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## \* SEIKO Implementation Workplan \*

Task: Picking & Stacking of objects using SEIKO algorithm.

Bots: 2 Interbotix vx300s

Tech Stack: Python, qpsolvers (quadratic programming)  
pinocchio (Rigid Body Kinematics)  
rospy (Ros 2 Communication)  
numpy (Calculation for matrix operations)

### Optimization

problem :-

$$\min_{\Delta q} \frac{1}{2} \Delta q^T H \Delta q + g^T \Delta q$$

Subject to  $q_{\min} \leq q_{\text{current}} + \Delta q \leq q_{\max}$  (Joint limits)  
 $-\dot{q}_{\max} \Delta t \leq \Delta q \leq \dot{q}_{\max} \Delta t$

parameters:  $\Delta q \rightarrow$  change in joint angles

$H \rightarrow$  Hessian matrix ( $H = J^T J + \lambda I$ )

$J \rightarrow$  Jacobian matrix

$I \rightarrow$  Identity matrix

$\lambda \rightarrow$  Smoothness factor

$g \rightarrow$  gradient

' $\lambda$ ' decides smoothness of motion.

## \* Implementation \*

Step-1 → Creation of file handling physical math for calculation of Jacobian, manipulability index & forward kinematics (FK)  
→ Should return values of the joint limits.

Step-2 → Defining a file class (Seiko Solver).  
Input: Current state ( $q$ )  
Target position ( $n_{\text{target}}$ )  
Jacobian ( $J$ )

Compute error between current pose & target pose. Let it be  $v_i$

Construct matrix  $H = J^T \cdot J + \lambda$

Construct gradient  $g = -J^T v_i$

Defining inequality constraints based on joint limits

C.e.g: If approaching singularity,  $\Delta q$  must stop from hitting it).

Solve QP: use `qpSolver`. This will give  $\Delta q$ .

expected output: Should give next joint position  $q_{\text{next}} = q_{\text{current}} + \Delta q$   
(Note: leftsolver for left arm & rightsolver for right arm to synchronise bimanual control).



### Step 3 : Creation of Ros2 node

- Creating a separate file to subscribe to the joint states of Vn300s hardware joints.
- Loading the urdf file (Robotmodel) & SeikoSolver from Step 2.

expected workflow: The Subscriber (Ros2 node) must listen to Vn300s joint states to get the real hardware's Current  $q$ .

- Get current  $q$
- Define target\_pose (Coordinates of object)
- Run SeikoSolver (Step 2)
- Publish next set of  $q$  to the Vn300s joint states.

execute step 3 in loop  
(50Hz since all scripts run  
at 50Hz)

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