## 2019-01-31 Lab 3

## Contents

- Exercise: Babel
- Exercise: Entropy in Moby Dick
- HomeworkFiles

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<ul> <li>Discuss how you would build a simple Babel (Baby Babel) library in code.</li> <li>A simple library is one with a small number of characters and small messages, e.g. 5 characters and messages of length 6</li> </ul>
Observe example of how to generate Baby Babel as a permutation space (sample space).
<ul> <li>Discuss how you would create a Babel library with full vocabulary (Big Babel).</li> <li>Remember – the permutation space is a function of the alphabet size and message length.</li> </ul>
Observe example of how Big Babel might be built.
<ul> <li>Discuss how you would improve the performance of Big Babel by adding a language model.</li> <li>By performance, we mean the ability to generate English looking messages.</li> </ul>
Observe example of applying language model to Big Babel.
Exercise: Entropy in Moby Dick
How might we use entropy to detect stop-words in Moby Dick?
Observe example of how we create a vocabulary table from the tokens table.
Observe example of how we compute an estimate of the entropy of the words in the text.
Homework
<ul> <li>Using either Spyder or Jupyter, write a script following the Pandas method to generate a Babel library permutation space with the following parameters:</li> <li>Use the Simple Polynesian alphabet (as found in the Schütz and Manning reading.)</li> <li>Use a message length of 7.</li> </ul>
Using the unigram term frequencies in that reading as weights, write a simple text generator from the Babel library you just created.
Submit your source code to the appropriate Assignment in Collab.

## Files

- babel.ipynbmoby3.ipynb