640х360, вместо оригинального 1280х720 для упрощения и ускорения разрабатываемых алгоритмов.

Функция load_clip_labels загружает референсные координаты мяча в клипе в виде numpy массива [n_frames, 4], где в каждой строке массива содержатся значения [code, x, y, q]. x, у соответствуют координате центра мяча на кадре, q не используется в данном задании, code описывает статус мяча:

- code = 0 мяча в кадре нет
- code = 1 мяч присутствует в кадре и легко идентифицируем
- code = 2 мяч присутствует в кадре, но сложно идентифицируем
- code = 3 мяч присутствует в кадре, но заслонен другими объектами.

При загрузке в половинном разрешении координаты х, у делятся на 2.

Функция load_clip загружает выбранный клип и соответствующий массив координат и возвращает их в виде пары.

```
def get_num_clips(path: Path, game: int) -> int:
    return len(list((path / f'game{game}/').iterdir()))

def get_game_clip_pairs(path: Path, games: List[int]) ->
List[Tuple[int, int]]:
    return [(game, c) for game in games for c in range(1,
```

```
get num clips(path, game) + 1)
def load clip data(path: Path, game: int, clip: int, downscale: bool,
quiet=False) -> np.ndarray:
    if not quiet:
        suffix = 'downscaled' if downscale else ''
        print(f'loading clip data (game {game}, clip {clip})
{suffix}')
    cache path = path / 'cache'
    cache path.mkdir(exist ok=True)
    resize code = ' ds2' if downscale else ''
    cached_data_name = f'{game}_{clip}{resize_code}.npz'
    if (cache path / cached data name).exists():
        clip data = np.load(cache path / cached data name)
['clip data']
    else:
        clip_path = path / f'game{game}/clip{clip}'
        n imgs = len(list(clip_path.iterdir())) - 1
        imgs = [None] * n imgs
        for i in notebook.tqdm(range(n imqs)):
            img = Image.open(clip path / f'{i:04d}.jpg')
            if downscale:
                img = img.resize((img.width // 2, img.height // 2),)
            imgs[i] = np.array(img, dtype=np.uint8)
        clip data = np.stack(imgs)
        cache path.mkdir(exist ok=True, parents=True)
        np.savez compressed(cache path / cached data name,
clip data=clip data)
    return clip data
def load clip labels(path: Path, game: int, clip: int, downscale:
bool, quiet=False):
    if not quiet:
        print(f'loading clip labels (game {game}, clip {clip})')
    clip path = path / f'game{game}/clip{clip}'
    labels = []
    with open(clip path / 'labels.csv') as csvfile:
        lines = list(csv.reader(csvfile))
        for line in lines[1:1:
            values = np.array([-1 if i == '' else int(i) for i in
line[1:]])
            if downscale:
                values[1] //= 2
                values[2] //= 2
            labels.append(values)
    return np.stack(labels)
```

```
def load_clip(path: Path, game: int, clip: int, downscale: bool,
quiet=False):
    data = load_clip_data(path, game, clip, downscale, quiet)
    labels = load_clip_labels(path, game, clip, downscale, quiet)
    return data, labels
```

Набор дополнительных функций

Еще несколько функций, немного облегчающих выполнение задания:

- prepare_experiment создает новую директорию в out_path для хранения результатов текущего эксперимента. Нумерация выполняется автоматически, функция возвращает путь к созданной директории эксперимента;
- ball_gauss_template создает "шаблон" мяча, может быть использована в алгоритмах поиска мяча на изображении по корреляции;
- create_masks принимает набор кадров и набор координат мяча, и генерирует набор масок, в которых помещает шаблон мяча на заданные координаты. Может быть использована при обучении нейронной сети семантической сегментации;

```
def prepare experiment(out path: Path) -> Path:
    out path.mkdir(parents=True, exist ok=True)
    dirs = [d for d in out path.iterdir() if d.is dir() and
d.name.startswith('exp ')]
    experiment id = max(int(d.name.split('')[1]) for d in dirs) + 1
if dirs else 1
    exp path = out path / f'exp {experiment id}'
    exp path.mkdir()
    return exp path
def ball gauss template(rad, sigma):
    x, y = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(-rad, rad, <math>2 * rad + 1),
np.linspace(-rad, rad, 2 * rad + 1))
    dst = np.sqrt(x * x + y * y)
    gauss = np.exp(-(dst ** 2 / (2.0 * sigma ** 2)))
    return gauss
def create masks(data: np.ndarray, labels: np.ndarray, resize):
    rad = 64 \# 25
    siama = 10
    if resize:
        rad //= 2
    ball = ball gauss template(rad, sigma)
    n frames = data.shape[0]
    sh = rad
    masks = []
    for i in range(n_frames):
        label = labels[i, ...]
```

```
frame = data[i, ...]
    if 0 < label[0] < 3:
        x, y = label[1:3]
        mask = np.zeros((frame.shape[0] + 2 * rad + 2 * sh,
frame.shape[1] + 2 * rad + 2 * sh), np.float32)
        mask[y + sh : y + sh + 2 * rad + 1, x + sh : x + sh + 2 *
rad + 1] = ball
        mask = mask[rad + sh : -rad - sh, rad + sh : -rad - sh]
        masks.append(mask)
    else:
        masks.append(np.zeros((frame.shape[0], frame.shape[1]),
dtype=np.float32))
    return np.stack(masks)</pre>
```

Набор функций, предназначенных для визуализации результатов

Функция visualize_prediction принимает набор кадров, набор координат детекции мяча (можно подавать как референсные значения, так и предсказанные) и создает видеоклип, в котором отрисовывается положение мяча, его трек, номер кадра и метрика качества трекинга (если она была передана в функцию). Видеоклип сохраняется в виде mp4 файла. Кроме того данная функция создает текстовый файл, в который записывает координаты детекции мяча и значения метрики качества трекинга.

Функция visualize_prob принимает набор кадров и набор предсказанных карт вероятности и создает клип с наложением предсказанных карт вероятности на исходные карты. Области "подсвечиваются" желтым, клип сохраняется в виде mp4 видеофайла. Данная функция может быть полезна при наличии в алгоритме трекинга сети, осуществляющей семантическую сегментацию.

```
def add frame number(frame: np.ndarray, number: int) -> np.ndarray:
    fnt = ImageFont.load default() # ImageFont.truetype("arial.ttf",
25)
    img = Image.fromarray(frame)
    draw = ImageDraw.Draw(img)
    draw.text((10, 10), f'frame {number}', font=fnt, fill=(255, 0,
255))
    return np.array(img)
def _vis_clip(data: np.ndarray, lbls: np.ndarray, metrics: List[float]
= None, ball rad=\frac{5}{25}, color=\frac{255}{9}, \frac{0}{9}, track length=\frac{10}{25}:
    print('perfoming clip visualization')
    n frames = data.shape[0]
    frames res = []
    fnt = ImageFont.load default() # ImageFont.truetype("arial.ttf",
25)
    for i in range(n frames):
```

```
img = Image.fromarray(data[i, ...])
        draw = ImageDraw.Draw(img)
        txt = f'frame {i}'
        if metrics is not None:
            txt += f', SiBaTrAcc: {metrics[i]:.3f}'
        draw.text((10, 10), txt, font=fnt, fill=(255, 0, 255))
        label = lbls[i]
        if label[0] != 0: # the ball is clearly visible
            px, py = label[1], label[2]
draw.ellipse((px - ball_rad, py - ball_rad, px + ball_rad,
py + ball_rad), outline=color, width=2)
            for q in range(track length):
                if lbls[i-q-1][0] == 0:
                     break
                if i - q > 0:
                     draw.line((lbls[i - q - \frac{1}{2}][1], lbls[i - q - \frac{1}{2}],
lbls[i - q][1], lbls[i - q][2]), fill=color)
        frames_res.append(np.array(img))
    return frames res
def save clip(frames: Sequence[np.ndarray], path: Path, fps):
    assert path.suffix in ('.mp4', '.gif')
    clip = ImageSequenceClip(frames, fps=fps)
    if path.suffix == '.mp4':
        clip.write videofile(str(path), fps=fps, logger=None)
        clip.write gif(str(path), fps=fps, logger=None)
def to yellow heatmap(frame: np.ndarray, pred frame: np.ndarray,
alpha=0.4):
    img = Image.fromarray((frame * alpha).astype(np.uint8))
    maskR = (pred_frame * (1 - alpha) * 255).astype(np.uint8)
    maskG = (pred frame * (1 - alpha) * 255).astype(np.uint8)
    maskB = np.zeros like(maskG, dtype=np.uint8)
    mask = np.stack([maskR, maskG, maskB], axis=-1)
    return img + mask
def vis pred heatmap(data full: np.ndarray, pred prob: np.ndarray,
display frame number):
    n frames = data full.shape[0]
    v frames = []
    for i in range(n frames):
        frame = data_full[i, ...]
        pred = pred prob[i, ...]
        hm = to yellow heatmap(frame, pred)
        if display frame number:
            hm = add frame number(hm, i)
```

```
v frames.append(hm)
    return v frames
def visualize prediction(data_full: np.ndarray, labels_pr: np.ndarray,
save_path: Path, name: str, metrics=None, fps=15):
    with open(save_path / f'{name}.txt', mode='w') as f:
        if metrics is not None:
            f.write(f'SiBaTrAcc: {metrics[-1]} \n')
        for i in range(labels pr.shape[0]):
            f.write(f'frame {i}: {labels_pr[i, 0]}, {labels pr[i, 1]},
{labels pr[i, 2]} \n')
    v = vis clip(data full, labels pr, metrics)
    save clip(v, save path / f'{name}.mp4', fps=fps)
def visualize prob(data: np.ndarray, pred prob: np.ndarray, save path:
Path, name: str, frame number=True, fps=15):
    v_pred = _vis_pred_heatmap(data, pred_prob, frame_number)
    save clip(v pred, save path / f'{name} prob.mp4', fps=fps)
```

Класс DataGenerator

Класс, отвечающий за генерацию данных для обучения модели. Принимает на вход путь к директории с играми, индексы игр, используемые для генерации данных, и размер стопки. Хранит в себе автоматически обновляемый пул с клипами игр.

В пуле содержится pool_s клипов. DataGenerator позволяет генерировать батч из стопок (размера stack_s) последовательных кадров. Выбор клипа для извлечения данных взвешенно-случайный: чем больше длина клипа по сравнению с другими клипами в пуле, тем вероятнее, что именно из него будет сгенерирована стопка кадров. Выбор стопки кадров внтури выбранного клипа полностью случаен. Кадры внутри стопки конкатенируются по последнему измерению (каналам).

После генерирования количества кадров равного общему количеству кадров, хранимых в пуле, происходит автоматическое обновление пула: из пула извлекаются pool_update_s случайных клипов, после чего в пул загружается pool_update_s случайных клипов, не присутствующих в пуле. В случае, если размер пула pool_s больше или равен суммарному количеству клипов в играх, переданных в конструктор, все клипы сразу загружаются в пул, и автообновление не производится.

Использование подобного пула позволяет работать с практически произвольным количеством клипов, без необходимости загружать их всех в оперативную память.

Для вашего удобства функция извлечения стопки кадров из пула помимо самой стопки также создает и возвращает набор сгенерированных масок с мячом исходя из референсных координат мяча в клипе.

Функция random_g принимает гиперпараметр размера стопки кадров и предоставляет генератор, возвращающий стопки кадров и соответствующие им маски. Данный генератор может быть использован при реализации решения на tensorflow. Обновление пула происходит автоматически, об этом беспокоиться не нужно.

```
class DataGenerator:
    def init (self, path: Path, games: List[int], stack s,
downscale, pool s=30, pool update s=10, pool autoupdate=True,
quiet=False) -> None:
        self.path = path
        self.stack s = stack s
        self.downscale = downscale
        self.pool size = pool s
        self.pool update size = pool update s
        self.pool_autoupdate = pool autoupdate
        self.quiet = quiet
        self.data = []
        self.masks = []
        self.frames in pool = 0
        self.produced frames = 0
        self.game clip pairs = get_game_clip_pairs(path,
list(set(games)))
        self.game clip pairs loaded = []
        self.game clip pairs not loaded =
list.copy(self.game_clip_pairs)
        self.pool = {}
        self. first load()
    def _first load(self):
        # --- if all clips can be placed into pool at once, there is
no need to refresh pool at all ---
        if len(self.game clip pairs) <= self.pool size:</pre>
            for gcp in self.game clip pairs:
                self._load(gcp)
            self.game clip pairs loaded =
list.copy(self.game clip pairs)
            self.game clip pairs not loaded.clear()
            self.pool autoupdate = False
            self. load to pool(self.pool size)
        self. update clip weights()
    def load(self, game clip pair):
        game, clip = game clip pair
        data, labels = load clip(self.path, game, clip,
self.downscale, quiet=self.quiet)
        masks = create masks(data, labels, self.downscale)
```

```
weight = data.shape[0] if data.shape[0] >= self.stack s else [0]
        self.pool[game clip pair] = (data, labels, masks, weight)
        self.frames in pool += data.shape[0] - self.stack s + 1
        # print(f'items in pool: {len(self.pool)} -
{self.pool.keys()}')
    def remove(self, game clip pair):
        value = self.pool.pop(game clip pair)
        self.frames in pool -= value[0].shape[0] - self.stack s + 1
        del value
        # print(f'items in pool: {len(self.pool)} -
{self.pool.keys()}')
    def update clip weights(self):
        weights = [self.pool[pair][-1] for pair in
self.game clip pairs loaded]
        tw = sum(weights)
        self.clip weights = [w / tw for w in weights]
        # print(f'clip weights: {self.clip weights}')
    def _remove_from pool(self, n):
        # --- remove n random clips from pool ---
        if len(self.game clip pairs loaded) >= n:
            remove pairs = random.sample(self.game clip pairs loaded,
n)
            for pair in remove pairs:
                self. remove(pair)
                self.game clip pairs loaded.remove(pair)
                self.game clip pairs not loaded.append(pair)
            gc.collect()
    def load to pool(self, n):
        # --- add n random clips to pool ---
        gc.collect()
        add pairs = random.sample(self.game clip pairs not loaded, n)
        for pair in add_pairs:
            self. load(pair)
            self.game clip pairs not loaded.remove(pair)
            self.game clip pairs loaded.append(pair)
    def update pool(self):
        self._remove_from_pool(self.pool_update_size)
        self. load_to_pool(self.pool_update_size)
        self. update clip weights()
    def get random stack(self):
        pair idx = np.random.choice(len(self.game clip pairs loaded),
1, p=self.clip weights)[0]
        game_clip_pair = self.game_clip_pairs_loaded[pair_idx]
        d, _, m, _ = self.pool[game clip pair]
```

```
start = np.random.choice(d.shape[0] - self.stack s, 1)[0]
        frames stack = d[start : start + self.stack s, ...]
        frames stack = np.squeeze(np.split(frames stack,
indices or sections=self.stack s, axis=0))
        frames stack = np.concatenate(frames stack, axis=-1)
        mask = m[start + self.stack s - 1, ...]
        return frames stack, mask
   def get random batch(self, batch s):
        imgs, masks = [], []
        while len(imgs) < batch_s:</pre>
            frames stack, mask = self.get_random_stack()
            imgs.append(frames stack)
            masks.append(mask)
        if self.pool autoupdate:
            self.produced_frames += batch_s
            # print(f'produced frames: {self.produced frames} from
{self.frames in pool}')
            if self.produced frames >= self.frames in pool:
                self.update pool()
                self.produced_frames = 0
        return np.stack(imgs), np.stack(masks)
   def random g(self, batch s):
        while True:
            imgs batch, masks batch = self.get random batch(batch s)
            vield imas batch, masks batch
```

Пример использования DataGenerator

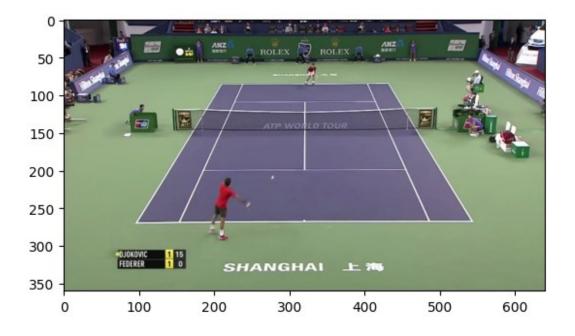
Рекомендованный размер пула pool_s=10 в случае использования уменьшенных вдвое изображений. При большем размере пула есть большая вероятность нехватки имеющихся 13G оперативной памяти. Используйте параметр quiet=True в конструкторе DataGenerator, если хотите скрыть все сообщения о чтении данных и обновлении пула.

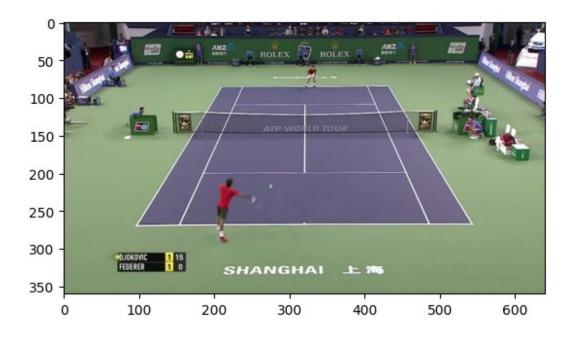
```
stack_s = 3
batch_s = 4
train_gen =
DataGenerator(Path('../input/tennistrackingassignment/train/'), [1, 2,
3, 4], stack_s=stack_s, downscale=True, pool_s=10, pool_update_s=4,
quiet=False)
for i in range(10):
    imgs, masks = train_gen.get_random_batch(batch_s)
    print(imgs.shape, imgs.dtype, masks.shape, masks.dtype)

loading clip data (game 1, clip 8) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 8)
loading clip data (game 4, clip 2) downscaled
```

```
loading clip labels (game 4, clip 2)
loading clip data (game 4, clip 7) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 4, clip 7)
loading clip data (game 4, clip 10) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 4, clip 10)
loading clip data (game 2, clip 3) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 3)
loading clip data (game 4, clip 15) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 4, clip 15)
loading clip data (game 2, clip 8) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 8)
loading clip data (game 4, clip 5) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 4, clip 5)
loading clip data (game 1, clip 9) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 9)
loading clip data (game 4, clip 1) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 4, clip 1)
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
(4, 360, 640, 9) uint8 (4, 360, 640) float32
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
stack s = 3
train gen =
DataGenerator(Path('../input/tennistrackingassignment/train/'), [1],
stack s=stack s, downscale=True, pool s=10, pool update s=4,
quiet=False)
stack, mask = train gen.get_random_stack()
print(stack.shape, mask.shape)
for i in range(stack s):
    plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(stack[:, :, 3 * i: 3 * i + 3])
loading clip data (game 1, clip 7) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 7)
loading clip data (game 1, clip 2) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 2)
loading clip data (game 1, clip 5) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 5)
loading clip data (game 1, clip 6) downscaled
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 6)
```

```
loading clip data (game 1, clip 11) downscaled loading clip labels (game 1, clip 11) loading clip data (game 1, clip 12) downscaled loading clip labels (game 1, clip 12) loading clip data (game 1, clip 10) downscaled loading clip labels (game 1, clip 10) loading clip data (game 1, clip 4) downscaled loading clip labels (game 1, clip 4) loading clip data (game 1, clip 13) downscaled loading clip labels (game 1, clip 13) loading clip data (game 1, clip 3) downscaled loading clip labels (game 1, clip 3) downscaled loading clip labels (game 1, clip 3) (360, 640, 9) (360, 640)
```







Класс Metrics

Класс для вычисления метрики качества трекинга SiBaTrAcc. Функция evaluate_predictions принимает массив из референсных и предсказанных координат мяча для клипа и возвращает массив аккумулированных значений SiBaTrAcc (может быть полезно для визуализации результатов предсказания) и итоговое значение метрики SiBaTrAcc.

```
class Metrics:
    @staticmethod
    def position_error(label_gt: np.ndarray, label_pr: np.ndarray,
```

```
step=8, alpha=1.5, e1=5, e2=5):
        # qt codes:
        # 0 - the ball is not within the image
        # 1 - the ball can easily be identified
        # 2 - the ball is in the frame, but is not easy to identify
        # 3 - the ball is occluded
        if label gt[0] != 0 and label pr[0] == 0:
            return el
        if label gt[0] == 0 and label pr[0] != 0:
            return e2
        dist = math.sqrt((label gt[1] - label pr[1]) ** 2 +
(label gt[2] - label pr[2]) ** 2)
        pe = math.floor(dist / step) ** alpha
        pe = min(pe, 5)
        return pe
    @staticmethod
    def evaluate predictions(labels gt, labels pr) ->
Tuple[List[float], float]:
        pe = [Metrics.position error(labels gt[i, ...],
labels_pr[i, ...]) for i in range(len(labels_gt))]
        SIBATRACC = []
        for i, _ in enumerate(pe):
            SIBATRACC.append(1 - sum(pe[: i + 1]) / ((i + 1) * 5))
        SIBATRACC_total = 1 - sum(pe) / (len(labels_gt) * 5)
        return SIBATRACC, SIBATRACC total
```

Основной класс модели SuperTrackingModel

Реализует всю логику обучения, сохранения, загрузки и тестирования разработанной модели трекинга. Этот класс можно и нужно расширять.

В качестве примера вам предлагается заготовка модели, в которой трекинг осуществляется за счет предсказания маски по входному батчу и последующему предсказанию координат мяча по полученной маски. В данном варианте вызов функции предсказания координат по клипу (predict) повлечет за собой разбиение клипа на батчи, вызов предсказания маски для каждого батча, склеивание результатов в последовательность масок, вызов функции по вычислению координат мяча по маскам и возвращения результата. Описанные действия уже реализованы, вам остается только написать функции predict_on_bath и get_labels_from_prediction. Эта же функция predict используется и в вызове функции test, дополнительно вычисляя метрику качества трекинга и при необходимости визуализируя результат тестирования. Обратите внимание, что в результирующем питру массиве с координатами помимо значений х и у первым значением в каждой строке должно идти значение code (0, если мяча в кадре нет и > 0, если мяч в кадре есть) для корректного вычисления качества трекинга.

Вам разрешается менять логику работы класса модели, (например, если решение не подразумевает использование масок), но при этом логика и работа функций load и test должна остаться неизменной!

```
def IoU(y_true, y_pred):
    # Преобразуем входные тензоры в одномерные массивы
    true flat = K.flatten(y true)
    pred flat = K.flatten(y pred)
    # Вычисляем пересечение (совпадающие пиксели)
    intersection = K.sum(true flat * pred flat)
    # Вычисляем объединение (все пиксели, где хотя бы один из тензоров
равен 1)
    union = K.sum(true flat) + K.sum(pred flat) - intersection
    # Возвращаем коэффициент IoU
    return intersection / union
def IoU_loss(y_true, y_pred):
    # Потери на основе IoU: 1 - IoU
    return 1 - IoU(y true, y pred)
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
class SuperTrackingModel:
    def __init__(self, batch_size, stack_size, output path,
downscale factor):
        Initializes the SuperTrackingModel with necessary parameters.
        :param batch size: Number of samples per batch.
        :param stack size: Number of frames stacked together for
prediction.
        :param output path: Path where output will be saved.
        :param downscale factor: Factor by which input frames are
downscaled.
        self.batch size = batch size
        self.stack size = stack size
        self.output path = output path
        self.downscale factor = downscale factor
        self.model = self.create unet model() # Initialize the U-Net
model
    def load model(self):
        Downloads and loads the pre-trained model weights.
        print('Loading model weights...')
        id = '19164a9zAlKHIJGlmapeC0z nhI9YNzsM'
        url = f'https://drive.google.com/uc?id={id}'
        output = 'weights.h5'
        gdown.download(url, output, quiet=False)
```

```
self.model.load weights("/kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5")
        print('Loading model done.')
    def predict on batch(self, batch: np.ndarray) -> np.ndarray:
        Makes predictions on a batch of frames.
        :param batch: A batch of frames to predict on.
        :return: The predicted outputs reshaped to match batch size.
        predictions = self.model.predict(batch)
        return predictions.reshape(self.batch size, 360, 640)
    def predict probabilities on clip(self, video clip: np.ndarray) -
> np.ndarray:
        Makes predictions on an entire video clip by processing it in
batches.
        :param video clip: The video clip to make predictions on.
        :return: Predicted probabilities for each frame in the clip.
        print('Making predictions...')
        num frames = video clip.shape[0]
        # --- Prepare stacks of frames ---
        stacks = self. prepare stacks(video clip, num frames)
        # --- Group into batches ---
        batches = self. prepare batches(stacks)
        # --- Make predictions ---
        predictions = self. make predictions(batches)
        # --- Post-process predictions ---
        predictions = self._postprocess_predictions(predictions,
stacks)
        print('Predictions are done.')
        return predictions
    def prepare stacks(self, clip: np.ndarray, num frames: int) ->
List[np.ndarray]:
        Prepare stacks of frames to be input into the model.
        :param clip: Video clip to create stacks from.
        :param num frames: Total number of frames in the clip.
        :return: A list of stacks ready for batching.
```

```
stacks = []
        for i in range(num frames - self.stack size + 1):
            stack = clip[i:i + self.stack size, ...]
            stack = np.squeeze(np.split(stack, self.stack size,
axis=0)
            stack = np.concatenate(stack, axis=-1)
            stacks.append(stack)
        return stacks
    def _prepare_batches(self, stacks: List[np.ndarray]) ->
List[np.ndarray]:
        0.00
        Groups the prepared stacks into batches.
        :param stacks: List of stacks to group into batches.
        :return: A list of batches for prediction.
        # --- Round to batch size ---
        add stacks = 0
        while len(stacks) % self.batch size != 0:
            stacks.append(stacks[-1]) # Duplicate last stack if not
divisible by batch size
            add stacks += 1
        # --- Group into batches ---
        batches = [np.stack(stacks[i * self.batch size:(i + 1) *
self.batch size]) for i in range(len(stacks) // self.batch size)]
        return batches
    def make predictions(self, batches: List[np.ndarray]) ->
List[np.ndarray]:
        Makes predictions on all batches.
        :param batches: List of batches to predict on.
        :return: List of predictions for each batch.
        predictions = [np.squeeze(self.predict on batch(batch)) for
batch in batches]
        return predictions
    def postprocess predictions(self, predictions: List[np.ndarray],
stacks: List[np.ndarray]) -> np.ndarray:
        Post-process the predictions, including cropping and adding
null frames.
        :param predictions: List of predictions to post-process.
        :param stacks: List of stacks used in prediction.
        :return: The final post-processed predictions.
```

```
0.00
        predictions = np.concatenate(predictions, axis=0)
        if len(stacks) % self.batch size != 0:
            predictions = predictions[:-len(stacks) % self.batch size,
. . . ]
        # Add initial null frames
        start frames = np.zeros((self.stack size - 1,
predictions.shape[1], predictions.shape[2]), dtype=np.float32)
        predictions = np.concatenate((start frames, predictions),
axis=0)
        return predictions
    def get labels from prediction(self, predicted probabilities:
np.ndarray, upscale coords: bool) -> np.ndarray:
        Extracts the ball coordinates from the predicted
probabilities.
        :param predicted probabilities: Predicted probabilities for
each frame.
        :param upscale coords: Whether to upscale coordinates (for
downscaled input).
        :return: A numpy array of predicted coordinates with a
validity flag.
        num frames = predicted probabilities.shape[0]
        coordinates = np.zeros([num_frames, 3])
        for i in range(num frames):
            mask = predicted probabilities[i]
            x, y = mask.sum(axis=0).argmax(),
mask.sum(axis=1).argmax()
            ball height, ball width = mask.sum(axis=0).max(),
mask.sum(axis=1).max()
            code = 0 if (ball height < 5) or (ball width < 5) else 1
            if upscale coords:
                x, y = x * 2, y * 2
            coordinates[i] = [code, x, y]
        return coordinates
    def postprocess labels(self, labels: np.ndarray) -> np.ndarray:
        Post-processes the predicted labels, including interpolation
and smoothing.
        :param labels: Predicted labels for all frames.
        :return: Post-processed labels.
```

```
0.00
        indices x, indices y = [0], [0]
        x, y = [labels[0][1]], [labels[0][2]]
        for i in range(1, len(labels)-1):
            if labels[i][0] == 0 and labels[i-1][0] == 1 and
labels[i+1][0] == 1:
                labels[i][0] = 1
            if labels[i][0] == 1:
                if abs(labels[i][1] - labels[i-1][1]) < 50 or</pre>
abs(labels[i][1] - labels[i+1][1]) < 50:
                    indices x.append(i)
                    x.append(labels[i][1])
                if abs(labels[i][2] - labels[i-1][2]) < 50 or
abs(labels[i][2] - labels[i+1][2]) < 50:</pre>
                    indices y.append(i)
                    y.append(labels[i][2])
        indices x.append(len(labels)-1)
        indices y.append(len(labels)-1)
        x.append(labels[len(labels)-1][1])
        y.append(labels[len(labels)-1][2])
        x = interpld(indices x, x)
        y = interpld(indices y, y)
        indices x = list(filter(lambda x: x not in indices x,
list(range(len(labels)))))
        indices y = list(filter(lambda y: y not in indices y,
list(range(len(labels))))
        for i in indices_x:
            labels[i][1] = float(int(x(i)))
        for i in indices y:
            labels[i][2] = float(int(y(i)))
        return labels
    def predict(self, video clip: np.ndarray, upscale coords=True) ->
np.ndarray:
        Predicts the ball position and probabilities for a video clip.
        :param video clip: The video clip to make predictions on.
        :param upscale coords: Whether to upscale coordinates (for
downscaled input).
        :return: Post-processed labels and predicted probabilities.
        predicted probabilities =
```

```
self. predict probabilities on clip(video clip)
        predicted labels =
self.get_labels_from_prediction(predicted_probabilities,
upscale coords)
        postprocessed labels =
self.postprocess labels(predicted labels)
        return postprocessed labels, predicted probabilities
    def test(self, data_path: Path, game_ids: List[int],
visualize=False, test name='test') -> float:
        Evaluates the model on a set of game clips and computes the
average SIBATRACC score.
        :param data path: Path to the data.
        :param game ids: List of game IDs to evaluate.
        :param visualize: Whether to visualize the predictions.
        :param test name: Name of the test.
        :return: Average SIBATRACC score.
        game_clip_pairs = get_game_clip_pairs(data path, game ids)
        sibatracc_values = []
        for game, clip in game clip pairs:
            clip data = load clip data(data path, game, clip,
downscale=self.downscale factor)
            if visualize:
                full data = load clip_data(data_path, game, clip,
downscale=False) if self.downscale factor else clip data
            labels_gt = load_clip_labels(data path, game, clip,
downscale=False)
            predicted labels, predicted probabilities =
self.predict(clip data)
            sibatracc frame, sibatracc total =
Metrics.evaluate predictions(labels_gt, predicted_labels)
            sibatracc values.append(sibatracc total)
            if visualize:
                visualize_prediction(full_data, predicted_labels,
self.output path, f'{test name} g{game} c{clip}', sibatracc frame)
                visualize prob(clip data, predicted probabilities,
self.output_path, f'{test_name} g{game} c{clip}')
                del full data
            del clip data, labels gt, predicted labels,
predicted probabilities
            qc.collect()
```

```
return sum(sibatracc values) / len(sibatracc values)
    def create unet model(self):
        Creates and returns a U-Net model for frame prediction.
        :return: Compiled Keras U-Net model.
        def double conv block(x, num filters):
            Double convolution block with BatchNormalization.
            :param x: Input tensor.
            :param num_filters: Number of filters for convolutions.
            :return: Output tensor after convolution and
BatchNormalization.
            conv = layers.Conv2D(num filters, (3, 3),
activation="relu", padding="same", kernel_initializer="he_normal",
kernel regularizer=keras.regularizers.12(1e-4)(x)
            conv = layers.BatchNormalization()(conv)
            conv = layers.Conv2D(num filters, (3, 3),
activation="relu", padding="same", kernel initializer="he normal",
kernel regularizer=keras.regularizers.l2(1e-4))(conv)
            conv = layers.BatchNormalization()(conv)
            return conv
        def downsample block(x, num filters):
            Downsampling block that applies convolution followed by
max pooling.
            :param x: Input tensor.
            :param num filters: Number of filters for convolution.
            :return: Output tensors after convolution and max pooling.
            conv = double conv block(x, num filters)
            pool = layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2))(conv)
            pool = layers.Dropout(0.3)(pool)
            return conv, pool
        def upsample block(x, conv, num filters transpose,
num filters conv):
            0.00
            Upsampling block that applies transpose convolution and
concatenates the feature map from the encoder.
            :param x: Input tensor.
            :param conv: Encoder feature map to concatenate.
```

```
:param num filters transpose: Number of filters for
transpose convolution.
            :param num filters conv: Number of filters for
convolution.
            :return: Output tensor after upsampling and convolution.
            up = layers.Conv2DTranspose(num filters transpose, (3, 3),
strides=(2, 2), padding="same")(x)
            up = layers.concatenate([up, conv])
            up = layers.Dropout(0.3)(up)
            conv = double conv block(up, num filters conv)
            return conv
        inputs = keras.Input(shape=(360, 640, 15)) # Input shape
based on stacked frames
        # Downsampling blocks
        conv1, pool1 = downsample block(inputs, 32)
        conv2, pool2 = downsample block(pool1, 64)
        conv3, pool3 = downsample block(pool2, 128)
        # Bottleneck block
        bottleneck = double conv block(pool3, 256)
        # Upsampling blocks
        up5 = upsample block(bottleneck, conv3, 128, 64)
        up6 = upsample block(up5, conv2, 64, 32)
        up7 = upsample block(up6, conv1, 32, 16)
        # Output layer
        outputs = layers.Conv2D(1, (1, 1), activation='sigmoid')(up7)
        model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
        model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=4e-4),
loss="binary crossentropy", metrics=["accuracy"])
        return model
    def train(self, train data, val data):
        Trains the model using the given training and validation data.
        :param train data: Function to load training data.
        :param val data: Function to load validation data.
        print('Starting model training...')
        self.model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=4e-4),
loss=IoU loss, metrics=[IoU])
        best model path = "/kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5"
```

```
model checkpoint = keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
            best model path,
            monitor='val loss',
            mode='auto',
            verbose=1.
            save_best_only=True,
            save weights only=True
        )
        early stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=5,
restore best weights=True)
        lr_scheduler = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss',
factor=0.5, patience=3, min lr=1e-6)
        self.history = self.model.fit(
            train data(self.batch size),
            steps per epoch=150,
            epochs=50,
            callbacks=[model checkpoint, early stopping,
lr scheduler],
            validation data=val data(self.batch size),
            validation steps=50
        print('Training complete.')
output path = prepare experiment(Path('/kaggle/working'))
model = SuperTrackingModel(batch size=4, stack size=5,
output path=output path, downscale factor=True)
model.model.summary()
Model: "functional 2"
  Layer (type)
                            Output Shape
                                                               Param #
  Connected to
  input layer 2
                              (None, 360, 640, 15)
                                                                     0
  (InputLayer)
  conv2d_30 (Conv2D)
                             (None, 360, 640, 32)
                                                                 4,352
  input layer 2[0][0]
```

batch_normalization_28 conv2d_30[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 360, 640, 32)	128
conv2d_31 (Conv2D) batch_normalization_2	(None, 360, 640, 32)	9,248
batch_normalization_29 conv2d_31[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 360, 640, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_6 batch_normalization_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 180, 320, 32)	Θ
dropout_12 (Dropout) max_pooling2d_6[0][0]	(None, 180, 320, 32)	0
conv2d_32 (Conv2D) dropout_12[0][0]	(None, 180, 320, 64)	18,496
batch_normalization_30 conv2d_32[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 180, 320, 64)	256
conv2d_33 (Conv2D) batch_normalization_3	(None, 180, 320, 64)	36,928
batch_normalization_31 conv2d_33[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 180, 320, 64)	256
max_pooling2d_7 batch_normalization_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 90, 160, 64)	0

dropout_13 (Dropout) max_pooling2d_7[0][0]	(None, 90, 160, 64)	0
conv2d_34 (Conv2D) dropout_13[0][0]	(None, 90, 160, 128)	73,856
batch_normalization_32 conv2d_34[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 90, 160, 128)	512
conv2d_35 (Conv2D) batch_normalization_3	(None, 90, 160, 128)	147,584
batch_normalization_33 conv2d_35[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 90, 160, 128)	512
max_pooling2d_8 batch_normalization_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 45, 80, 128) 	Θ
dropout_14 (Dropout) max_pooling2d_8[0][0]	(None, 45, 80, 128)	0
conv2d_36 (Conv2D) dropout_14[0][0]	(None, 45, 80, 256)	295,168
batch_normalization_34 conv2d_36[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 45, 80, 256) 	1,024
conv2d_37 (Conv2D) batch_normalization_3	(None, 45, 80, 256)	590,080

batch_normalization_35 conv2d_37[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 45, 80, 256)	1,024
conv2d_transpose_6 batch_normalization_3 (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 90, 160, 128)	295,040
concatenate_6 conv2d_transpose_6[0] (Concatenate) batch_normalization_3	(None, 90, 160, 256)	0
dropout_15 (Dropout) concatenate_6[0][0]	(None, 90, 160, 256)	0
conv2d_38 (Conv2D) dropout_15[0][0]	(None, 90, 160, 64)	147,520
batch_normalization_36 conv2d_38[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 90, 160, 64) 	256
conv2d_39 (Conv2D) batch_normalization_3	(None, 90, 160, 64)	36,928
batch_normalization_37 conv2d_39[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 90, 160, 64)	256
conv2d_transpose_7 batch_normalization_3 (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 180, 320, 64)	36,928

concatenate_7 conv2d_transpose_7[0] (Concatenate) batch_normalization_3	(None, 180, 320, 128)	Θ
dropout_16 (Dropout) concatenate_7[0][0]	(None, 180, 320, 128)	0
conv2d_40 (Conv2D) dropout_16[0][0]	(None, 180, 320, 32)	36,896
batch_normalization_38 conv2d_40[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 180, 320, 32)	128
conv2d_41 (Conv2D) batch_normalization_3	(None, 180, 320, 32)	9,248
batch_normalization_39 conv2d_41[0][0] (BatchNormalization)	(None, 180, 320, 32)	128
conv2d_transpose_8 batch_normalization_3 (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 360, 640, 32)	9,248
concatenate_8 conv2d_transpose_8[0] (Concatenate) batch_normalization_2	(None, 360, 640, 64)	0
dropout_17 (Dropout) concatenate_8[0][0]	(None, 360, 640, 64)	0
conv2d_42 (Conv2D) dropout_17[0][0]	(None, 360, 640, 16)	9,232

```
batch normalization 40
                             | (None, 360, 640, 16)
                                                                    64
  conv2d 42[0][0]
  (BatchNormalization)
                             (None, 360, 640, 16)
  conv2d 43 (Conv2D)
                                                                 2,320
  batch normalization 4...
                             (None, 360, 640, 16)
  batch normalization 41
                                                                    64
  conv2d 43[0][0]
  (BatchNormalization)
                             (None, 360, 640, 1)
  conv2d 44 (Conv2D)
                                                                    17
  batch normalization 4...
Total params: 1,763,825 (6.73 MB)
Trainable params: 1,761,457 (6.72 MB)
Non-trainable params: 2,368 (9.25 KB)
train gen =
DataGenerator(Path('../input/tennistrackingassignment/train/'), [1, 2,
3, 4, 5, 6], stack s=stack s, downscale=True, pool s=10,
pool update s=4, quiet=True)
val gen =
DataGenerator(Path('../input/tennistrackingassignment/test/'), [1, 2],
stack s=stack s, downscale=True, pool s=4, pool update s=2,
quiet=True)
model.train(train gen.random g, val gen.random g)
Starting model training...
Epoch 1/50
                           — 0s 253ms/step - io u: 0.0035 - loss:
150/150 -
1.1539
Epoch 1: val loss improved from inf to 1.03897, saving model to
/kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5
                            - 108s 361ms/step - io_u: 0.0035 - loss:
150/150 ----
1.1536 - val io u: 0.0014 - val loss: 1.0390 - learning rate: 4.0000e-
04
Epoch 2/50
150/150 -
                            - 0s 268ms/step - io_u: 0.0087 - loss:
```

```
1.0242
Epoch 2: val loss improved from 1.03897 to 1.00050, saving model to
/kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5
                 44s 294ms/step - io_u: 0.0087 - loss:
1.0242 - val io u: 0.0199 - val loss: 1.0005 - learning rate: 4.0000e-
Epoch 3/50
                   _____ 0s 245ms/step - io_u: 0.0244 - loss:
150/150 —
0.9947
Epoch 3: val loss did not improve from 1.00050
150/150 ———— 43s 287ms/step - io u: 0.0245 - loss:
0.9947 - val io u: 0.0050 - val loss: 1.0138 - learning rate: 4.0000e-
04
Epoch 4/50
                  _____ 0s 304ms/step - io_u: 0.0871 - loss:
150/150 —
0.9329
Epoch 4: val loss did not improve from 1.00050
150/150 ———— 49s 329ms/step - io_u: 0.0873 - loss:
0.9327 - val io u: 0.0034 - val loss: 1.0224 - learning rate: 4.0000e-
04
Epoch 5/50
                  Os 245ms/step - io u: 0.2088 - loss:
150/150 —
0.8182
Epoch 5: val loss did not improve from 1.00050
                40s 268ms/step - io u: 0.2089 - loss:
0.8181 - val io u: 8.4844e-11 - val loss: 1.0284 - learning rate:
4.0000e-04
Epoch 6/50
                  Os 245ms/step - io u: 0.2934 - loss:
150/150 —
0.7345
Epoch 6: val loss improved from 1.00050 to 0.82570, saving model to
/kaggle/working/weights_best.weights.h5
150/150 ———— 42s 280ms/step - io u: 0.2935 - loss:
0.7345 - val io u: 0.2014 - val loss: 0.8257 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
04
Epoch 7/50
150/150 ———— Os 281ms/step - io_u: 0.3158 - loss:
0.7110
Epoch 7: val loss improved from 0.82570 to 0.71424, saving model to
/kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5
150/150 ———— 46s 305ms/step - io u: 0.3159 - loss:
0.7109 - val io u: 0.3120 - val loss: 0.7142 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
Epoch 8/50
                  Os 249ms/step - io u: 0.3287 - loss:
150/150 —
0.6975
Epoch 8: val loss improved from 0.71424 to 0.67669, saving model to
/kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5
                 43s 287ms/step - io_u: 0.3287 - loss:
150/150 —
```

```
0.6975 - val io u: 0.3493 - val loss: 0.6767 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
04
Epoch 9/50
           ______ 0s 244ms/step - io_u: 0.3124 - loss:
150/150 ——
0.7135
Epoch 9: val loss did not improve from 0.67669
                40s 268ms/step - io u: 0.3125 - loss:
0.7134 - val io u: 0.1680 - val_loss: 0.8577 - learning_rate: 2.0000e-
04
Epoch 10/50
150/150 ——
                  Os 245ms/step - io u: 0.3307 - loss:
0.6949
Epoch 10: val loss did not improve from 0.67669
                  41s 271ms/step - io_u: 0.3308 - loss:
0.6949 - val io u: 0.3032 - val loss: 0.7222 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
04
Epoch 11/50
                  Os 267ms/step - io_u: 0.3219 - loss:
150/150 ———
0.7034
Epoch 11: val loss improved from 0.67669 to 0.66652, saving model
to /kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5
               44s 293ms/step - io u: 0.3221 - loss:
0.7032 - val io u: 0.3583 - val loss: 0.6665 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
Epoch 12/50
                  _____ 0s 246ms/step - io_u: 0.3486 - loss:
150/150 —
0.6763
Epoch 12: val loss improved from 0.66652 to 0.65495, saving model
to /kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5
             40s 270ms/step - io u: 0.3486 - loss:
150/150 ——
0.6762 - val io u: 0.3699 - val loss: 0.6549 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
04
Epoch 13/50
                  Os 244ms/step - io u: 0.3544 - loss:
150/150 —
0.6703
Epoch 13: val loss did not improve from 0.65495
                  40s 270ms/step - io_u: 0.3544 - loss:
0.6703 - val io u: 0.2413 - val loss: 0.7835 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
04
Epoch 14/50
                  _____ 0s 246ms/step - io_u: 0.3466 - loss:
150/150 ———
0.6781
Epoch 14: val loss improved from 0.65495 to 0.63690, saving model
to /kaggle/working/weights best.weights.h5
150/150 — 41s 271ms/step - io u: 0.3466 - loss:
0.6781 - val_io_u: 0.3876 - val_loss: 0.6369 - learning_rate: 2.0000e-
04
Epoch 15/50
150/150 —
                     ——— 0s 250ms/step - io u: 0.3552 - loss:
```

```
0.6692
Epoch 15: val loss did not improve from 0.63690
150/150 ———— 41s 274ms/step - io_u: 0.3552 - loss:
0.6692 - val io u: 0.3670 - val loss: 0.6571 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
Epoch 16/50
                  _____ 0s 244ms/step - io_u: 0.3544 - loss:
150/150 ——
0.6696
Epoch 16: val loss did not improve from 0.63690
             40s 267ms/step - io u: 0.3545 - loss:
0.6696 - val io u: 0.3176 - val loss: 0.7061 - learning rate: 2.0000e-
Epoch 17/50
                  Os 244ms/step - io u: 0.3385 - loss:
150/150 ——
0.6852
Epoch 17: val loss did not improve from 0.63690
                   40s 267ms/step - io u: 0.3386 - loss:
0.6851 - val_io_u: 0.2110 - val_loss: 0.8127 - learning_rate: 2.0000e-
Epoch 18/50
               _____ 0s 256ms/step - io_u: 0.3700 - loss:
150/150 —
0.6536
Epoch 18: val loss did not improve from 0.63690
                   43s 290ms/step - io u: 0.3700 - loss:
0.6536 - val_io_u: 0.3413 - val_loss: 0.6820 - learning_rate: 1.0000e-
04
Epoch 19/50
              ______ 0s 245ms/step - io_u: 0.3708 - loss:
150/150 ——
0.6525
Epoch 19: val loss did not improve from 0.63690
150/150 ———— 40s 269ms/step - io u: 0.3709 - loss:
0.6525 - val_io_u: 0.0053 - val_loss: 1.0179 - learning_rate: 1.0000e-
04
Training complete.
```

Пример пайплайна для тестирования обученной модели:

```
import os
print(os.path.exists('/kaggle/working/weights.h5'))

True

batch_s = 4
stack_s = 5
downscale_factor = True
output_path = prepare_experiment(Path('/kaggle/working'))
new_model = SuperTrackingModel(batch_s, stack_s,
output_path=output_path, downscale_factor=downscale_factor)
new_model.load_model()
```

```
sibatracc final =
new model.test(Path('../input/tennistrackingassignment/test/'), [1,2],
visualize=True, test name='test')
print(f'SiBaTrAcc final value: {sibatracc final}')
Loading model weights...
Downloading...
From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=19164a9zAlKHIJGlmapeC0z nhI9YNzsM
To: /kaggle/working/weights.h5
100%| 21.3M/21.3M [00:00<00:00, 92.2MB/s]
Loading model done.
loading clip data (game 1, clip 1) downscaled
loading clip data (game 1, clip 1)
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 1)
Making predictions...
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                       1s 854ms/step
                       0s 32ms/step
1/1 —
                Os 24ms/step
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                       - Os 32ms/step
1/1 —
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                         - 0s 24ms/step
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                       0s 24ms/step
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 1, clip 2) downscaled
loading clip data (game 1, clip 2)
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 2)
Making predictions...
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Os 24ms/step
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      1/1
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      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
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      0s 24ms/step

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      0s 24ms/step

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      0s 24ms/step

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      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

 Predictions are done.
 perfoming clip visualization
 loading clip data (game 1, clip 3) downscaled
 loading clip data (game 1, clip 3)
 loading clip labels (game 1, clip 3)
 Making predictions...

      Making predictions...
      0s 26ms/step

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      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 24ms/step

      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

 Predictions are done.
 perfoming clip visualization
 loading clip data (game 1, clip 4) downscaled
 loading clip data (game 1, clip 4)
 loading clip labels (game 1, clip 4)

      Making predictions...
      0s 26ms/step

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      0s 25ms/step

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      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 24ms/step

      1/1
      0s 24ms/step

      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 24ms/step

 Making predictions...
 Predictions are done.
 perfoming clip visualization
 loading clip data (game 1, clip 5) downscaled
 loading clip data (game 1, clip 5)
```

loading clip labels (game	e 1, clip 5)
Making predictions	
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1/1	Ac 25mc/ctan
1/1	Ac 25mc/ctan
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1/1	US 25ms/step
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Predictions are done.	
perfoming clip visualiza	tion
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Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 1, clip 7) downscaled
```

```
loading clip data (game 1, clip 7)
loading clip labels (game 1, clip 7)
Making predictions...
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                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
```

1/1 ———	0s 24ms/step
Predictions are done.	
perfoming clip visualiza	tion
loading clip data (game	
loading clip data (game)	
·	·
loading clip labels (game	e 1, C(1p 8)
Making predictions	0 35 / 1
1/1	US 25ms/step
1/1	Os 25ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 1/1 1/1	0s 25ms/step
1/1 ———	0s 26ms/step
1/1 ———	0s 29ms/step
1/1 ———	
1/1 ———	0s 25ms/step
1/1	Os 27ms/step
1 / 1	Oc 3Fmc/c+on
1/1 —	Os 25ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1	Os 25ms/step
1/1 ———	As 26ms/step
1/1 —	As 25ms/step
1/1	As 2/ms/step
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1 1/1 1/1	05 25m5/5tep
1/1	US 24mS/STEP
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 25ms/step
1/1 ———	
1/1 —	
	0s 25ms/step
1/1 ———	0s 24ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 1/1 ————————————————————————————————	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 25ms/step
	Os 24ms/step
1/1	Os 37ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	As 24ms/sten
1/1	As 24ms/sten
1/1	Ac 2/ms/step
	·
1/1	0s 24ms/step

1/1 ———	0s 24ms/step
1/1 ———	0s 24ms/step
1/1	Os 25ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/sten
1/1	Os 25ms/step
1/1 —	Ac 28mc/step
1/1 —	Os 26ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	0s 25ms/step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1 ———	Os 24ms/step
1/1	0s 26ms/step
1/1	0s 25ms/step
1/1 —	0s 25ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1	0s 25ms/step
1/1 ————	Os 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1 ————	0s 24ms/sten
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 ———	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/stop
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1	As 24ms/step
1/1 —	Ac 2/mc/ctan
1/1 —	Ac 2/mc/stan
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1	
1/1	Os 25ms/step
1/1 —	US 25ms/step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1	Os 25ms/step
1/1 ———	Os 24ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 ———	0s 24ms/step

1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1	As 23ms/stan
1/1	Os 2/ms/step
1/1	. Oc 25mc/ctop
1/1 ———————————————————————————————————	05 25ms/step
1/1	US 25ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 —	As 25ms/step
1/1 —	Os 2/ms/step
1/1	. Oc. 24ms/step
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	05 24m5/Step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 ———————————————————————————————————	· 0s 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1	Os 23ms/sten
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1	As 23ms/s+op
1/1	Ac 23ms/step
1/1	. Oc 2/mc/stop
1/1	. Oc 2/mc/stop
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	0s 25ms/step
1/1	os zoms/step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 23ms/step
1/1	
1/1 —	
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 25ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1	As 2/ms/sten
1/1	As 2/ms/step
1/1	. As 2/ms/step
1/1	05 24m3/5tep
1/1	US ZOMS/Step
1/1	US Z4MS/STEP
1/1	US Z3ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step

```
1/1 -
                                - 0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
                                - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                                0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
                                  0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                                  0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                                  0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                                - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                                0s 24ms/step
                                - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                                0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                               0s 23ms/step
                                - 0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
                                - Os 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 ——
                               0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                                - 0s 24ms/step
                              — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
1/1 — US 25m5/3tcp
1/1 — Os 25ms/step
1/1 — Os 31ms/step
1/1 — Os 25ms/step
1/1 — Os 25ms/step
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 1) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 1)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 1)
Making predictions...
1/1 ______ 0s 26ms/step
1/1 _____ 0s 24ms/step
1/1 _____ 0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 24ms/step

      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 25ms/step

      1/1
      0s 26ms/step

1/1 -
                               - 0s 24ms/step
                              ─ 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                               - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
                               - 0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                                0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                                0s 24ms/step
1/1 ——
                               — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                               - 0s 24ms/step
                             — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
       0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 ——
1/1 -
1/1 -
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 2) downscaled
```

```
loading clip data (game 2, clip 2)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 2)
Making predictions...
1/1 — 03 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                        0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 —
                        - 0s 24ms/step
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 35ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 ---
                        0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 33ms/step
                        - 0s 27ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 —
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                        - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
```

```
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                       - 0s 23ms/step
1/1 —
                      0s 25ms/step
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 ——
                      — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      0s 24ms/step
     1/1 —
1/1 ______ 0s 24ms/step
1/1 _____ 0s 25ms/step
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 3) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 3)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 3)
Making predictions...
                      - 0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                      - 0s 25ms/step
                    — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 ——
1/1 -
                      0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                     — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      0s 24ms/step
                       - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
                      - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                       - Os 24ms/step
                       - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - Os 25ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
```

1/1 ———	0s 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/sten
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	05 24 (Step
1/1 —	US 24ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1 ————	0s 24ms/sten
1/1	Os 2/ms/sten
1/1 —	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 —	Os 2/ms/step
1/1	05 24ms/step
1/1	05 24m5/5tep
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1 ———	Os 25ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1 ————	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/sten
1/1	Ac 20mc/ctan
1/1	05 25ms/step
1/1 ———————————————————————————————————	05 ZJIIIS/Step
1/1 —	US 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 23ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 23ms/step
1/1 ———	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 —	Os 24ms/sten
1/1	Os 24ms/ston
1/1	Os 2/ms/step
1/1	05 25ms/step
1/1	05 25m5/5tep
1/1	US ZOMS/STEP
1/1	Os 26ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1	0s 25ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 —	
1/1	
1/1	US 24ms/Step
1/1	US 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 25ms/step
1/1	0s 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1	Os 24ms/sten
1/1 —	Ac 2/mc/cton
1/1	05 24ms/5tcp
1/1	05 24ms/5tep
1/1	US 24MS/STEP
1/1 —	Os 24ms/step
1/1 —	0s 24ms/step

```
1/1 -
                      0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                       0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                      - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                       0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      - 0s 24ms/step
                      - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                      - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                     - 0s 24ms/step
                      - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      - Os 25ms/step
1/1 -
     1/1 ———
1/1 -
                     - 0s 24ms/step
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 4) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 4)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 4)
Making predictions...
1/1 —
     0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
                     - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 —
1/1 —
              0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
1/1 -
                     - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                     - 0s 25ms/step
                     - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                     0s 25ms/step
1/1 —
     Os 24ms/step
1/1 —
                     - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                     — 0s 27ms/step
1/1 -
                     - 0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                     - 0s 25ms/step
                     - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
                     0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                      0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                      0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                     - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                     - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                     0s 24ms/step
                     - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                  —— Os 24ms/step
1/1 ----
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
```

```
loading clip data (game 2, clip 5) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 5)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 5)
Making predictions...
1/1 -
                        - 0s 25ms/step
                    Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 26ms/step
                          0s 30ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                        0s 24ms/step
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 ——
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 ---
                        0s 27ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 —
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                         - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 —
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
                        - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                          0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 29ms/step
```

```
1/1 -
                         0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 25ms/step
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                        - 0s 24ms/step
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 ——
                        0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 26ms/step
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
                        - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                       — 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                       — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       — 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                      0s 24ms/step
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 6) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 6)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 6)
Making predictions...
1/1 —
                        - 0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                        0s 26ms/step
1/1 —
                       - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       - 0s 24ms/step
                        - 0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        - 0s 25ms/step
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        - 0s 25ms/step
                        - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
```

```
1/1 -
                    0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                    - 0s 24ms/step
                    - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
                    Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                    - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                    - 0s 24ms/step
     0s 25m3, 3tep
0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
1/1 -
1/1 -
                 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 7) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 7)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 7)
Making predictions...
1/1 — 0s 26ms/step
      0s 25ms/step
0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 —
            0s 24ms/step
     0s 24ms/step
0s 25ms/step
0s 25ms/step
0s 24ms/step
1/1 ———
1/1 -
1/1 ———
1/1 —
       05 24ms/step
1/1 —
     0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
      0s 25ms/step
1/1 —
     1/1 -
1/1 —
1/1 —
1/1 -
1/1 —
                 Os 25ms/step
                    - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                 Os 24ms/step
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 8) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 8)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 8)
Making predictions...
```

```
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 26ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 27ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                       0s 25ms/step
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
loading clip data (game 2, clip 9) downscaled
loading clip data (game 2, clip 9)
loading clip labels (game 2, clip 9)
Making predictions...
1/1 -
                         - 0s 25ms/step
                        - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                         0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - Os 24ms/step
                         - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                         - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
                        0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                         - Os 24ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
                          0s 23ms/step
1/1 -
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                         - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 24ms/step
1/1 -
                          0s 25ms/step
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    0s 25ms/step

1/1 —
1/1 -
                         - Os 25ms/step
                         - Os 24ms/step
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                         - 0s 24ms/step
1/1 —
                         - 0s 25ms/step
1/1 -
                         0s 23ms/step
                         Os 30ms/step
1/1 -
Predictions are done.
perfoming clip visualization
SiBaTrAcc final value: 0.8040075067893744
```

Во время самостоятельного тестирования попробуйте хотя бы раз сделать тестирование с визуализацией (do_visualization=True), чтобы визуально оценить качество трекинга разработанной моделью.

Загрузка модели через функцию load должна происходить полностью автоматически без каких-либо действий со стороны пользователя! Один из вариантов подобной реализации с использованием google drive и пакета gdown приведен в разделе с дополнениями.

Дополнения

Иногда при записи большого количества файлов в output директорию kaggle может "тупить" и не отображать корректно структуру дерева файлов в output и не показывать кнопки для скачивания выбранного файла. В этом случае удобно будет запаковать директорию с экспериментом и выкачать ее вручную. Пример для выкачивания директории с первым экспериментом приведен ниже:

```
%cd /kaggle/working/
!zip -r "exp.zip" "exp_6"
from IPython.display import FileLink
FileLink(r'exp.zip')
/kaggle/working
  adding: exp_6/ (stored 0%)
/kaggle/working/exp.zip
```

удалить лишние директории или файлы в output тоже легко:

```
!rm -r /kaggle/working/loaded_weights.h5
```

Для реализации загрузки данных рекомендуется использовать облачное xpaнилище google drive и пакет gdown для скачивания файлов. Пример подобного использования приведен ниже:

- 1. загружаем файл в google drive (в данном случае, это npz архив, содержащий один numpy массив по ключу 'w')
- 2. в интерфейсе google drive открываем доступ на чтение к файлу по ссылке и извлекаем из ссылки id файла
- 3. формируем url для скачивания файла
- 4. с помощью gdown скачиваем файл
- 5. распаковываем при архив и пользуемся питру массивом

Обратите внимание, что для корректной работы нужно правильно определить id файла. В частности, в ссылке https://drive.google.com/file/d/1kZ8CC-zfkB_TlwtBjuPcEfsPV0Jz7IPA/view?usp=sharing id файла заключен между ...d/ b /view?... и равен 1kZ8CC-zfkB_TlwtBjuPcEfsPV0Jz7IPA

```
import gdown

id = 'lkZ8CC-zfkB_TlwtBjuPcEfsPV0Jz7IPA'
url = f'https://drive.google.com/uc?id={id}'
output = 'sample-weights.npz'
gdown.download(url, output, quiet=False)

import numpy as np

weights = np.load('/kaggle/working/sample-weights.npz')['w']
print(weights)
```