## Rotate Linked List K places <a href="LeetCode">LeetCode</a>

Implement a program to rotate a singly linked list by 'k' positions in a clockwise direction. Given a linked list and a positive integer 'k', perform the rotation and print the resulting linked list.

Example:

Input:

Linked List: 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5 -> 6 -> 7 -> 8

k = 6

Output:

Linked List after rotating 6 places: 3 -> 4 -> 5 -> 6 -> 7 -> 8 -> 1 -> 2

## Approach 1: Function to rotate the linked list by 'k' positions

- 1. Calculate the length of the linked list.
- 2. Normalize 'k' to a value less than the length. If 'k' is greater than or equal to the length, calculate 'k' modulo length.
- 3. If 'k' becomes zero or negative, no rotation is needed. Return the original head.
- 4. Traverse the linked list to the position (length k) to find the new head after rotation.
- 5. Update the pointers to perform the rotation and return the new head.
- 6. Time Complexity:
  - Calculating the length: O(n)
  - Traversing to the new head: O(n)
  - Total time complexity: O(n)
- 7. Space Complexity:
  - Additional space used for pointers and variables: O(1)
  - The overall space complexity is O(1).