## Wave Print Problem Matrix CodeStudio

Given a matrix of integers, you need to perform a wave print of the matrix. A wave print is obtained by traversing the matrix in a zigzag pattern, starting from the top-left element and alternating the traversal direction for each column.

## Initial Matrix:

- $\downarrow$   $\uparrow$   $\downarrow$
- 13 34 33
- $\downarrow$   $\uparrow$   $\downarrow$
- 39 54 11
- $\downarrow$   $\uparrow$   $\downarrow$
- 18 22 27

## Wave Print:

$$13 \rightarrow 39 \rightarrow 18 \rightarrow 22 \rightarrow 54 \rightarrow 34 \rightarrow 33 \rightarrow 11 \rightarrow 27$$

## Function to perform wave print of the matrix

- The wavePrint function takes the matrix, the number of rows, and the number of columns as input and returns a vector ans containing the elements in wave print order.
- The function initializes an empty vector **ans** with enough space to store all the elements in the matrix.
- It then uses a nested loop to traverse the matrix. For each column, it checks if the column index is odd or even using the bitwise & operation (c & 1).
- If the column index is odd, it traverses the column in an upward direction, starting from the last row and moving towards the first row.
- If the column index is even, it traverses the column in a downward direction, starting from the first row and moving towards the last row.
- During the traversal, it stores the elements in the **ans** vector using the **index** variable to keep track of the current position.
- Finally, it returns the **ans** vector containing the wave print elements.

Time Complexity: The time complexity of the code is O(rows \* cols) as it needs to visit each element in the matrix once.

Space Complexity: The space complexity is O(rows \* cols) as it creates a vector to store the wave print elements, which can hold at most rows \* cols elements.