Hausaufgaben zum 7. 12. 2012

Tronje Krabbe 6435002, The-Vinh Jackie Huynh 6388888, Arne Struck 6326505

25. Dezember 2012

1.

a)

$$f(x) = (x_3 \vee \overline{x_2}) \wedge (x_2 \vee \overline{x_1})$$

| x_1 | x_2 | $ x_3 $ | $\int f(x)$ |
|-------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | $\mid 1 \mid$ | 1 |

- \Rightarrow **KNF:** $(x_1 \lor \overline{x_2} \lor x_3) \land (\overline{x_1} \lor x_2 \lor x_3) \land (\overline{x_1} \lor \overline{x_2} \lor x_3) \land (\overline{x_1} \lor x_2 \lor \overline{x_3})$
- \Rightarrow **DNF:** $(\overline{x_1} \land \overline{x_2} \land \overline{x_3}) \lor (\overline{x_1} \land \overline{x_2} \land x_3) \lor (\overline{x_1} \land x_2 \land x_3) \lor (x_1 \land x_2 \land x_3)$
- \Rightarrow **RMF:** $1 \oplus x_2 \oplus x_1 \oplus x_3x_2 \oplus x_2x_1$

b)

$$g(x) = \overline{x_3} \oplus \overline{x_1}$$

| x_1 | $ x_2 $ | $ x_3 $ | f(x) |
|-------|---------|---------------|------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | $\mid 1 \mid$ | 0 |

$$\Rightarrow$$
 KNF: $(x_1 \lor x_2 \lor x_3) \land (x_1 \lor \overline{x_2} \lor x_3) \land (\overline{x_1} \lor x_2 \lor \overline{x_3}) \land (\overline{x_1} \lor \overline{x_2} \lor \overline{x_3})$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 DNF: $(\overline{x_1} \wedge \overline{x_2} \wedge x_3) \vee (x_1 \wedge \overline{x_2} \wedge \overline{x_3}) \vee (\overline{x_1} \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3) \vee (x_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3)$

2.

a)

Sei $\overline{\wedge}$ die Schreibweise für NAND:

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c} x & \overline{x} & x \wedge x & x \overline{\wedge} x \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \end{array} \Rightarrow \overline{x} = x \overline{\wedge} x$$

| x | y | $x \wedge y$ | $x \overline{\wedge} y$ | $(x \overline{\wedge} y) \overline{\wedge} (x \overline{\wedge} y)$ | |
|---|---|--------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\Rightarrow x \land y = (x \overline{\land} y) \overline{\land} (x \overline{\land} y) \stackrel{*}{=}$ |
| 1 | 0 | 0 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |

^{*} Da die Negation bereits gezeigt wurde, ist dieser Umformungsschritt legitim.

| \boldsymbol{x} | y | $x \vee y$ | $x \overline{\wedge} x$ | $y \overline{\wedge} y$ | $(x \overline{\wedge} x) \overline{\wedge} (y \overline{\wedge} y)$ | |
|------------------|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | $\Rightarrow x \vee y = (x \overline{\wedge} x) \overline{\wedge} (y \overline{\wedge} y)$ |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 1 1 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |

 $[\]Rightarrow$ **RMF:** $x_3 \oplus x_1$

b)

$$f(x_3, x_2, x_1) = (\overline{x_3} \wedge (\overline{x_2} \vee x_1)) \vee (x_1 \wedge (\overline{x_2} \vee x_1))$$

$$= (\overline{x_2} \vee x_1) \wedge (\overline{x_3} \vee x_1)$$

$$= x_1 \wedge (\overline{x_2} \vee \overline{x_3})$$

$$= x_1 \wedge (x_2 \overline{\wedge} x_3)$$

$$= (x_1 \overline{\wedge} (x_2 \overline{\wedge} x_3)) \overline{\wedge} (x_1 \overline{\wedge} (x_2 \overline{\wedge} x_3))$$

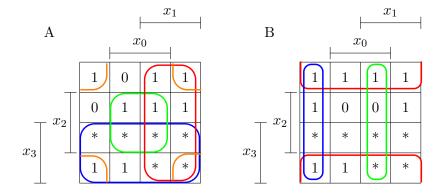
3.

a)

| | $ x_3 $ | $ x_2 $ | $ x_1 $ | x_0 | A | В |
|---|---------|---------|---------|-------|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

В

b)



$$A(x) = x_3 \lor x_1 \lor (x_2 \land x_0) \lor (\overline{x_2} \land \overline{x_0})$$

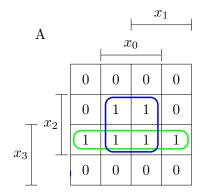
$$B(x) = \overline{x_2} \lor (\overline{x_1} \land \overline{x_0}) \lor (x_1 \land x_0)$$

4.

a)

| | 1 | | | | 1 |
|------------------|-------|--|--|---|---|
| | x_3 | x_2 | x_1 | x_0 | y |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 3 4 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | 0 |
| 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$ | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 7 8 9 | 0 | 1 | 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 1 | $\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$ | 0 | 1 0 | 0 |
| 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | $\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$ | 0 |
| 11 | 1 | 0 | $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ | 1 | 0 |
| 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ | 1 |
| 15 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

b)& c)



$$y = (x_3 \land x_2) \lor (x_0 \land x_2)$$

d)

