

3. As what datatype are the *args stored, when passed into
a> Tuple

4.
set1 = {14, 3, 55}
set2 = {82, 49, 62}
set3={99,22,17}
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))

d> Error

5. What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions
a> raise

6. Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?
c> datetime

7. What will be the output of the following code snippet?
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))

a>208

8. Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?
a>Strptime

9. The python tuple is _____ in nature
b>immutable

10. The ____ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.
a>range

11. Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

c>lamda Function

12. The module Pickle is used to ____.
c> A& B both

13. Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

b.dump()method

14. Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

a>load()

15. A text file contains only textual information consisting of ____.
a>Alphabets

17. Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?
d>

```
captains = {}
```

18. Now you have your empty dictionary named `captains`. It's time to add some data! Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs `"Enterprise": "Picard"`, `"Voyager": "Janeway"`, and `"Defiant": "Sisko"`.

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing `captains` dictionary?

```
c>
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
}
```

19. You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
    "Discovery": "unknown",
}
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

```
b>
```

```
for ship, captain in captains.items():
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

20. You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a `for` loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
    "Discovery": "unknown",
}
```

```
c) del captains["Discovery"]
```

16. Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

```
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
}
Enterprise Picard,
Voyager Janeway
```

Defiant Sisko

d> both a and b

2.

```
numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)
print(type(even_numbers))
```

b> Filter

1.

What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)
print(func(30, 75))
```

c>15