# 17CS2009 Database Systems Lab

Ex. No:9 Date:3/10/2019

#### Ex. No. 9 PROCEDURES AND FUNCTIONS

### Aim:

To write procedures and functions in sql.

## **Description:**

A procedures or function is a group or set of SQL and PL/SQL statements that perform a specific task."

A function and procedure is a named PL/SQL Block which is similar. The major difference between a procedure and a function is, a function must always return a value, but a procedure may or may not return a value.

## Questions:

Create the following tables

Course(coursecode,coursename,syllabus,lastno)

Insert the values into course table

<10, 'oracle', 'sql', 2>

<20, 'java', 'java servlets', 2>

Feespaid(rollno,feespaiddate,chequeno,bankname,remarks,amount)

<10001,'25-jul-98',12345,'',20000>

<10002,'27-jul-15',12789,'',25000>

<10003,'2-oct-16',13456,'',35000>

Enquiry(enquiryno,name,coursecode,street,city,enquirydate,refcode)

<1100011,anil,10,ramnagar,Nagpur,01-jul-98,1001>

<1100012,achin,20,gandhinagar,Nagpur,01-sep-99,1002>

Enrollment(rollno,enquiryno,batchcode,enrollmentdate)

<20002001,10001,200200,'1-jul-98'>

<20002003,10002,200202,'03-aug-17'>

<20002001,10003,200203,'02-sep-99'>

1. Write a PL/SQL statement to fetch the salary of employee ANIL and calculate the grade according to its value. [condn: if the salary is less than 1000 print the grade as A/ if the salary is less than 2000 print the grade as B/ if the salary is less than 3000 print the grade as C/ if the salary is less than 4000 print the grade as D]

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```
SQL>
        declare
   23
        a number;
        begin
   45678
        select salary into a
        from emp_company_cs076
        where ename='anil';
        if(a<1000) then
        dbms_output.put_line('Grade A');
        elsif(a<2000) then
  10
        dbms_output.put_line('Grade B');
        elsif(a<3000) then
  11
  12
        dbms_output.put_line('Grade C');
  13
        else
  14
        dbms_output.put_line('Grade D');
  15
        end if;
  16
        end;
  17
 Grade B
 PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
 2. Write a procedure to calculate the coursename corresponding to the course code.
SQL>
      declare
      a number;
  3
      b varchar2(20);
  45678
      begin
      select coursename into b
      from course
      where coursecode='&a';
      dbms_output.put_line(b);
      end;
10
Enter value for a: 10
           where coursecode='&a';
o 1d
      7:
           where coursecode='10';
new
oracle
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

3. Display coursename by considering the exception. If the given coursecode is not found, then raise an exception that course name is not available.

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```
SQL> declare a number;
     b varchar2(20);
  3
     begin
     select coursename into b
     from course
     where coursecode='&a';
     exception
     when
     no_data_found then
 10
     dbms_output.put_line('no data found');
 11
     when
 12
     others then
     dbms_output.put_line('error');
 14
     end;
 15
Enter value for a: 10
      6: where coursecode='&a';
o ld
      6: where coursecode='10';
new
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

4. Write a function to calculate total amount collected.

```
SQL> declare
2 a number;
3 begin
4 select sum(amount) into a
5 from feespaid;
6 dbms_output.put_line(a);
7 end;
8 /
80000

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

5. Display the number of enquiries for a specified advertisement code.

```
SQL> declare
  2
     a number;
     b number;
     begin
     select count(enquiryno) into a
     from enquiry
     where refcode='&b';
  8
     dbms_output.put_line(a);
  9
     end:
 10
Enter value for b: 1001
      7: where refcode='&b';
      7: where refcode='1001';
new
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
6. Write a function to calculate the total fees paid by a particular student.
SQL>
      create or replace function fun1
  23
      return number
  4
      x number:=0;
  5
6
7
      begin
      select sum(amount) into x
      from feespaid
      where rollno='&b';
      return x;
 10
      end;
 11
Enter value for b: 10001
o 1d
      8:
           where rollno='&b';
           where rollno='10001';
new
Function created.
SQL>
      declare
  2
3
      a number;
      begin
  4
      a:=fun1();
      dbms_output.put_line(a);
      end;
20000
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
Result:
```

The above queries have been executed and the results have been verified.